

Accounting Tax Business Consulting

### TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

**JUNE 30, 2016** 

# TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2016

	Independent Auditors' Report Management's Discussion and Analysis	1-3 4-10
Exhibit	_	
	Basic Financial Statements:	
	Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
1	Statement of Net Position	11
II	Statement of Activities	12
	Fund Financial Statements:	
III	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	13-14
IV	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	15-16
V	Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	17
VI	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position -	18
VII	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	19
VIII	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	20
IX	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	21
	Notes to the Financial Statements	22-58
	Required Supplementary Information	
RSI-1	General Fund - Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources -	
	Budget and Actual	59-61
RSI-2	General Fund - Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses -	
	Budget and Actual	62-64
RSI-3a	Police Pension Trust Fund - Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and	
	Related Ratios	65
RSI-3b	Volunteer Fire Department Pension Trust Fund - Schedule of Changes in Net	66
	Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
RSI-4a	Police Pension Trust Fund - Schedule of Employer Contributions	67
RSI-4b	Volunteer Fire Department Pension Trust Fund - Schedule of Employer Contributions	68
RSI-5a	Police Pension Trust Fund - Schedule of Investment Returns	69
RSI-5b	Volunteer Fire Department Pension Trust Fund - Schedule of Investment Returns	70
RSI-6	Teachers Retirement Plan - Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the	70
1101-0	Net Pension Liability	71
RSI-7	Municipal Employees Retirement System - Schedule of Employer Contributions	71
RSI-8	Municipal Employees Retirement System - Schedule of the Town's Proportionate	12
	Share of the Net Pension Liability	73

	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
	General Fund:	
A-1	Comparative Balance Sheet	74
A-2	Report of Tax Collector	75
A-3	Combining Balance Sheet	76
A-4	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
	Balances	77
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
B-1	Combining Balance Sheet	78-80
B-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
	Fund Balances	81-83
	Internal Service Fund:	
C-1	Combining Statement of Net Position	84
C-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	85
C-3	Combining Statement of Cash Flows	86
	Trust Funds:	
D-1	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	87
D-2	Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position	88
	Agency Funds:	
Е	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	89-90
	Long-Term Debt:	
F	Statement of Debt Limitation	01

Tel 860.561.4000 Fax 860.521.9241



#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Finance Town of Branford, Connecticut

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Branford, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Branford, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Branford, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2016 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Prior Period Adjustment**

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, a prior period adjustment was made to the State of Connecticut Municipal Employees Retirement System to change the method of accounting for receivables and the Town recognized the amount payable to the System for prior service costs. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 10, the budgetary comparison information on pages 59 through 64 and the pension schedules on pages 65 through 73 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Branford, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statement of the Town of Branford, Connecticut as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated December 24, 2015, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. accompanying General Fund balance sheet as of June 30, 2015 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2015 financial statements. The accompanying General Fund balance sheet has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2015 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the General Fund balance sheet is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2016 on our consideration of the Town of Branford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Branford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut December 27, 2016

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

#### TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

This discussion and analysis of the Town of Branford, Connecticut's (the Town) financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX. All amounts in this MD&A are expressed in thousands unless otherwise noted.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net position of our governmental activities increased by \$12,949.
- During the year, the Town had expenses that were \$12,949 less than the \$125,851 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs.
- Total cost of all of the Town's programs was \$112,902 with no major programs added this year. The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$24,618.
- The resources available for appropriation were \$2,539 more than budgeted for the General Fund. Expenditures were \$1,878 less than budgeted.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits III to IX. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the Town as a whole begins on Exhibits I and II. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in them. The Town's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the Town's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Town reports its activities:

 Governmental activities - The Town's basic services are reported here, including education, public safety, public works and highway, parks, recreation and libraries, health and human services, pension and insurance, and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the Town establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (like the Sewer Assessment Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (like grants received from the State of Connecticut). The Town's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

- Governmental funds (Exhibits III and IV) Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds (Exhibits V, VI and VII) When the Town charges customers for the services it
  provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are generally
  reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are
  reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Internal service funds (a
  component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the
  Town's other programs and activities such as the Town's Workers' Compensation Fund, Heart and
  Hypertension Fund and Medical Fund.
- Fiduciary funds (Exhibits VIII and IX) The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plan. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

The Town's combined net position increased from a year ago, increasing from \$131,488 to \$144,436. The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental activities.

## TABLE 1 NET POSITION

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>								
	2015 as								
Current assets	\$ 84,358 \$ 82,082								
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	130,080_ 129,396								
Total assets	214,438 211,478								
Deferred outflows of resources	6,421 4,031								
Long-term debt outstanding	62,912_ 66,614								
Other liabilities	6,353 6,986								
Total liabilities	69,265 73,600								
Deferred inflows of resources	7,158 10,421								
Net Position:									
Net investment in capital assets	91,199 83,128								
Restricted	298 296								
Unrestricted	52,939 48,064								
Total Net Position	\$ 144,436 \$ 131,488								

The Town experienced an increase in net position of its governmental activities of 8.9% as compared to the prior year. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - changed from \$48,064 at June 30, 2015 to \$52,939 at the end of this year.

The change in unrestricted governmental net position primarily reflects the decrease in bonds payable coupled with an increase in cash and cash equivalents which generated the increase in current assets.

TABLE 2 CHANGE IN NET POSITION

		Governmental Activities			
		2016	2015		
Revenues:					
Program revenues:		_			
Charges for services	\$	10,116 \$	9,572		
Operating grants and contributions		15,376	13,821		
Capital grants and contributions		3,824	1,954		
General revenues:					
Property taxes		95,088	93,029		
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		669	849		
Unrestricted investment earnings		199	121		
Other general revenues	_	579	531		
Total revenues	_	125,851	119,877		
Program expenses:					
General government		5,874	6,862		
Public safety		19,238	18,733		
Public works and highway		13,887	13,319		
Parks, recreation and libraries		3,927	3,694		
Health and human services		3,498	3,272		
Education		65,756	62,352		
Interest debt service	_	722	959		
Total program expenses	_	112,902	109,191		
Increase in Net Position	\$_	12,949 \$	10,686		

The Town's total revenues were \$125,851. The total cost of all programs and services was \$112,902. Our analysis which follows considers the operations of governmental activities.

#### Governmental Activities

The largest single component of governmental activity is the General Fund. Total revenues were \$2,664 higher than budgeted. Of this amount, \$1,413 resulted from strong current and delinquent property tax collections from prior levies that include interest and penalties. Taxes on the current levy exceeded the budget by \$1,241. Despite midyear reductions for state payments in lieu of taxes, conservative estimates of other state assistance programs resulted in a positive balance for intergovernmental revenue. Revenues from licenses, permits and fee revenue exceeded the budget by \$517, primarily due to real estate conveyance fees \$116, ambulance revenue \$187, and building permits \$73. Other income exceeded the budget by \$562 primarily due to better than anticipated results from employee insurance co-pays, premiums on bond issues and disbursements from the Bristol Resource Recovery Facility.

Expenditures were \$1,878 less than anticipated. The primary factors contributing to the expenditure balance relate to lower than anticipated costs for debt service pursuant to a bond refunding, and municipal solid waste fees combined with vacancies, which resulted in savings across various functional areas while reducing pension and Social Security requirements.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Town's five largest programs - police, fire, public works, education, and parks and recreation - as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

TABLE 3
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

		Total Cos	t of	Services		Net Cost	of S	Services
	_	2016		2015		2016		2015
General government	\$	5,874	\$	6,862	\$	3,519	\$	3,117
Public safety		19,238		18,733		16,196		16,037
Public works and highway		13,887		13,319		8,274		8,128
Parks, recreation and libraries		3,927		3,694		525		3,206
Health and human services		3,498		3,272		1,979		1,957
Education		65,756		62,352		52,377		50,450
Interest and debt service	_	722	_	959		717	_	949
Total	\$_	112,902	\$_	109,191	\$_	83,587	\$_	83,844

#### **TOWN FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### Governmental Funds

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet - Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$47,714, which is a slight increase from last year's total of \$47,176. The primary reason for the increase can be traced to the non-major funds which benefited from positive operations in the sewer utility fund.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Town's general fund expenditures plus encumbrances totaled \$103,553. Unexpended appropriations in general government, public safety, public works, and pension and insurance coupled with smaller unexpended balances from other areas produced a favorable variance of \$1,878. Revenues were \$2,664 higher, which reflects strong tax collections, favorable nontax revenue experience, conservative estimates and receipt of non-recurring revenue items.

The Town's General Fund balance of \$24,618 reported on Exhibit IV is comprised of four categories: Non-spendable, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned. Please refer to Exhibit A-1 for the complete breakdown.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At June 30, 2016, the Town had \$130,080 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, vehicles and equipment - Table 4. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$684 or 0.5%, less than last year. This increase primarily reflects the acquisition of Foote Memorial Park whose value exceeded the combined reductions associated with depreciation and asset dispositions.

TABLE 4
CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities						
		2016	2015					
Land	\$	16,627	\$	13,714				
Intangible assets		597		597				
Land improvements		1,617		1,556				
Buildings		74,219		76,188				
Machinery and equipment		8,795		8,842				
Construction in progress		5,435		4,654				
Infrastructure		22,790		23,845				
				_				
Total	\$_	130,080	\$	129,396				

The Town has implemented the provisions of the GASB Statement No. 34, which require the reporting of infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2002.

The town did not undertake any major infrastructure improvements in FY 2016. The School Ground Road Bridge is listed under the construction in progress category and will be added to infrastructure in 2017. Currently, the Town is leasing space for the public works operation while looking to secure a permanent site. Improvements to sewer pump stations have begun and improvements to the Harbor Street Culvert will commence in 2016 and the town is planning major improvements to the Community Center along with a renovation to the Walsh Intermediate School. More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in Note 1 and Note 5 to the financial statements.

#### Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2016, the Town had \$37,002 in bonds and notes outstanding versus \$43,956 last year - a decrease of \$6,954 or approximately 15.8%. The Town anticipates increasing the long term debt in future years to finance a public works garage, school renovations, pump station improvements and a community center.

The Town's general obligation bond rating from Moody's Investor Services, a national rating agency remains at Aa1, after the rating was recalibrated in 2010. The Town's rating from Standard & Poor's remains at AAA. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that cities can issue based on a formula determined under State Statutes based on type of debt and tax base. The Town's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below this state-imposed limit of \$671 million.

Other obligations include net pension liability, risk management claims, capital leases, accrued vacation pay and sick leave (compensated absences). More detailed information about the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when adopting the fiscal-year 2016-2017 budget and corresponding tax rates. Cognizant of the severe fiscal challenges at the state capital, the Board of Finance dialed back their estimates for state aid. Branford believes this will serve us well in FY 2018 as the state budgetary pressures persist. Town officials also acknowledged that many property owners continue grapple with their own economic constraints and job insecurities. Faced with these challenges, officials sought to minimize the increase the Town's tax requirements while acknowledging that the demand for many municipal services will continue. In developing the budget, the Town established the following budget guidelines that provided the rationale for many of the budgetary decisions: maintain the current level of existing services while refraining from adding new programs; fund current and future liabilities; preserve the undesignated fund balance; continue to invest in new vehicles and equipment to ensure continued service delivery; preserve the Town's investment in its properties and buildings; and to continue to fund many capital items on a pay-as-you-go basis so as to limit the amount of outstanding debt.

As a result of these efforts and adherence to the above guidelines, the Town adopted a General Fund budget of \$105,891,217 for 2016-2017, which represents an increase of \$459,490 or 0.4% as compared to the 2015-2016 amended budget. Increased property taxes of approximately \$1.8 million combined with a \$2.8 million appropriation from fund balance will supplement nontax revenues.

#### CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, Town of Branford, P.O. Box 150, and 1019 Main Street, Branford, Connecticut 06405 or visit the Branford's website at <a href="https://www.Branford-ct.gov">www.Branford-ct.gov</a>.

## TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	-	Governmental Activities
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	67,156,461
Investments		8,592,958
Receivables, net		8,147,931
Inventory		33,689
Prepaid items		16,297
Net OPEB asset		411,000
Capital assets not being depreciated		22,659,564
Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	_	107,420,027
Total assets	_	214,437,927
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,233,161
Pension differences between actual and projected investment earnings		2,884,949
Pension change in proportional share		57,655
Pension change in assumptions		799,954
Deferred charge on refunding		445,587
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	6,421,306
Liabilities:		
Accounts and other payables		4,417,874
Unearned revenue		1,784,705
Other		149,763
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year		8,741,267
Due in more than one year	_	54,171,101
Total liabilities	_	69,264,710
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Pension difference between expected and actual experience		569,888
Advance property tax collections		6,588,263
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	7,158,151
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets		91,199,411
Restricted for Trusts:		0.,.00,
Expendable		197,487
Nonexpendable		100,420
Unrestricted	_	52,939,054
Total Net Position	\$_	144,436,372

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

			Program Revenues							Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses	-	Charges for Services	_	Operating Grants and Contributions	_	Capital Grants and Contributions	_	Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities:											
General government Public safety	\$	5,873,572 19,238,439	\$	1,452,087 2,706,432	\$	45,900 335,641	\$	857,204	\$	(3,518,381) (16,196,366)	
Public works and highway Parks, recreation and libraries Health and human services		13,887,156 3,927,177 3,497,684		3,791,162 475,747 520,892		1,660,730 131,714 997,397		161,608 2,794,925		(8,273,656) (524,791) (1,979,395)	
Education Interest expense	_	65,755,777 722,273	-	1,169,156	<del>-</del>	12,199,505 5,130	-	10,000	_	(52,377,116) (717,143)	
Total	\$ <u></u>	112,902,078	\$	10,115,476	\$_	15,376,017	\$	3,823,737	_	(83,586,848)	
General revenues: Property taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Unrestricted investment earnings										95,087,961 669,173 199,365	
		Miscellaneous Total genera		venues					_	578,872 96,535,371	
		rotal genera	A1 10	VOITAGO					_	00,000,071	
		Change in n				<b>5</b>				12,948,523	
	ſ	Net Position at E	∃eg	inning of Year	, as	Restated			_	131,487,849	
	1	Net Position at I	∃nd	of Year					\$_	144,436,372	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

		General	-	Capital Projects		Sewer Assessment												Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS																			
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other funds Inventories Other assets	\$	31,397,294 7,742,264 5,103,004	\$	7,145,822 494,976 6,791,827	\$	3,675,131 420,830	\$	6,608,478 850,694 1,932,736 120,324 33,689	\$ 48,826,725 8,592,958 7,951,546 6,912,151 33,689 16,297										
Total Assets	\$	44,258,859	\$	14,432,625	\$_	4,095,961	\$	9,545,921	\$ 72,333,366										
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOL	JRC	ES AND FUND	ВА	LANCES															
Liabilities:																			
Accounts and other payables	\$	2,542,059	\$	534,371	\$		\$	977,676	\$ 4,054,106										
Due to other funds		5,519,009				1,100,000		293,142	6,912,151										
Unearned revenue		727,605		229,727				827,373	1,784,705										
Other		149,763	_		_				149,763										
Total liabilities		8,938,436	-	764,098	_	1,100,000		2,098,191	12,900,725										
Deferred Inflows of Resources:																			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		2,869,073							2,869,073										
Unavailable revenue - interest on property taxes	3	1,183,780							1,183,780										
Unavailable revenue - special assessments						420,830		194,736	615,566										
Unavailable revenue - loans receivable								400,406	400,406										
Unavailable revenue - school building grants		61,443							61,443										
Advance property tax collections		6,588,263	_		_				6,588,263										
Total deferred inflows of resources		10,702,559	-		_	420,830		595,142	11,718,531										
Fund Balances:																			
Nonspendable		16,297						134,109	150,406										
Restricted				13,668,527		2,575,131		3,068,182	19,311,840										
Committed		64,517						3,663,019	3,727,536										
Assigned		3,250,167							3,250,167										
Unassigned		21,286,883						(12,722)	21,274,161										
Total fund balances		24,617,864	-	13,668,527	_	2,575,131		6,852,588	47,714,110										
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources																			
and Fund Balances	\$	44,258,859	\$	14,432,625	\$_	4,095,961	\$	9,545,921	\$ 72,333,366										

## TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

to the Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

\$ 47,714,110

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets \$ 255,860,540
Less accumulated depreciation (125,780,949)
Net capital assets

130,079,591

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:

Net OPEB asset	411,000
Property tax receivables greater than 60 days	2,869,073
Interest receivable on property taxes	1,183,780
Assessments receivable	615,566
Housing loans receivable	400,406
Receivable from the state for school construction projects	61,443
Deferred outflows relating to pension contributions subsequent to the plan measurement date	2,233,161
Deferred outflows relating to pension differences between actual and projected investment earnings	2,884,949
Deferred outflows relating to pension changes in proportional share	57,655
Deferred outflows relating to pension change in assumptions	799,954

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

15,147,789

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Net pension liability	(15,132,347)
Deferred inflows relating to differences between expected and actual experience	(569,888)
Bonds and notes payable	(37,001,892)
Interest payable on bonds and notes	(340,544)
MERS prior service cost	(10,262)
Compensated absences	(3,920,384)
Capital lease	(174,307)
Bond premium	(2,149,568)
Deferred charge on refunding	445,587
Landfill	(1,168,500)

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

144,436,372

# TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General		Capital Projects	-	Sewer Assessment	-	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$ 94,484,140	\$		\$		\$		\$	94,484,140
Assessments and interest					298,137		2,661,813		2,959,950
Intergovernmental	8,854,178		587,160				5,829,970		15,271,308
Charges for services	3,859,805						2,769,100		6,628,905
Income on investments	160,784		1,599		2,145		19,573		184,101
Miscellaneous	1,550,658		102,675	_		_	1,042,234		2,695,567
Total revenues	108,909,565		691,434	-	300,282	-	12,322,690		122,223,971
Expenditures:									
Current:	4 505 547		0.400				F0 070		4 000 500
General government	4,535,547		9,182				58,870		4,603,599
Public safety	11,606,349				3,340		505,676 3,459,397		12,112,025
Public works and highway Parks, recreation and libraries	4,974,626		46,070		3,340		3,459,397 462,758		8,437,363
Health and human services	2,551,438 577,517		46,070				2,250,552		3,060,266 2,828,069
Education	59,226,125						5,323,543		64,549,668
Pension and insurance	13,878,697						5,323,343		13,878,697
Capital outlay	13,070,097		3,829,370				367,514		4,196,884
Debt service	8,018,795		3,029,370				307,314		4,196,884 8,018,795
Total expenditures	105,369,094		3,884,622	-	3,340	-	12,428,310		121,685,366
Total experiultures	105,309,094		3,004,022	-	3,340	-	12,420,310	•	121,005,300
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	3,540,471		(3,193,188)	-	296,942	-	(105,620)		538,605
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in	597,452		2,849,182				1,772,861		5,219,495
Transfers out	(4,280,246)		,, -				(939,249)		(5,219,495)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,682,794)		2,849,182	-	-		833,612		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(142,323)	1	(344,006)		296,942		727,992		538,605
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	24,760,187		14,012,533	_	2,278,189	-	6,124,596		47,175,505
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$24,617,864	\$_	13,668,527	\$	2,575,131	\$	6,852,588	\$	47,714,110

#### TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund
Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)

\$ 538,605

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Capital outlay 5,859,141
Depreciation expense (5,141,114)

The statement of activities reports losses arising from the trade-in of existing capital assets to acquire new capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a trade-in of capital assets.

(34,669)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:

School building grant receipts (39, 105)Property tax receivable - accrual basis change 512,861 Property tax interest and lien revenue - accrual basis change 90,960 Sewer assessment receivable - accrual basis change (102,065)(21,010)Housing loans receivable Change in deferred outflows relating to pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date (51,554)Change in deferred outflows relating to pension differences between actual and projected investment earnings 1,676,040 Change in deferred outflows relating to pension changes in proportional share 57,655 Change in deferred outflows relating to pension change in assumptions 784,096

Change in pension and OPEB assets and liabilities

Change in net OPEB asset (291,400)
Change in net pension liability (4,154,848)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Bond and note principal payments 6,954,130
Capital lease payments 99,548

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Compensated absences 58,449 Accrued interest (91,596)Amortization of deferred charge on refunding (76.055)410,495 Amortization of bond premiums Change in MERS prior service costs 1,466 Change in deferred inflows relating to differences between actual and projected investment earnings 2,471,024 Change in deferred inflows relating to differences between expected and actual experience (537,040)Landfill post closure care 57,500

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.

3,917,009

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)

\$ 12,948,523

#### TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmer Activities Internal Service Funds	<u>s</u>
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,329,7	736
Accounts receivable	271,8	391
Total assets	18,601,6	627
Liabilities:		
Accounts and other payables	98,7	730
Risk management claims	3,355,1	801
Total liabilities	3,453,8	338_
Net Position:		
Unrestricted	\$ <u>15,147,7</u>	789

# TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Activities Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues: Contributions for benefits	\$	15 910 416
Other	φ	15,810,416 674,951
Total contributions		16,485,367
Operating Expenses: Benefit claims Claims administration Total operating expenses	<u>-</u>	10,883,389 1,700,233 12,583,622
Operating Income		3,901,745
Nonoperating Revenue: Income on investments	_	15,264
Change in Net Position		3,917,009
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	11,230,780
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	15,147,789

#### TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	-	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from operating funds Cash payments to providers of benefits and administration Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	16,597,214 (12,829,003) 3,768,211
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Income on investments	-	15,264
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		3,783,475
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	14,546,261
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	18,329,736
Reconciliation of Operating Income (loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Change in assets and liabilities:	\$	3,901,745
(Increase) decrease in receivables Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		111,847 (245,381)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	3,768,211

# TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	0	Pension and ther Employee Benefit Trust Funds	) _	Agency Funds
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments - mutual funds	\$	1,038,141 17,955,298	\$	1,542,892
Investments - bonds		15,075,424		
Accounts receivable	_	77,853	_	
Total assets	_	34,146,716	\$_	1,542,892
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		6,763		
Due to students and others	_		_	1,542,892
Total liabilities	_	6,763	\$_	1,542,892
Net Position:				
Held in Trust for Pension or Retiree Benefits	\$ <u>_</u>	34,139,953		

#### TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 2,818,682
Plan members	849,838
Total contributions	3,668,520
Net investment income	215,026
Total additions	3,883,546
Deductions:	
Benefits	2,554,706
Administration	29,684
Administration	23,004
Total deductions	2,584,390
Net Increase in Net Position	1,299,156
Net Position at the Beginning of Year	32,840,797
Net Position at the End of Year	\$ 34,139,953

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Branford (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Town is incorporated under the provisions of the Statutes of the State of Connecticut. The Town operates under a Representative Town Meeting/Board of Selectmen form of Government and provides the following services as authorized by its Charter: Administrative, Public Safety, Public Works, Health and Welfare, Recreation, Libraries, Education and Public Improvements.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the financial resources for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The major sources of revenue for this fund are capital grants and the issuance of general obligation bonds.

The Sewer Assessment Fund is used to account for the financial resources related to the sewer assessment projects. The major source of revenue for this fund is sewer assessment charges.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for the self-insured activities of the Town.

The Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds account for the activities of the Branford Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified Town employees and accounts for the retiree health benefits provided by the Town, which accumulates resources for retiree health insurance payments to qualified retirees.

The Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989 generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Town has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain Town's functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's internal service funds are charges to customers for benefits. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

#### D. Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value.

#### E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Allowances for uncollectibles are computed based on historical data.

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1 and billed the following July. Property taxes are payable in two installments on July 1 and January 1. Automobile levies and amounts under \$100 are due in one installment. Motor vehicle supplemental bills are payable on January 1. Payments not received within one month after the due date become delinquent, with interest charged at the rate of 1-1/2% per month. Assessments for real and personal property, excluding motor vehicles, are computed at 70% of the market value. Unpaid balances at June 30 are liened.

#### F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years						
Buildings	45						
Land improvements	20						
Infrastructure	20-60						
Vehicles	6-12						
Office equipment	7-10						
Computer equipment	5-7						

#### H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension results from contributions subsequent to the plan measurement date, differences between actual and projected investment earnings and changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collections in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental funds balance sheet, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the government wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience differences between actual and projected

investment earnings or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. Also, for governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, interest on property taxes, special assessments, loans receivable, and school building grants and advanced tax collections. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

#### I. Compensated Absences

Unused sick leave may be accumulated for certain employees up to a limit ranging from 50 to 225 days, depending upon the contracts in force, for each department in the Town until termination, retirement or death, at which time payments will be made. The liability is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Payments at termination are charged to the General Fund.

#### J. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### K. Fund Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

#### **Net Investment in Capital Assets**

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

#### **Restricted Net Position**

Net position is restricted because of externally imposed restrictions by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Town currently has no assets under restriction.

#### **Unrestricted Net Position**

This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

#### Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

#### **Restricted Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

#### **Committed Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Finance).

#### **Assigned Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the First Selectman.

#### **Unassigned Fund Balance**

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

#### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

A budget for the General Fund and certain Special Revenue Funds are authorized annually by the Town. The Board of Finance recommends and the Representative Town Meeting (RTM) approves the budget.

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reported in the financial statements for the General Fund and specific Special Revenue Funds (Sewer Assessment, Water Assessment, Open Space Fund, Board of Education Program Fund and Day Care). As required by Town Charter, the Board of Finance holds a public hearing to review and discuss the proposed annual Town budget no later than two weeks before the Annual Budget Meeting of the RTM. The Board of Finance then recommends and submits a formal annual appropriations budget to the RTM. The RTM must take action on the adoption of the appropriations recommended by the Board of Finance at the Annual Budget Meeting, which must be held no later than the Friday following the second Tuesday of May. Thereafter, but no later than June 1, the Board of Finance shall determine the rate of taxation for the ensuing fiscal year.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the line item level for all budgeted funds. The Board of Finance, upon the request of individual departments, offices or agencies, may approve and must recommend all transfers to the RTM. No recommended transfer by the Board of Finance shall be effective unless approved by the RTM. There were supplemental appropriations of \$1,840,000 from fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2016.

All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, except for those in the Capital Projects Fund. Appropriations for these funds are continued until completion of the applicable projects, which often last more than one fiscal year.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

#### 3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

#### **Deposits**

#### **Deposit Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$41,996,196 of the Town's bank balance of \$50,577,528 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	13,122,386
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's		
trust department, not in the Town's name, and		
amounts held by third-party banks in the Town's name		28,873,810
	•	
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$	41,996,196

#### **Cash Equivalents**

At June 30, 2016, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$27,624,920. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

	Standard & Poor's
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAAm

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the Town had the following investments:

					Inves	estment Maturities (Years)					
	Credit		Fair	_	Less				Greater		
Investment Type	Rating		Value		Than 1		1-10		Than 10		
Interest-bearing investments:											
U.S. treasury notes	N/A	\$	4,886,480	\$		\$	4,004,829	\$	881,651		
Other debt securities	AAA	Ψ	1,861,064	Ψ		Ψ	892.606	Ψ	968,458		
Municipal bonds	AA		303,799				303,799		000, .00		
Corporate bonds	A-AAA		6,361,755		858,372		4,619,279		884,104		
Corporate bonds	B-BBB-		160.142		13,268		146,874		,		
Certificates of deposit*	N/A		8,270,509	_	2,143,895		6,126,614				
Subtotal				\$	3,015,535	\$	16,094,001	\$	2,734,213		
Other investments:				Ψ=	3,013,333	= Ψ=	10,004,001	· Ψ=	2,704,210		
Common stock	N/A		1,763,828								
Common stock	IN/A		1,703,020								
Police Pension Fund and Volunteer Firemen Pensio Open ended mutual funds and exchange traded	n:										
funds	N/A	_	18,016,103	_							
Total		\$_	41,623,680	=							

<sup>\*</sup>Subject to coverage by Federal Depository Insurance and collateralization.

N/A Not applicable

The Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The new disclosure is presented below:

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

		June 30,		Fair Va	Fair Value Measurements Using						
		2016		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3			
Investments by fair value level:	•										
U.S. Government securities	\$	4,886,480	\$	4,886,480	\$		\$				
U.S. Government agencies		1,861,064				1,861,064					
Corporate bonds		6,825,696				6,825,696					
Common stock		1,763,828		1,763,828							
Mutual funds	•	18,016,103	_	18,016,103	-		_				
Total investments by fair value level		33,353,171	\$_	24,666,411	\$_	8,686,760	\$_				
Certificates of deposit	-	8,270,509									
Total Investments	\$	41,623,680									

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities classified in Level 3 are valued using discounted cash flow techniques. Collateralized debt obligations classified in Level 3 are valued using consensus pricing.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

The Town does not have a formal investment policy over pension investments that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Town's policy over nonpension investments limits the dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity to one year, and it limits individual maturities to five years.

#### **Credit Risk - Investments**

As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Town has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Town's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one private corporation debt issuer that is in excess of 5% of the Town's total investments.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2016, the Town had no uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that were not in the Town's name.

#### 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	-	General	. <del>-</del>	Capital Projects	_	Sewer Assessments		Nonmajor and Other Funds	 Total
Receivables:									
Interest	\$	1,183,780	\$		\$		\$		\$ 1,183,780
Taxes		3,576,200							3,576,200
Accounts		565,273						349,744	915,017
Special assessments						420,830		189,724	610,554
Intergovernmental		291,368		494,976				1,342,606	2,128,950
Loans	_		_				_	400,406	400,406
Gross receivables		5,616,621		494,976		420,830		2,282,480	8,814,907
Less allowance for									
uncollectibles	-	(513,617)	-				-		 (513,617)
Net Total Receivables	\$_	5,103,004	\$	494,976	\$	420,830	\$	2,282,480	\$ 8,301,290

#### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases	Transfers		Decreases		Ending Balance	
Governmental activities:										
Capital assets not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	13,714,178	\$	2,913,100	\$		\$	\$		16,627,278
Intangible assets	Ψ	596.800	Ψ	2,010,100	Ψ		Ψ	Ψ		596,800
Construction in progress		4,654,397		1,078,775		(297,686)				5,435,486
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	18,965,375		3,991,875		(297,686)	· -	-	_	22,659,564
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Buildings and improvements		116,523,878		391,485		219,737				117,135,100
Improvements other than buildings		2,648,701		177,802						2,826,503
Machinery and equipment		26,962,953		1,268,705				(528,760)		27,702,898
Infrastructure		85,429,252		29,274		77,949				85,536,475
Total capital assets being depreciated		231,564,784		1,867,266		297,686	-	(528,760)		233,200,976
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings and improvements		40,336,153		2,580,133						42,916,286
Improvements other than buildings		1,093,093		116,567						1,209,660
Machinery and equipment		18,120,813		1,280,965				(494,091)		18,907,687
Infrastructure		61,583,867	_	1,163,449	_		_			62,747,316
Total accumulated depreciation		121,133,926		5,141,114		-	_	(494,091)	_	125,780,949
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	110,430,858		(3,273,848)		297,686		(34,669)	_	107,420,027
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$_	129,396,233	\$	718,027	\$	-	\$	(34,669) \$	_	130,079,591

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	144,595
Public safety		860,979
Public works		2,402,163
Parks, recreation and libraries		87,543
Health and welfare		39,180
Education	_	1,606,654

Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities \$ 5,141,114

#### **Active Capital Projects**

The Town has active projects as of June 30, 2016. The projects include the following:

Project	Appropriation	 Cumulative Expenditures	•	Encumbrances	_	Available Balance
WIS Roof & Window Replacement	\$ 1,961,133	\$ 1,961,133	\$		\$	-
Tabor Drive Acquisition	13,875,000	13,844,478		7,465		23,057
Fire Headquarters	12,500,000	12,489,278				10,722
Radio Control System Upgrade	1,650,000	1,634,711				15,289
BOE Roofs	699,870	699,870				-
School Ground Road Bridge	4,975,000	4,070,743				904,257
Land Acquisition Fund	1,110,276	1,101,517				8,759
Transfer Station Overhead Doors	200,535					200,535
Pump Station Upgrades	180,000	173,451		6,549		-
Pump Station Upgrades	2,500,000	475,955		1,369,920		654,125
Harbor Street Culvert Repairs	1,565,000	52,301		41,799		1,470,900
Stony Creek Dredging	150,000	8,333		5,000		136,667
Community Center Improvements	500,000	350,107		55,172		94,721
Branford Hills Demolition	560,000	182,189		91,146		286,665
BHS Track and Field Improvements	900,000					900,000
Branford High School Roof	250,000					250,000
BOE Bathroom Renovations	150,000	90,983				59,017
Walsh Intermediate School Renovations	88,200,000	21,082		671,518		87,507,400

#### 6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable	_	Amount
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	\$	120,324
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		5,398,685
Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		293,142
Capital Projects Fund	Sewer Assessment Fund	_	1,100,000
Total		\$_	6,912,151

All interfund receivables and payables are the result of regularly recurring transactions and represent temporary balances.

## Interfund transfers:

	Transfers In										
	_	General Fund	_	Capital Projects	. (	Nonmajor Governmental	•	Total Transfers Out			
Transfers out: General Fund Nonmajor Governmental	\$	597,452	\$_	2,507,385 341,797	\$	1,772,861	\$	4,280,246 939,249			
Total Transfers In	\$_	597,452	\$_	2,849,182	\$	1,772,861	\$	5,219,495			

All transfers represent routine transactions that occur annually to move resources from one fund to another.

# 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

# **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 30,305,000	\$	5,445,000	\$ 24,860,000 \$	5,375,000
Clean water notes	13,651,022		1,509,130	12,141,892	1,539,591
Less deferred amounts:					
For issuance premiums	2,560,063		410,495	2,149,568	
Total bonds and notes payable	46,516,085	-	7,364,625	39,151,460	6,914,591
Landfill closure	1,226,000		57,500	1,168,500	48,500
Net pension liability	10,977,499	4,154,848		15,132,347	
Compensated absences	3,978,833	42,842	101,291	3,920,384	123,294
MERS prior service costs	11,728		1,466	10,262	1,466
Risk management claims	3,629,964	10,883,389	11,158,245	3,355,108	1,550,122
Capital leases	273,855		99,548	174,307	103,294
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$66,613,964_5	\$15,081,079_\$	18,782,675	\$ 62,912,368 \$	8 8,741,267

A schedule of bonds and notes outstanding at June 30, 2016 is presented below:

	Balance June 30, 2015	Issued	Retired	Balance June 30, 2016
General Obligation:				
School, 2.0-4.0%, mature in 2017	\$ 444,000 \$	\$	157,000 \$	287,000
School, 2.0-4.0%, mature in 2017	1,265,000	<b>Y</b>	420,000	845,000
School, 2.0-4.0%, mature in 2018	205,000		50,000	155,000
School, 4.0-5.0%, mature in 2025	145,000		145,000	-
School, 2.0-5.0%, mature in 2022	1,311,000		,	1,311,000
Public improvement sewer, 2.0-				, ,
4.0%, mature in 2011	700,000		246,000	454,000
Public improvement sewer, 2.0-				
4.0%, mature in 2011	3,700,000		1,235,000	2,465,000
Public improvement sewer, 2.0-				
4.0%, mature in 2018	595,000		150,000	445,000
Public improvement, 2.0-4.0%,				
mature in 2018	580,000		580,000	-
Public improvement sewer, 2.0-				
5.0%, mature in 2012	16,269,000			16,269,000
Public improvement, 3.375-5.0%,				
mature in 2025	780,000		780,000	-
Public improvement, 2.0-4.0%,				
mature in 2026	1,850,000		925,000	925,000
Special Assessment:				
Sewer, 2.0-4.0%, mature in 2016	30,000		30,000	<del>-</del>
Sewer, 2.0-4.0%, mature in 2018	1,500,000		400,000	1,100,000
Sewer, 2.0-4.0%, mature in 2017	931,000		327,000	604,000
Total Bonds	30,305,000	-	5,445,000	24,860,000
State of Connecticut, CWF, 2%,				
mature in 2019	252,814		76,047	176,767
State of Connecticut, CWF, 2%,				
mature in 2022	7,845,595		1,015,768	6,829,827
State of Connecticut, CWF, 2%				•
mature in 2027	3,890,333		299,073	3,591,260
State of Connecticut, CWF, 2%				
mature in 2028	1,662,280		118,242	1,544,038
Total Bonds and Notes	\$ 43,956,022 \$	- \$	6,954,130 \$	37,001,892

The following is a summary of debt maturities for repayment of bonds and notes:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Principal	Interest		Total
2017	\$	6,914,591 \$	1,012,426	\$	7,927,017
2018		6,980,667	818,700		7,799,367
2019		5,081,661	676,049		5,757,710
2020		4,387,337	539,356		4,926,693
2021		4,383,670	393,038		4,776,708
2022-2026		8,784,316	415,217		9,199,533
2027-2028	_	469,650	5,393		475,043
	-				_
Total	\$	37,001,892 \$	3,860,179	\$	40,862,071

### **Advance Refunding**

In prior years, the government defeased general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust account to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the government's financial statements. At June 30, 2016, \$9,250,000 of defeased bonds remains outstanding.

#### **Clean Water Fund Notes**

The Town is currently participating in a Capital Project (Wastewater Design Project) under the State of Connecticut Clean Water Fund established in accordance with Section 22a-477 of the General Statutes of Connecticut. The Clean Water Fund is administered by the State Department of Environmental Protection and provides grant and loan funds to municipalities for "eligible water quality project costs." The notes carry an interest rate of 2%.

#### **General Obligation Bonds and Notes**

All bonds and notes are classified as general obligations of the Town.

### **Bonds Authorized Unissued**

The Town had bonds authorized unissued for various projects as follows:

_	Authorization	_	Bonds Previously Issued and Paydowns		Bonds Authorized Unissued
\$	4,975,000	\$	988,875	\$	3,986,125
	150,000	·	45,000	·	105,000
	1,565,000		150,000		1,415,000
	560,000		200,000		360,000
	1,515,000		523,894		991,106
	2,500,000		1,500,000		1,000,000
	500,000		390,000		110,000
	1,020,000		695,000		325,000
	3,300,000				3,300,000
	1,220,000				1,220,000
	88,200,000				88,200,000
	_	150,000 1,565,000 560,000 1,515,000 2,500,000 500,000 1,020,000 3,300,000 1,220,000	\$ 4,975,000 \$ 150,000 1,565,000 560,000 2,500,000 500,000 1,020,000 3,300,000 1,220,000	Authorization         Previously Issued and Paydowns           \$ 4,975,000         \$ 988,875           150,000         45,000           1,565,000         150,000           560,000         200,000           1,515,000         523,894           2,500,000         1,500,000           500,000         390,000           1,020,000         695,000           3,300,000         1,220,000	Authorization         Previously Issued and Paydowns           \$ 4,975,000         \$ 988,875         \$ 150,000           1,565,000         150,000         200,000           560,000         200,000         523,894           2,500,000         1,500,000         390,000           1,020,000         695,000         3,300,000           1,220,000         1,220,000         3,200,000

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

	 (In Thousands)									
Category	Debt Limit		Indebtedness*		Balance					
General purpose	 \$ 215,819	\$	11,746	\$	204,073					
Schools	431,638		91,728 *		339,910					
Sewers	359,698		34,479		325,219					
Urban renewal	311,738				311,738					
Pension deficit	287,758				287,758					

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, or \$671,436.

## **Capital Leases**

The Town has entered into multi-year capital leases for the purchase of equipment. Principal payments for 2016 were \$99,548. Future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	 Governmental Activities
2017	\$ 108,003
2018	72,002
Total minimum lease payments	180,005
Less amount representing interest	(5,698)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 174,307

#### 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related including torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks, but, as of July 1, 2000, has chosen to retain the risks for workers' compensation claims. The Town's claims for risks covered by insurance have not exceeded covered losses during the past three years.

The Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund is utilized to report the self-insurance activity. Workers Compensated Trust Services administers the plan, for which the Town pays a fee. The Town's general government and the Board of Education, contribute based on estimates using historical data. The Town covers all claims up to \$600,000 per employee per year with a stop-loss policy covering amounts exceeding the limit.

Total school indebtedness has been reduced by State of Connecticut Building Grants commitments of \$61.

The claims liability of \$1,264,244 reported in the Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2016 is based on GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. Changes in the claims liability were as follows for the last two years:

	_	Liability July 1,	 Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	 Claim Payments	 Liability June 30,
2014-2015 2015-2016	\$	1,358,104 1,487,285	\$ 1,811,755 1,149,188	\$ 1,682,574 1,372,229	\$ 1,487,285 1,264,244

The Heart and Hypertension Fund was established to account for the self-insured activities of the Town related to heart and hypertension claims. The claims liability of \$1,172,864 at June 30, 2016 is based on GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. Changes in the claims liability are as follows:

	_	Liability July 1,	 Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	 Claim Payments	_	Liability June 30,
2014-2015 2015-2016	\$	1,435,670 1,304,679	\$ 13,822 50,823	\$ 144,813 182,638	\$	1,304,679 1,172,864

The Town created the Medical Self-Insurance Fund at the end of 2006. The fund will be used to pay claims for medical, prescription drug costs and dental benefits. The claims liability of \$918,000 at June 30, 2016 is based on GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. Changes in the claims liability are as follows:

	 Liability July 1,	 Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claim Payments	 Liability June 30,
2014-2015 2015-2016	\$ 829,000 838,000	\$ 12,440,697 9,683,378	\$	12,431,697 9,603,378	\$ 838,000 918,000

### 9. BULKY WASTE LANDFILL

The Town Landfill at the intersection of Tabor Drive and Marshall Road stopped accepting bulky waste from the Branford Transfer Station on June 29, 2012. State and Federal laws and regulations require the Town of Branford to properly close and continually monitor the landfill, and each year the Town appropriates funds for these activities. Capping of the final acre of the landfill was started in FY 2012. Final cover has been applied to the total area of the landfill. In August 2015, DEEP accepted the Closure Certification Report and post-closure passive recreational use of the landfill.

Closure costs will be incurred in fiscal year 2017 as the retainage of the closure contract is dispersed to the contractor. A special revenue fund for the closure of the landfill had been annually appropriated; the balance of this account is currently \$242 including encumbrances.

The closure contract has a retainage of \$8,584. Associated engineering work including but not limited to the landfill gas investigation, permit compliance, construction assistance, and closure certification report has been completed. The Town is required to monitor and maintain the landfill for thirty years after closure. The estimated annual cost for this postclosure activity is \$40,000. These costs will be funded through the General Fund on an annual basis. Regulatory changes, improvements to stormwater quality, landfill gas mitigation, and any other additional requirements to comply with DEEP regulations may require additional appropriations throughout the life of the landfill.

A 77 acre parcel located north of the active landfill was purchased by the Town through eminent domain in 2004. It overlays a portion of, and may be impacted by, the leachate plume originating from the landfill. Since control of the plume and of any off-site gas migration is required, environmental investigations and mitigation have begun on this property. The funds for the project on this adjoining acreage are provided by bond proceeds which are separately addressed, but not totaled in past or future closure costs below. Environmental investigations on this large parcel are not confined to the area presumed to be impacted by the landfill, so only costs directly attributable to mitigation of landfill impacts have been mentioned in past notes. Routine quarterly testing of wells on this parcel are included in the post-closure monitoring costs.

### **Summary of Estimated Total Cost of Remaining Closure and Postclosure Care**

Final Cover, Demolition and Grading Cost	\$	8,500
Postclosure Care Costs (29 years):		
Inspection and Maintenance of Final Cover (\$16,500 annually)		478,500
Monitoring Program, Groundwater, Methane & Stormwater (\$23,500 annually)	_	681,500
Total	\$	1,168,500

### **10. JOINT VENTURES**

### **Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee**

The Town is a participant with 13 other cities and towns in a joint venture, the Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee (BRRFOC). BRRFOC was created pursuant to an Inter-Community Agreement to exercise certain rights on behalf of contracting municipalities in dealing with the waste-to-energy plant built by Ogden Martin Systems of Bristol, Inc. (now Covanta Bristol, Inc.). The governing board consists of Town officials appointed by each of the participating municipalities, and assumes all the management decisions. The Town of Branford has an obligation to appropriate funds in amounts necessary to fulfill its obligations created pursuant to the Intercommunity Agreement dated as of August 15, 1985. These obligations deal with guarantees to meet certain tonnage requirements. General Fund balance for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 as reflected in BRRFOC's financial statements is \$1.8 million. A complete set of financial statements for BRRFOC can be obtained from the administrative office at 43 Enterprise Drive, Bristol, Connecticut.

Under the Service Agreement, the service fee is an obligation of the Contracting Municipalities to which each has pledged its full faith and credit. Should any Contracting Municipality default in its obligation to pay the service fee, the other Contracting Municipalities shall have an obligation to continue to pay the aggregate service fee. If BRRFOC does not perform its obligations under the service agreement, and Ogden Corporation (now Covanta Bristol, Inc.) fails to perform such obligations pursuant to its guarantee, the Contracting Municipalities have certain rights to terminate the service agreement and, upon termination, would no longer be obligated to pay the service fee.

By special legislation enacted in 2001, Special Act No. 01-10, *An Act to Permit the Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee to Finance Projects and Refund Previously Issued Bonds*, BRRFOC is permitted to finance projects including additions, renovations or improvements to the Facility, recycling facility and similar activities required to provide solid waste and recycling services to the Contracting Municipalities. The total amount of bonds issued by BRRFOC and outstanding at any time cannot exceed \$100,000,000.

### 11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

#### A. Pension Trust Funds

### **Plan Description and Benefits Provided**

The Town is the administrator of two single-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) established and administered by the Town to provide pension benefits for its police officers, and to volunteer firefighters. The PERS are considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and are included in the Town's financial reports as Pension Trust Funds.

# **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

### **Basis of Accounting**

Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the three defined benefit pension plans. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

### **Method Used to Value Investments**

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

#### Police Employees Retirement Plan

The Town provides police retirement benefits through a single employer, contributory, defined benefit plan. Under the plan, all regular members of the Police Department are eligible. Participants are 100% vested after five years of service. The retirement benefit is calculated at 2% of the highest annual salary out of the last three years immediately prior to retirement multiplied by up to 33-1/3 years of service. Police officers are required to contribute 8.5% of their base salaries to the PERS. The Plan provides for automatic post-retirement increases on retiree pensions up to a maximum of 66-2/3% of pay. If an employee leaves covered employment before five years of service, accumulated employee contributions and related investment earnings are refunded. Benefits and contributions are established by the Town and may be amended only by the Representative Town Meeting.

### Volunteer Fire Department Pension Plan

The Town of Branford operates a Length of Service Awards Program for volunteer firefighters from date of membership to retirement date. Firefighters who were members prior to 1991 with at least 10 years of service receive credit for five years of service. Members are required to fulfill a variety of requirements drills, calls, classes etc. to receive a year of credited service. Members receive a life annuity on the first day of the month coinciding with or next following the member's 65<sup>th</sup> birthday provided the member has a minimum of ten years of service. The maximum monthly payout is \$350.00 per month.

Funding for the plan is based on the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. The unfunded liability is amortized over 30 years beginning in January 1999 and had 14 years remaining as of January 2015.

At July 1, 2015 and January 1, 2015 for the Police employees retirement plan and the volunteer fire department pension plan (date of latest valuations), plan membership consisted of the following, respectively:

	Police Employees Retirement Plan	Volunteer Fire Department Pension Plan
Retirees, disabled and beneficiaries currently receiving beneffits Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	45 1	17
Active plan members	38	203
Total Participants	84	220

#### Investments

The Board of Finance revised the investment policy in 2013. The goals of the investment policy are to create a framework for a well-diversified asset mix that can be expected to generate long term returns consistent with the Board's risk tolerance. The asset allocation decisions are derived from an asset liability analysis which matches six years of projected payouts with fixed income securities.

The balance of the portfolio is allocated among equities, real estate and commodities. The following chart reflects the target allocations as outlined in the policy:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
U.S. Large Cap	14.00%
U.S. Mid/Small Cap	12.00%
International Equities	5.00%
Emerging International Equities	6.00%
Core Bonds	45.00%
High-Yield Bonds	8.00%
Real Estate	5.00%
Commodities	3.00%
Cash	2.00%
Total	100.00%

### Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, were 0.66%, and 0.44% for the Police employees retirement plan and the volunteer fire department pension plan, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

### **Deferred Retirement Option Program**

The police employees retirement plan includes a Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). As of June 30, 2016, six officers have elected the DROP and the DROP balance was \$273,297.

## **Net Pension Liability of the Town**

The components of the net pension liability of the Town at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	-	Police Employees Retirement Plan	Volunteer Fire Department Pension Plan
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	29,788,646 21,379,414	\$ 1,203,868 826,379
Net Pension Liability	\$	8,409,232	\$ 377,489
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of the total pension liability	age	71.77%	68.64%

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

### Police Employees Retirement Plan

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0%

Salary increases Scaled from 9.50% down to 3.5% based on years of service Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement rates were based on a scale from 20% at age 25 to 100% at age 40. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table with separate male and female rates, with no collar adjustment, combined tables for non-annuitants and annuitants, projected to the valuation date with Scale AA.

### Volunteer Fire Department Pension Plan

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 total dataset, headcount-weighted, projected to the measurement date with Scale MP-2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Large Cap	4.75%
U.S. Mid/Small Cap	5.50%
International Equities	5.25%
Emerging International Equities	6.00%
Core Bonds	2.00%
High-Yield Bonds	3.25%
Real Estate	5.00%
Commodities	5.00%
Cash	0.50%

# **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

Net changes

Balances as of June 30, 2016

	Increase (Decrease)			
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances as of June 30, 2015	\$_	28,431,052 \$	21,602,660 \$	6,828,392
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		621,201		621,201
Interest on total pension liability		1,990,048		1,990,048
Differences between expected and actual experience		(680,737)		(680,737)
Changes in assumptions		991,581		991,581
Employer contributions			910,500	(910,500)
Member contributions			280,850	(280,850)
Net investment income (loss)			149,903	(149,903)
Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions		(1,564,499)	(1,564,499)	-

Police Employees Retirement Plan

1,357,594

\$ 29,788,646 \$

(223,246)

21,379,414 \$

The changes in assumptions above were materially due to change in mortality assumptions to project to the date of decrement using Scale MP-2015, from being projected to the date of decrement using Scale AA, and a change in retirement rates which is not assumed at 20% at age 25 scaling up to 100% at age 40, and prior the assumption was 25% at age 45 scaling up to 100% at age 65.

		Ir	ncrease (Decrease)	
	-	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balances as of June 30, 2015	\$_	1,148,060_\$	518,665 \$	629,395
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		18,559		18,559
Interest on total pension liability		80,186		80,186
Employer contributions			348,000	(348,000)
Net investment income (loss)			2,651	(2,651)
Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions		(42,937)	(42,937)	-
Net changes	-	55,808	307,714	(251,906)
Balances as of June 30, 2016	\$	1,203,868 \$	826,379 \$	377,489

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

				Current	
	_	1% Decrease (6.00%)	_	Discount Rate (7.00%)	 1% Increase (8.00%)
Police Employees Retirement Plan	\$	12,006,049	\$	8,409,232	\$ 5,395,352
Volunteer Fire Department Pension Plan		579,488		377,489	213,624

# **Funding Status and Progress**

Police officers are required to contribute 8.5% of base pay to the PERS. The Town is required to contribute the amounts necessary to finance the coverage for its employees as determined by its actuaries; the contribution rate for the current year was 6.0% of covered payroll.

The Town is required to contribute amounts to the Volunteer Fire Department pension trust fund necessary to finance the coverage of its members as determined by its actuaries.

# **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

	Pension Trust Funds							
		Police		Police Volunteer				Total
		Pension	F	Fire Departmen	t	Pension		
		Trust		<b>Pension Trust</b>		Trust		
		Fund		Fund		Funds		
Assets:	-				-			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	538,682	\$	15,598	\$	554,280		
Investments - mutual funds		9,578,799		372,669		9,951,468		
Investments - bonds		11,184,080		438,112		11,622,192		
Accounts receivable	_	77,853			_	77,853		
	_					_		
Total assets	_	21,379,414		826,379	_	22,205,793		
Net Position:								
Held in Trust for Pension or	_		_		_			
Retiree Benefits	\$_	21,379,414	\$	826,379	\$	22,205,793		

# **Changes in Pension Net Position**

	_	Pension Trust Funds						
	_	Police		Volunteer		Total		
		Pension	F	ire Departmen	t	Pension		
		Trust		<b>Pension Trust</b>		Trust		
		Fund		Fund		Funds		
	_							
Additions:								
Contributions:								
Employer	\$	910,500	\$	348,000	\$	1,258,500		
Plan members		280,850				280,850		
Total contributions		1,191,350		348,000		1,539,350		
	_							
Net investment income		149,903		2,651		152,554		
	_							
Total additions	_	1,341,253	_	350,651	_	1,691,904		
	_	_	-			_		
Deductions:								
Benefits	_	1,564,499	_	42,937	_	1,607,436		
	_	_	-			_		
Total deductions	_	1,564,499	_	42,937	_	1,607,436		
	_				_	<u>.</u>		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		(223,246)		307,714		84,468		
Net Position at the Beginning of Year	_	21,602,660		518,665	_	22,121,325		
	_		-					
Net Position at the End of Year	\$	21,379,414	\$	826,379	\$	22,205,793		
	=		•					

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense of \$1,518,933. At June 30, 2016, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

		Police Employe	es F	Retirement Plan
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and	\$	785,002	\$	538,917
actual earning on pension plan investments	_	1,969,284		
Total	\$_	2,754,286	\$_	538,917
	_	Volunteer Fire Dep	artr	ment Pension Plan
		Deferred		Deferred
	_	Outflows of Resources	. <u>-</u>	Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	14,952	\$	30,971
Net difference between projected and				
actual earning on pension plan investments	_	56,779		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	),
---------------------	----

2017	\$ 645,861
2018	645,861
2019	645,858
2020	330,684
2021	(971)
Thereafter	(11,164)

#### **B.** Defined Contribution Plan

The Town established a defined contribution plan effective January 1, 2012 to provide benefits at retirement to police officers hired after 2011. Pursuant to the agreement, officers are required to contribute 8.5% of covered salary, which is matched by employer contributions of 5%. Employees are fully vested in employee contributions and are fully vested after ten years in employer contributions.

The value of the plan at June 30, 2016 is \$388,946. There were 14 participants as of June 30, 2016. Employee contributions and investment earnings through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 totaled \$245,079 while employer contributions and earnings totaled \$143,867. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established by the pension agreement negotiated between the town and police union and adopted by the Representative Town Meeting (RTM) in August 2011.

# C. Municipal Employees' Retirement System

### **Plan Description**

All full-time employees of the Town, except the Police Department employees, elected officials and certified teachers and administrators participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). MERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide pension benefits to employees of participating municipalities. Chapters 7-425 to 7-451 of the State of Connecticut General Statutes, which can be amended by legislative action, establishes MERS benefits, member contribution rates and other plan provisions. MERS is considered to be part of the Sate of Connecticut's financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

#### **Benefit Provisions**

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries. Employees are eligible to retire at age 55 with 5 years of continuous service, or 15 years of active aggregate service or 25 years of aggregate service. In addition, compulsory retirement is at age 65 for police and fire members.

### **Normal Retirement**

For members not covered by social security, retirement benefits are calculated as 2% of the average of the three highest paid years of service times the years of service. For members covered by social security, retirement benefits are calculated as 1½% of the average of the three highest paid years of service not in excess of the year's breakpoint plus 2% of average of the three highest paid years of service in excess of the year's breakpoint, times years of service. The year's breakpoint is defined as \$10,700 increased by 6.0% each year after 1982, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$100. Maximum benefit is 100% of average final compensation and the minimum benefit is \$1,000 annually.

#### **Early Retirement**

Members must have 5 years of continuous or 15 years of active aggregate service. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance on the basis of the average of the three highest paid years of service to the date of termination. Benefits are deferred to normal retirement age, or an actuarially reduced allowance may begin at the time of separation.

### **Disability Retirement - Service Connected**

This applies to employees who are totally and permanently disabled and such disability has arisen out of and in the course of employment with the municipality. Disability due to heart and hypertension in the case of fire and police is presumed to have been suffered in the line of duty. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability with a minimum benefit (including worker's compensation benefits) of 50% of compensation at the time of disability.

### **Disability Retirement - Non-Service Connected**

This applies to employees who have 10 years of service and are totally and permanently disabled. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability.

#### **Death Benefit**

This applies to employees who are eligible for service, disability or early retirement and married for at least 12 months preceding death. Benefits are calculated based on the average of the three highest paid years of service and creditable service at date of death, payable to the spouse. Benefit is equal to 50% of the average of the life annuity allowance and reduced 50% joint and survivor allowance.

#### **Contributions**

#### Member

Contributions for members not covered by social security are 5% of compensation; for members covered by social security, 21/4% of compensation up to the social security taxable wage base plus 5%, if any, in excess of such base.

### Employer

Participating employers make annual contributions consisting of a normal cost contribution, a contribution for the amortization of the net unfunded accrued liability and a prior service amortization payment, which covers the liabilities of MERS not met by member contributions.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the Town reports a liability of \$6,345,626 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured at June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the Town's proportion was 3.292% percent. This represents a decrease in proportion from June 30, 2015 of 0.28%.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense of \$1,969,578. At June 30, 2016, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources
Town contributions after the		
measurement date	\$	2,233,161
Change in proportional share		57,655
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		
investments		858,886
	· <u></u>	
Total	\$_	3,149,702

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to Town contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		
2017	\$	75,686
2018		75,686
2019		75,686
2020		689,483
	- -	
Total	\$	916,541

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25%
Salary increase	4.25-11.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for annuitants and non-annuitants (set forward one year for males and set back one year for females).

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. equities	16.0%	5.8%
Developed non-U.S. equities	14.0%	6.6%
Emerging markets (Non-U.S.)	7.0%	8.3%
Core fixed income	8.0%	1.3%
Inflation linked bond fund	5.0%	1.0%
Emerging market bond	8.0%	3.7%
High yield bonds	14.0%	3.9%
Real estate	7.0%	5.1%
Private equity	10.0%	7.6%
Alternative investments	8.0%	4.1%
Liquidity fund	3.0%	.4%
Total	100.0%	

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

		1%		Current	1%
	_	Decrease (7.00%)		Discount Rate (8.00%)	(9.00%)
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	14,816,229	\$	6,345,626 \$	(1,730,450)

### **Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the fiduciary net position of the MERS plan was restated to change the method of accounting for contributions receivable from a present value method to a gross method. The result of the restatement was to decrease the net pension liability and increase the July 1, 2014 fiduciary net position of the MERS plan by \$139,565,000. The effect on the Town's financial statements was to decrease the net pension liability and increase the government activities' net position as shown in Note 15.

# Payable to MERS

In addition, the Town has recorded \$10,262 as a long-term payable to MERS at June 30, 2016. This amount represents prior service costs calculated when the Town entered the plan, as such, the Town has restated beginning net position. The effect of the restatement was to decrease beginning net position and increase accounts payable to MERS as shown in Note 15.

### **D.** Teachers Retirement

### **Plan Description**

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

#### **Benefit Provisions**

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

#### **Normal Retirement**

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

# **Early Retirement**

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

### **Disability Retirement**

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

#### **Contributions**

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

### **Employees**

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the Town reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ 
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town 70,090,168

Total \$ 70,090,168

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014. At June 30, 2016, the Town has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense and revenue of \$5,615,988 in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00%
Salary increase 3.75-7.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return 8.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected 19 years using scale AA, with a two-year setback for males and females for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2010.

Future cost-of-living increases for members who retire on or after September 1, 1992 are assumed to be an annual cost-of-living adjustment of 2%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. equities Developed non-U.S. equities	21.0% 18.0%	5.8% 6.6%
Emerging markets (non-U.S.)	9.0%	8.3%
Core fixed income	7.0%	1.3%
Inflation linked bond fund	3.0%	1.0%
Emerging market bond	5.0%	3.7%
High yield bonds	5.0%	3.9%
Real estate	7.0%	5.1%
Private equity	11.0%	7.6%
Alternative investments	8.0%	4.1%
Liquidity fund	6.0%	0.4%
Total	100.0%	

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$-0- and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

# **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial statements available at www.ct.gov.

#### Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the Town has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

### 12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

## A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements of the Retiree Health Plan (RHP) are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the Town.

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

# **B.** Plan Description

The Town, in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, is committed to providing health and other benefits to certain eligible retirees and their spouses under a single employer plan. The Retirement Benefit Program covers Town, Board of Education, Police and Fire employees. Retired program members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified percentages towards the cost of receiving those benefits under the Town's self-insured medical benefits program. The percentage contribution of the employees and retirees for these benefits vary and are detailed within the Town's various bargaining agreements. The Town does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement for this program.

At July 1, 2014, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Post-Retirement Medical Program
Retired members and spouses Active plan members	111 602
Total Participants	713

# C. Funding Policy

The Town of Branford's funding and payment of postemployment benefits are accounted for in the Retiree Benefits Trust Fund. The Town has established the trust effective July 2009 to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with postemployment benefits in accordance with GASB guidelines. The Town has transferred the assets accumulated in a special revenue fund to the trust fund and will gradually increase future contributions to provide for normal cost and the amortization of the accrued liability while maintaining a negative net OPEB obligation (asset).

The Town's funding strategy for postemployment obligations are based upon characteristics of benefits for the following groups of employees: Police, Fire, Other Municipal Employees, Board of Education certified and Board of Education noncertified. A summary of the plan provisions is as follows:

- Eligibility for benefits for Police and Fire range from 10 to 25 years of service at time of retirement determined by union contract and date of hire.
- Medical benefits for Police and Fire range from 100% cost of coverage for the retiree and 50% coverage for their spouse until the employee's death, 100% coverage for retiree only depending on date of hire and union contract.
- The remaining employee groups are eligible pursuant to their bargaining unit and date of hire to purchase coverage for 100% of the cost set forth for active members within their bargaining unit.
- · Life insurance benefits are not offered.

# D. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The Town's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation:

	Retiree Benefit Program
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 1,847,900 (49,200) 52,900
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	1,851,600 1,560,200
Decrease in net OPEB asset Net OPEB asset at beginning of year	(291,400) 702,400
Net OPEB Asset at End of Year	\$ 411,000

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, are presented below.

Fiscal Annual Year OPEB Ending Cost (AOC)		Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	 Net OPEB Asset		
6/30/16 6/30/15 6/30/14	\$	1,851,600 1,839,800 1,792,600	\$	1,560,200 1,808,700 1,964,000	84.26% 98.31% 109.56%	\$ 411,000 702,400 733,500

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

### **Schedule of Funding Progress**

Actuarial Actuarial Actuarial Actuarial Actuarial Value of Valuation Assets (AAL) Date (a) (b)		 Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	<u>-</u>	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)		
7/1/10	\$	4,134,000	\$ 17,271,300	\$ (13,137,300)	23.94%	\$	39,028,800	(33.66%)
7/1/12		5,856,346	20,977,792	(15,121,446)	27.92%		39,169,500	(38.61%)
7/1/14		9,510,785	22,798,733	(13,287,948)	41.72%		48,861,400	(27.20%)

# **Schedule of Employer Contributions**

	Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
ф	4 0 4 7 0 0 0	0.4.420/
Ф		84.43%
	1,835,900	98.52%
	1,790,500	109.69%
	1,651,000	95.97%
	1,613,400	79.09%
	1,997,300	75.27%
	\$	\$ 1,847,900 1,835,900 1,790,500 1,651,000 1,613,400

In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 7.00% investment rate of return as a trust fund is in existence, which is the rate of the expected long-term investment returns of plan assets calculated based on the funding policy of the plan at the valuation date. The annual healthcare cost trend rate varies by age and between the various groups and ranges from 0% to 4.2%. The general inflation assumption is 9% for 2012, declining 1% per year until 2016, where it is carried at 5% for 2016 and future years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected unit credit on an open basis.

### 13. FUND BALANCES

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

		Major Special Revenue Funds								
		General Fund	_	Capital Projects		Sewer Assessment		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Inventory	\$		\$		\$		\$	33,689	\$	33,689
Prepaid items		16,297								16,297
Permanent fund principal								100,420		100,420
Restricted for:										
Capital projects				13,668,527		2,575,131				16,243,658
Unspent grant balances								2,870,695		2,870,695
Permanent funds								197,487		197,487
Committed to:										
Public works lease		2,971								2,971
General government								426,261		426,261
Public safety								173,739		173,739
Public works and highway								1,708,892		1,708,892
Parks, recreation and libraries								645,666		645,666
Health and human services								701,373		701,373
Education		61,546						7,088		68,634
Assigned to:										
Subsequent year's budget		2,825,000								2,825,000
Purchases on order		425,167								425,167
Unassigned	_	21,286,883	-		<u>.</u>		-	(12,722)	-	21,274,161
Total Fund Balances	\$_	24,617,864	\$	13,668,527	\$	2,575,131	\$	6,852,588	\$	47,714,110

Significant encumbrances of \$472,519, \$4,072,412, \$1,188 and \$530,470 at June 30, 2016 are contained in the above table in the committed and assigned categories of the General Fund, the restricted category of the Capital Projects Fund, the restricted category of the Sewer Assessment Fund, and the restricted and committed categories of the Nonmajor Governmental Funds, respectively.

#### 14. LITIGATION

The Town of Branford, its officers, employees, boards and commissions are defendants in various lawsuits. Following consultation with the Town Attorney and other attorneys advising the Town, Town officials are of the opinion that all pending litigation will not be finally determined so as to result individually or in the aggregate in a final judgment against the Town that would materially adversely affect its financial position.

### 15. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT AND RESTATEMENT

The following restatements were recorded as described in Note 11C:

	_	Net Position	•	Net Pension Liability	•	Payable to MERS
Balance at June 30, 2015, as previously reported	\$	127,750,689	\$	14,726,387	\$	-
Adjustments: Change in method of accounting for contributions Payable related to prior service costs	_	3,748,888 (11,728)	•	(3,748,888)	-	11,728
Balance at July 1, 2015, as Restated	\$_	131,487,849	\$	10,977,499	\$	11,728

### **16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On December 22, 2016, the Town issued \$5,305,000 of general obligation bond anticipation notes with an interest rate of 2.5% maturing on September 21, 2017.

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance
	Original		Final	_	Actual	 Positive (Negative)
Taxes:						
Current Taxes \$	91,648,067	\$	91,648,067	\$	92,889,024	\$ 1,240,957
Interest Income	470,000		470,000		624,619	154,619
Lien Fees	6,200		6,200		6,646	446
Suspense Collections	6,100		6,100		7,927	1,827
Delinquent Taxes	940,000		940,000		948,311	8,311
Warrant Fees	200		200		719	519
Returned Check Fees	25		25		145	120
Attorney Fees	500		500		3,315	2,815
Motor Vehicle Fees		_		_	3,434	 3,434
Total taxes	93,071,092	_	93,071,092	_	94,484,140	1,413,048
Intergovernmental Revenues:						
Education Cost Sharing	1,911,260		1,911,260		2,116,669	205,409
School Transportation	72,554		72,554		64,103	(8,451)
Health and Welfare	7,000		7,000		6,737	(263)
Principal Subsidy	49,104		49,104		49,105	1
Interest Subsidy	5,130		5,130		5,130	-
Circuit Breaker Elderly	200,000		200,000		215,364	15,364
Elderly Tax Relief - Freeze	8,000		8,000		6,000	(2,000)
Disability Exemption	2,700		2,700		2,732	32
Veterans' Reimbursement	26,357		26,357		26,595	238
Pequot Grant	57,632		57,632		56,504	(1,128)
Private Property Exemption	113,146		113,146			(113,146)
State Property Exemption	55,695		55,695			(55,695)
Miscellaneous State Grants	40,000		40,000		29,427	(10,573)
Wildlife Refuge					4,162	4,162
North Branford Probate Fees	4,000		4,000		4,462	462
North Branford Sewer Fees	175,000		175,000		229,925	 54,925
Total intergovernmental revenues	2,727,578		2,727,578		2,816,915	 89,337

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance Positive
		Original	. <u> </u>	Final	. <u> </u>	Actual		(Negative)
Licenses, Permits and Fees:								
Building Permits	\$	470,000	\$	470,000	\$	542,764	\$	72,764
Excavation Permits		4,400		4,400		7,425		3,025
Sewer Connection Permits						165		165
Zoning Board of Appeals		2,000		2,000		2,525		525
Planning and Zoning		23,000		23,000		18,733		(4,267)
Planning and Zoning - DEP Costs		400		400		556		156
Map Copies - Building and Engineering		1,025		1,025		2,602		1,577
Inland Wetlands Applications		12,000		12,000		30,805		18,805
DEP Application Costs						50		50
Education Fee		230		230		494		264
Transfer Station Escrow		90,000		90,000		139,933		49,933
Trip Passes		1,500		1,500		2,761		1,261
Sticker Revenue		10,000		10,000		22,391		12,391
Electrical Revenue Share						18,624		18,624
Permits and Tags - Police		22,000		22,000		3,725		(18,275)
Special Wages - Police		500,000		500,000		519,503		19,503
Fingerprinting Fees						20,153		20,153
False Alarm Fees		6,000		6,000		6,400		400
Pump Out Services		5,000		5,000		7,350		2,350
Town Clerk Other Monies		340,000		340,000		345,177		5,177
Conveyance Taxes		283,000		283,000		398,860		115,860
DEP Licenses - Town Portion		350		350		364		14
Marriage Licenses - Town Portion		2,500		2,500		2,761		261
Dog Licenses		4,000		4,000		4,392		392
Ambulance Service Fees		1,560,000		1,560,000		1,747,404		187,404
Miscellaneous Permits and Fees - Fire Services		1,900		1,900		865		(1,035)
E-Commerce Revenue Share	_	3,000	_	3,000		13,023	_	10,023
Total licenses, permits and fees	_	3,342,305	_	3,342,305		3,859,805		517,500
Interest Income	_	78,000	_	78,000	_	160,697		82,697
Other:								
Willoughby - Wallace Library Fees		6,000		6,000		2,531		(3,469)
Willoughby - Passport Fees		13,000		13,000		6,410		(6,590)
Employee Health Insurance Co-pay		405,000		405,000		548,391		143,391
In Lieu of Taxes - Telephone Access		90,000		90,000		80,891		(9,109)

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Other: (Continued)								
In Lieu of Taxes - SCRW	\$	245,000	\$	245,000	\$	265,087	\$	20,087
Leases		20,000		20,000		27,206		7,206
Elderly Services - Building Usage		1,300		1,300		1,750		450
NGO Revenue						325		325
Recreation Department - Building Usage						500		500
Foote Family Charitable Trust				75,000		75,000		-
Insurance Claims and Refunds		20,000		20,000		85,377		65,377
Miscellaneous Refunds						17,966		17,966
Miscellaneous Income		30,000		30,000		310,901		280,901
Sale of Town Property		115,000		115,000		109,471		(5,529)
Commerce Bank Revenue Share		5,000		5,000		18,737		13,737
Returned Check Fees						115		115
Under Liquidated Encumbrances	_		_		_	36,228		36,228
Total other	-	950,300		1,025,300	-	1,586,886		561,586
Total revenues		100,169,275		100,244,275		102,908,443		2,664,168
Other Financing Sources:								
Transfers in		597,452		597,452		597,452		-
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources	\$	100,766,727	\$	100,841,727	=	103,505,895	\$	2,664,168
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP reven	ues	because:						
State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the			Tea	achers'				
Retirement System for Town teachers are not but	dget	ed.				5,615,988		
Under liquidation of prior year encumbrances is red	cord	ed as miscellar	neo	us				
revenue for budgetary reporting. This amount is								
reporting purposes.						(36,228)		
The Town does not budget for Board of Education	sev	erance fund rev	/eni	ues.		87		
The Board of Education does not budget for certain	a int	ergovernmenta	l ar	ante				
which are credited against education expenditures								
These amounts are recorded as revenues and ex	pen	ditures for finar	ncia	I				
reporting purposes.						421,275	-	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as R	eno	rted on the Stat	em	ent of				
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Ba								
Exhibit IV					\$	109,507,017		
					٠.	,,	=	

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgete	Amounts				Variance	
	Original		Final	_	Actual		Positive (Negative)
General Government:							
Legislative	18,073	\$	18,073	\$	17,857	\$	216
Executive	343,760		350,910		346,488		4,422
Finance	73,436		84,436		81,337		3,099
Treasurer	423,427		423,427		414,579		8,848
Assessor	404,069		404,069		390,656		13,413
Review of Assessment	17,766		17,766		10,571		7,195
Tax Collector	297,169		250,169		216,955		33,214
Town Clerk	245,050		245,050		232,392		12,658
Law	299,250		402,670		402,604		66
Labor Relations Negotiations	70,000		70,000		48,037		21,963
Probate Court	10,700		14,950		14,016		934
Elections	143,522		154,548		154,388		160
Planning and Zoning	290,639		290,639		283,725		6,914
Zoning Board of Appeals	8,622		8,622		6,429		2,193
Economic Development Commission	15,880		15,880		15,504		376
Inland Wetlands Commission	122,332		122,332		121,506		826
General Government Buildings	1,062,099		1,042,099		896,082		146,017
Cable Television	4,200		4,200		4,115		85
Information Technology	667,774		667,774		645,233		22,541
Human Resources	254,813		254,813		198,784	_	56,029
Total	4,772,581		4,842,427	_	4,501,258	_	341,169
Public Safety:							
Police Service	6,091,801		6,084,333		5,810,027		274,306
Police Service - Special Detail	500,000		500,000		385,360		114,640
Fire Protection	5,153,485		5,220,798		5,192,711		28,087
Building Department	170,489		170,489		169,660		829
Total	11,915,775		11,975,620	_	11,557,758		417,862
Public Works and Highways:							
Public Works	2,367,332		2,367,332		2,175,920		191,412
Sanitation and Waste	2,542,091		2,542,091		2,338,542		203,549
General Engineering	313,060		320,771		313,958		6,813
Total	5,222,483		5,230,194	_	4,828,420		401,774

# TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance
	Origin	al	_	Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)
Recreation:								
Branford Recreation Department	\$ 880	,137	\$	955,137	\$	931,999	\$	23,138
Parker Park		,465		71,465		61,604		9,861
Young's Park Commission		,818,		8,818		8,291		527
Docks and Recreational Facilities		,309		20,309		19,204		1,105
Public Celebration		,309		32,309		31,838		471
Conservation Commission		,588		6,588		1,167		5,421
Total	1,019	,626	_	1,094,626		1,054,103		40,523
Libraries:								
James Blackstone Memorial Library	1,282	,711		1,282,711		1,282,711		-
Willoughby-Wallace Library		,614		224,614		215,425		9,189
Total	1,507		_	1,507,325	_	1,498,136		9,189
Health and Welfare:								
Commission for the Elderly	376	,154		376,154		356,333		19,821
East Shore District Health		,701		222,701		222,691		10
Total		,855	_	598,855	· –	579,024		19,831
Board of Education	53,227	,923	_	53,132,182		53,101,882	-	30,300
Pension and Insurance:								
Pension and Contributions	4,061	,023		4,341,023		4,001,183		339,840
Employee Group Insurance	6,379	,954		6,379,954		6,379,947		7
Municipal Insurance	1,968	,512		3,528,512		3,500,683		27,829
Contingency	518	,874		102,129	_			102,129
Total	12,928	,363	_	14,351,618	_	13,881,813		469,805
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement	6,969	,131		6,969,131		6,954,130		15,001
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,197			1,197,460		1,064,664		132,796
Total	8,166		_	8,166,591	-	8,018,794		147,797
Total expenditures	99,359	,522	_	100,899,438	_	99,021,188		1,878,250

(Continued on next page)

# TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budgete	ed A	Amounts	_			Variance
		Original		Final		Actual	_	Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Uses:								
Transfers to Other Funds:								
Special Revenue Fund:								
Animal Control Fund	\$	108,019	\$	108,019	\$	108,019	\$	-
Special Programs Fund				8,713		8,713		-
Cafeteria Fund				60,000		60,000		-
Building Usage Fund				35,741		35,741		-
Sewer Utility Fund		600,000		600,000		600,000		-
Human Services Fund		960,388		960,388		960,388		-
Capital Projects Fund:								
Open Space Fund		26,800		26,800		26,800		-
Revaluation Fund		110,000		110,000		110,000		-
Ambulance		70,000		70,000		70,000		-
Fire Apparatus		125,000		125,000		125,000		-
Elderly Vehicles		30,000		30,000		30,000		-
Communications Fund		50,000		50,000		50,000		-
DPW Apparatus		280,000		280,000		280,000		-
Capital Procurement Fund		1,871,998		2,067,628		2,067,628	-	
Total other financing uses		4,232,205		4,532,289		4,532,289	-	
Total Budgeted Operations	\$	103,591,727	\$	105,431,727	=	103,553,477	\$_	1,878,250
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAF	exi	nenditures beca	ause	ā.				
State of Connecticut on-behalf payments to the								
Retirement System for Town teachers are not						5,615,988		
		.go.ou.				3,010,000		
The Board of Education does not budget for ce	rtair	n intergovernme	enta	ıl grants,				
which are credited against education expendit	ures	for budgetary	repo	orting.				
These amounts are recorded as revenues and	exp	enditures for fi	nan	cial				
reporting purposes.						421,275		
The Town does not budget for Lease fund expe	endi	tures.				253,136		
The Town budgets for Lease fund transfers that	ıt ar	e eliminated un	der	GAAP.		(252,043)		
Encumbrances for purchases and commitment					ea			
in the year the order is placed for budgetary pr	urpo	ses, but in the	yea	r received for		E7 E07		
financial reporting purposes.						57,507		
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as	s Re	norted on the '	Stat	ement of				
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund								
Exhibit IV	Jui	a	0	inai i unuo	\$	109,649,340		
EAGING IV					Ψ	.00,0 10,0 10		

# TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	_	2014	2015	2016
Total pension liability:				
Service cost	\$	579,898 \$	600,194 \$	621,201
Interest		1,838,139	1,906,563	1,990,048
Changes of benefit terms				
Differences between expected and actual experience				(680,737)
Changes of assumptions				991,581
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	_	(1,519,089)	(1,400,569)	(1,564,499)
Net change in total pension liability		898,948	1,106,188	1,357,594
Total pension liability - beginning	_	26,425,916	27,324,864	28,431,052
Total pension liability - ending	_	27,324,864	28,431,052	29,788,646
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions - employer		920,000	898,000	910,500
Contributions - member		282,016	301,069	280,850
Net investment income		2,255,408	40,613	149,903
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	_	(1,519,089)	(1,400,569)	(1,564,499)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,938,335	(160,887)	(223,246)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	19,825,212	21,763,547	21,602,660
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	_	21,763,547	21,602,660	21,379,414
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	5,561,317 \$	6,828,392 \$	8,409,232
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		79.65%	75.98%	71.77%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,462,045 \$	3,462,045 \$	3,576,246
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		160.64%	197.24%	235.14%

# TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT PENSION TRUST FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	 2015	2016
Total pension liability:		
Service cost	\$ 13,044 \$	18,559
Interest	77,644	80,186
Differences between expected and actual experience	(34,725)	
Changes of assumptions	16,764	
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	 (40,957)	(42,937)
Net change in total pension liability	 31,770	55,808
Total pension liability - beginning	 1,116,290	1,148,060
Total pension liability - ending	 1,148,060	1,203,868
Plan fiduciary net position:		
Contributions - employer	62,000	348,000
Net investment income (loss)	(192)	2,651
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	 (40,957)	(42,937)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	 20,851	307,714
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 497,814	518,665
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	518,665	826,379
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 629,395 \$	377,489
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	45.18%	68.64%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ - \$	-
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%

# TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarial	\$	724,592 \$	781,134 \$	773,105 \$	793,742 \$	1,014,103 \$	1,041,413 \$	889,632 \$	903,163 \$	897,106 \$	897,106
determined contribution		784,950	802,960	806,769	1,101,866	887,078	960,000	922,000	920,000	898,000	910,500
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(60,358) \$	(21,826) \$	(33,664) \$	(308,124) \$	127,025 \$	81,413 \$	(32,368) \$	(16,837) \$	(894) \$	(13,394)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,353,416 \$	3,506,873 \$	3,506,876 \$	3,993,027 \$	3,993,027 \$	4,217,112 \$	4,217,112 \$	3,462,045 \$	3,462,045 \$	3,576,246
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		23.41%	22.90%	23.01%	27.59%	22.22%	22.76%	21.86%	26.57%	25.94%	25.46%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Valuation Date: July 1, 2015 Measurement Date: June 30, 2016

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:
Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level percentage of salary - Closed

Remaining amortization period 17 Years

Asset valuation method Asset gains and losses are recognized over a five-year period at 20% per year.

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases Scaled from 9.50% down to 3.5% based on years of service.

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Retirement age Scaled based on age from 20% at age 25 to 100% at age 40
Mortality RP-2014 adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to

valuation date with Scale MP-2015

## TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT PENSION TRUST FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	_	2015	_	2016
Actuarially determined contribution  Contributions in relation to the actuarial	\$	66,924	\$	86,184
determined contribution	_	62,000	_	348,000
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ <sub>_</sub>	4,924	\$_	(261,816)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Valuation Date: January 1, 2015 Measurement Date: June 30, 2015

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level percentage of salary

Remaining amortization period 14 years

period at 20% per year.

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases Volunteer fire plan, no salary

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Retirement age Scaled based on age from 50% at age 65 to 100% at age 70 Mortality RPH-2014 Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 total dataset,

headcount-weighted, projected to the measurement date with

Scale MP-2015.

# TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2015	2016
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	11.25%	0.18%	0.66%

### TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT PENSION TRUST FUND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	2015	2016
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	-0.04%	0.44%

### TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	_	2015	_	2016
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00%		0.00%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	_	64,784,314	_	70,090,168
Total	\$_	64,784,314	\$ <u>_</u>	70,090,168
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$	22,361,702	\$	25,437,705
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		61.51%		59.50%

### **Notes to Schedule**

Changes in benefit terms

Changes of assumptions During 2011, rates of withdrawal, retirement and assumed rates of salary

increases were adjusted to reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the

System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2010.

Amortization method Level percent of salary, closed

None

Remaining amortization period 22.4 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

#### TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$_	1,006,879 \$ 1,006,879	1,107,502 \$ 1,107,502	1,153,600 \$ 1,153,600	1,303,939 \$ 1,303,939	1,683,907 \$ 1,683,907	2,065,555 \$ 2,065,555	2,144,563 \$ 2,144,563	2,224,976 \$ 2,224,976	2,284,715 \$ 2,284,715	2,233,161 2,233,161
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$					
Covered employee payroll	\$	14,281,972 \$	14,727,420 \$	15,218,997 \$	15,843,730 \$	15,915,945 \$	16,149,765 \$	16,458,657 \$	16,641,556 \$	16,787,032 \$	18,444,678
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		7.05%	7.52%	7.58%	8.23%	10.58%	12.79%	13.03%	13.37%	13.61%	12.11%

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: June 30, 2014 Measurement date: June 30, 2015

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, each biennium for the fiscal years ending two and three years after the valuation date.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Single equivalent amortization period 27 years

Asset valuation method 5 years smoothed market (20% write up)

Inflation 3.25%

Salary increases 4.25% - 11%, including inflation Investment rate of return 8%, net of investment related expense

Changes in assumptions: In 2013, rates of mortality, withdrawal, retirement and assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted

to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

### TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	_	2015	2016
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		3.57%	3.29%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	3,519,712 \$	6,345,626
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$	16,787,032 \$	18,444,678
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		20.97%	34.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		90.48%	92.72%

### **Notes to Schedule**

Changes in benefit terms None
Changes of assumptions During

During 2013, rates of mortality, withdrawal, retirement and assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System for the five-year period ended June 30, 2012.

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period 26 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

### TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015

JUNE 30, 2016 AND 2015				
	_	2016	-	2015
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	31,397,294	\$	
Investments Receivables:		7,742,264		4,988,360
Taxes, net of allowance of \$513,617 at June 30, 2016 and 2015		3,062,583		2,813,479
Interest		1,183,780		1,092,820
Intergovernmental		291,368		301,014
Other		565,273		893,988
Prepaid items	_	16,297	-	17,227
Total Assets	\$_	44,258,859	\$	45,918,757
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BA	LA	NCE		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	2,542,059	\$	3,417,701
Due to other funds	Ψ	5,519,009	Ψ	5,139,195
Unearned revenue		727,605		1,018,617
Other	_	149,763	-	106,567
Total liabilities	_	8,938,436	-	9,682,080
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		2,869,073		2,356,212
Unavailable revenue - interest on property taxes		1,183,780		1,092,820
Unavailable revenue - school building grants		61,443		110,548
Advance property tax collections	_	6,588,263	-	7,916,910
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	10,702,559	-	11,476,490
Fund Balance:				
Nonspendable		16,297		17,227
Committed		64,517		65,523
Assigned		3,250,167		3,177,321
Unassigned	_	21,286,883	-	21,500,116
Total fund balance	-	24,617,864	-	24,760,187
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$_	44,258,859	\$	45,918,757

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Grand		Uncollected Taxes	Lawful		Foreclosures and		Transfers to		Adjusted Taxes				Colle	ctic	ons				Uncollected Taxes
List	_	July 1, 2015	 Corrections	-	Adjustments	_	Suspense	-	Collectible		Taxes	_	Interest	_	Liens	-	Total	-	June 30, 2016
2000	\$	21,110	\$	\$	(21,110)	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	_
2001		23,409			, ,				23,409								-		23,409
2002		44,283							44,283		9,809		4,851		48		14,708		34,474
2003		48,090							48,090		10,304		4,684		48		15,036		37,786
2004		47,628							47,628		9,067		3,700		48		12,815		38,561
2005		46,671							46,671		9,655		3,525		48		13,228		37,016
2006		51,907							51,907		9,544		1,079		48		10,671		42,363
2007		61,356							61,356		10,560		873		96		11,529		50,796
2008		90,329							90,329		10,246		463		48		10,757		80,083
2009		107,935							107,935		16,984		7,566		74		24,624		90,951
2010		292,760	357				(105,182)		187,935		63,968		38,049		288		102,305		123,967
2011		441,879	(5,482)						436,397		123,988		60,324		606		184,918		312,409
2012		668,723	66,573						735,296		272,342		96,869		1,474		370,685		462,954
2013		1,381,016	73,142						1,454,158		665,598		145,472		4,761		815,831		788,560
2014	_	94,451,826	 (109,931)	-		-		_	94,341,895	_	92,889,024	_	244,783	_	3,077	-	93,136,884	_	1,452,871
	\$_	97,778,922	\$ 24,659	\$	(21,110)	\$_	(105,182)	\$	97,677,289	•	94,101,089		612,238		10,664		94,723,991	\$	3,576,200
					Suspense Collec	tior	าร			_	7,927	_	12,381	_	146	_	20,454		
					Total					\$_	94,109,016	\$_	624,619	\$_	10,810	\$	94,744,445		

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

	-	General	_	Board of Education Severance Fund	 Lease Fund	 Eliminations	_	Total General Fund
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Other assets	\$	31,332,777 7,742,264 5,103,004 16,297	\$ -	61,546	\$ 2,971	\$	\$	31,397,294 7,742,264 5,103,004 16,297
Total Assets	\$	44,194,342	\$_	61,546	\$ 2,971	\$ -	\$_	44,258,859
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESO	URC	ES AND FUNI	D E	BALANCES				
Liabilities: Accounts and other payables Due to other funds	\$	2,542,059 5,519,009	\$		\$	\$	\$	2,542,059 5,519,009
Unearned revenue Other Total liabilities	_	727,605 149,763 8,938,436	_		 	 	_	727,605 149,763 8,938,436
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					_	, ,
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - interest on property taxe Unavailable revenue - school building grants Advance property tax collections Total deferred inflows of resources	es - -	2,869,073 1,183,780 61,443 6,588,263 10,702,559	-	-	 	 <u>-</u>	-	2,869,073 1,183,780 61,443 6,588,263 10,702,559
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Committed Assigned Unassigned		16,297 3,250,167 21,286,883		61,546	2,971			16,297 64,517 3,250,167 21,286,883
Total fund balances	-	24,553,347	-	61,546	 2,971	 -	_	24,617,864
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	44,194,342	\$_	61,546	\$ 2,971	\$ _	\$_	44,258,859

### TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	General	Board of Education Severance Fund		Lease Fund	Eliminations	_	Total General Fund
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	94,484,140 \$	3	\$		\$	\$	94,484,140
Intergovernmental		8,854,178						8,854,178
Charges for services		3,859,805						3,859,805
Income on investments		160,697	87	7				160,784
Miscellaneous		1,550,658						1,550,658
Total revenues		108,909,478	87	_			_	108,909,565
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		4,500,695			34,852			4,535,547
Public safety		11,606,349						11,606,349
Public works and highway		4,843,322			131,304			4,974,626
Parks, recreation and libraries		2,551,438						2,551,438
Health and human services		577,517						577,517
Education		59,139,145			86,980			59,226,125
Pension and insurance		13,878,697						13,878,697
Debt service	_	8,018,795						8,018,795
Total expenditures	_	105,115,958			253,136		_	105,369,094
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	3,793,520	87	_	(253,136)		_	3,540,471
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		597,452			252,043	(252,043)		597,452
Transfers out		(4,532,289)			,	252,043		(4,280,246)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(3,934,837)			252,043			(3,682,794)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(141,317)	87	7	(1,093)	-		(142,323)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	24,694,664	61,459	)	4,064		_	24,760,187
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	24,553,347 \$	61,546	<u>\$</u>	2,971	\$	\$_	24,617,864

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

	_									:	Spe	cial Revenu	ie								
								Board of	Edu	ucation											
	<u> </u>	Water Assessment		Adult Education Program		Day Care		Educational Grants		Cafeteria		Energy Efficiency		Building Usage		Small Cities Fund		Town Aid Road	Pass Through Grants	. <u>l</u>	Park and Recreation
ASSETS																					
Cash and cash equivalents Investment Accounts receivable	\$	10,643 6,143	\$	35,816	\$	414,139	\$	444,902	\$	102,918	\$	140	\$	4,432	\$	313,406 400,406	\$	1,438,048	\$	\$	788,032
Intergovernmental receivable		0,140						291,540		62,579						400,400					
Due from other funds Inventory	_				_			96,002		33,689	_		_								
Total Assets	\$_	16,786	\$_	35,816	\$_	414,139	\$_	832,444	\$_	199,186	\$_	140	\$_	4,432	\$_	713,812	\$_	1,438,048	\$	\$_	788,032
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE																					
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$		\$	8,345	\$	15,489	\$	192,524	\$	178,219	\$		\$		\$	276,068	\$		\$	\$	34,279
Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	_	-	. –	8,345	_	15,489	· –	461,452 653,976		178,219	_	-	_	-		276,068					243,040 277,319
Deferred Inflows of Resources:																					
Unavailable revenue - special assessments Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Total deferred inflows of resources	_	6,143		-	- -	-	_	-		-	- -	-	. <u>-</u>	-	· -	400,406 400,406		-		· <u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Fund Balance: Nonspendable								178,468		33,689						37,338		1,438,048			
Restricted Committed Unassigned		10,643		27,471		398,650		178,468		(12,722)		140		4,432		37,338		1,438,048			510,713
Total fund balance	_	10,643	_	27,471	_	398,650	_	178,468	-	20,967	_	140	_	4,432	- -	37,338		1,438,048		-	510,713
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of																					
Resources and Fund Balance	\$_	16,786	\$_	35,816	\$_	414,139	\$_	832,444	\$	199,186	\$_	140	\$_	4,432	\$	713,812	\$_	1,438,048	\$	\$_	788,032

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

								Specia	al Revenu	e						
	-	pecial ograms	Counseling Center		Willoughby Wallace Library	Elderly Commission		Animal Control	Foote	Sewer Utility Fund		EMA Fund	LOCIP Fund		Human Services Fund	Total
ASSETS																
Cash and cash equivalents Investment Accounts receivable	\$ 1,1	158,759	\$ 56,059	\$	16,764 118,514	\$ 469,038	\$	188,039 \$	2,656	545,215 183,581	5 1	03,140		\$	223,973 \$	6,497,536 663,729 590,130
Intergovernmental receivable Due from other funds Inventory		2,560 9,272	13,863			1,187				479,434 368,235			367,514		138,979	1,342,606 488,559 33,689
Total Assets	\$1,1	170,591	\$ 69,922	\$_	135,278	\$ 470,225	\$_	188,039 \$	2,656	\$ 2,303,097	<u>1</u>	03,140	\$ 367,514	_ \$_	362,952 \$	9,616,249
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE																
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue		56,890	\$ 7,812		325		\$	14,300 \$		\$ 136,255 280,000	<b></b>	;	\$ 367,514		57,029 \$ 13,863 122,881	977,676 661,377 827,373
Total liabilities		56,890	7,812		325	141	_	14,300		416,255	_		367,514		193,773	2,466,426
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - special assessments Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Total deferred inflows of resources					<u>-</u> _		· _			188,593					<u>-</u> _	194,736 400,406 595,142
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted	1 1	113,701									1	03,140				33,689 2,870,695
Committed Unassigned		. 10,701	62,110	_	134,953	470,084		173,739	2,656	1,698,249					169,179	3,663,019 (12,722)
Total fund balance	1,1	113,701	62,110		134,953	470,084	_	173,739	2,656	1,698,249	1	03,140	-		169,179	6,554,681
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of																
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ <u>1,1</u>	170,591	\$ 69,922	\$_	135,278	\$ 470,225	\$_	188,039 \$	2,656	\$ 2,303,097	§ <u>1</u>	03,140	\$ 367,514	\$_	362,952 \$	9,616,249

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

					Perma	nent	Fund							
	_	Damascus Cemetery	Leshine Scholarship		Caspar Block Scholarship	_	Gustaf Nelson Memorial		Caspar Block Special Recreation Grant	 Total	_	Transfers/ Interfunds	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS														
Cash and cash equivalents Investment Accounts receivable Intergovernmental receivable Due from other funds Inventory	\$	5,106 186,965	\$ 4,453	\$	5,190	\$	35,843	\$	60,350	\$ 110,942 186,965 - - -	\$	(368,235)	\$	6,608,478 850,694 590,130 1,342,606 120,324 33,689
Total Assets	\$_	192,071	\$4,453	\$_	5,190	\$_	35,843	\$_	60,350	\$ 297,907	\$_	(368,235)	\$_	9,545,921
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE														
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$ 		\$ 	\$ 		\$ 		\$	<u>=</u>	\$ - - - -	\$	(368,235)	\$	977,676 293,142 827,373 2,098,191
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - special assessments Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		 	-	· _	-			 -	<u>-</u>	-	_	194,736 400,406 595,142
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balance	_	1,500 190,571 192,071	4,000 453 4,453		5,000 190 5,190	· -	30,000 5,843 35,843	- <u>-</u>	59,920 430 60,350	100,420 197,487 - - 297,907	_			134,109 3,068,182 3,663,019 (12,722) 6,852,588
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ <u>_</u>	192,071	\$ <u>4,453</u>	\$_	5,190	\$	35,843	\$_	60,350	\$ 297,907	\$_	(368,235)	\$_	9,545,921

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_					S	pecial Revenue	!				
					Board of	Education						
		Water assessment	Adult Education Program	Day Care	Educational Grants	Cafeteria	Energy Efficiency	Building Usage	Small Cities	Town Aid Road	Pass Through Grants	Park and Recreation
Revenues:												
Assessment income Intergovernmental revenues Sales and services Investment income	\$	404	\$ 60,038 3	\$ 477,027 61	\$ 3,030,202	\$ 539,314 17,401	\$	\$	306,325 21,010 52	\$ 728,396 827	\$ 359,693	428,694 582
Other		40										38,661
Sale of food Total revenues	_	444	60,041	477,088	3,030,202	614,690 1,171,405			327,387	729,223	359,693	467,937
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works and highway										624,459		
Parks, recreation and libraries Health and human services Education Capital outlay			58,113	439,752	3,382,488	1,274,613		35,741	306,425		359,693	450,173
Total expenditures	_	-	58,113	439,752	3,382,488	1,274,613		35,741	306,425	624,459	359,693	450,173
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		444	1,928	37,336	(352,286)	(103,208)	-	(35,741)	20,962	104,764	-	17,764
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out						60,000		35,741				
Net Change in Fund Balances		444	1,928	37,336	(352,286)	(43,208)	-	-	20,962	104,764	-	17,764
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		10,199	25,543	361,314	530,754	64,175	140	4,432	16,376	1,333,284		492,949
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	10,643	\$ 27,471	\$ 398,650	\$ 178,468	\$ 20,967	\$ 140	\$ 4,432 \$	37,338	\$ 1,438,048	\$ <u> </u>	510,713

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

					S	pecial Revenu	ie				
	Special Programs	Counseling Center	Willoughby Wallace Library	Elderly Commission	Animal Control	Foote	Sewer Utility Fund	FEMA Fund	LOCIP Fund	Human Services Fund	Total
Revenues:											
Assessment income	\$	\$ \$		\$ \$	\$	\$	2,661,409 \$	\$	\$	\$	2,661,813
Intergovernmental revenues	476,392		309		109,472		156,366	1,179		122,322	5,829,970
Sales and services	17,500				43,402		639,181			450,157	2,154,410
Investment income	559	78	10,141	1,187	85		968				14,543
Other	501,534	99,819	13,445	8,408	8,197		4,616		367,514		1,042,234
Sale of food											614,690
Total revenues	995,985	99,897	23,895	9,595	161,156	<del>-</del>	3,462,540	1,179	367,514	572,479	12,317,660
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General government	58,870										58,870
Public safety	258,531				247,145						505,676
Public works and highway	180,437				, -		2,642,507	11,994			3,459,397
Parks, recreation and libraries	,		10,644				,- ,	,			460,817
Health and human services	124,453	91,514	,	4,629						1,363,688	2,250,402
Education	110,736	0.,0		.,020		21,475				.,000,000	5,322,918
Capital outlay	110,700					21,170			367,514		367,514
Total expenditures	733,027	91,514	10,644	4,629	247,145	21,475	2,642,507	11,994	367,514	1,363,688	12,425,594
Total experiences			.0,0	.,020	211,110		2,0 .2,00.	,	00.,0	.,000,000	12,120,001
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
over Expenditures	262,958	8,383	13,251	4,966	(85,989)	(21,475)	820,033	(10,815)	-	(791,209)	(107,934)
0.1											
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	8,713				400.040		000 000			000 000	4 770 004
	,				108,019		600,000			960,388	1,772,861
Transfers out	(11,797)	<del></del> .					(927,452)	<del></del>		<del></del> -	(939,249)
Net Change in Fund Balances	259,874	8,383	13,251	4,966	22,030	(21,475)	492,581	(10,815)	-	169,179	725,678
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	853,827	53,727	121,702	465,118	151,709	24,131	1,205,668	113,955			5,829,003
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$1,113,701_	\$ 62,110 \$	134,953	\$ 470,084 \$	173,739 \$	2,656 \$	1,698,249 \$	103,140 \$	\$	169,179 \$	6,554,681

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

					Perma	nent	Fund						
	_	Damascus Cemetery	-	Leshine Scholarship	spar Block cholarship	_	Gustaf Nelson Memorial	_	Caspar Block Special Recreation Grant		Total		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:													
Assessment income Intergovernmental revenues Sales and services	\$		\$		\$	\$		\$		\$		\$	2,661,813 5,829,970 2,154,410
Investment income Other Sale of food		4,880		6	7		51		86		5,030		19,573 1,042,234 614,690
Total revenues	_	4,880		6	7	_	51	_	86		5,030	_	12,322,690
Expenditures: Current:													
General government Public safety Public works and highway Parks, recreation and libraries									1,941		1,941		58,870 505,676 3,459,397 462,758
Health and human services Education Capital outlay		150		125			500		1,2 1		150 625		2,250,552 5,323,543 367,514
Total expenditures	_	150		125	-	_	500	_	1,941		2,716	_	12,428,310
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		4,730		(119)	7		(449)		(1,855)		2,314		(105,620)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	_		-			_							1,772,861 (939,249)
Net Change in Fund Balances		4,730		(119)	7		(449)		(1,855)		2,314		727,992
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	187,341	-	4,572	 5,183	_	36,292	_	62,205	_	295,593	_	6,124,596
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	192,071	\$	4,453	\$ 5,190	\$_	35,843	\$	60,350	\$	297,907	\$	6,852,588

## TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT INTERNAL SERVICE FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Medical Fund		Workers' Compensation Revenues		Heart and Hypertension Fund	Total
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,644,171	\$	3,434,003	\$	1,251,562	\$ 18,329,736
Accounts receivable	_	271,891					271,891
Total assets		13,916,062		3,434,003		1,251,562	18,601,627
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		98,360		370			98,730
Claims incurred not reported	_	918,000		1,264,244		1,172,864	3,355,108
Total liabilities	_	1,016,360		1,264,614	,	1,172,864	3,453,838
Net Position:							
Unrestricted	\$_	12,899,702	\$	2,169,389	\$	78,698	\$ 15,147,789

# TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT INTERNAL SERVICE FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Medical		Workers' Compensation		Heart and Hypertension		
	_	Fund	•	Revenues		Fund	. <u>-</u>	Total
Operating Revenues:								
Contributions for benefits	\$	12,826,019	\$	2,604,397	\$	380,000	\$	15,810,416
Others	_	365,996	_	308,955	_		_	674,951
Total operating revenues		13,192,015		2,913,352		380,000	_	16,485,367
Operating Expenses:								
Benefit claims		9,683,378		1,149,188		50,823		10,883,389
Claims administration	_	1,616,243		83,990			_	1,700,233
Total operating expenses	_	11,299,621		1,233,178		50,823	_	12,583,622
Operating Income (Loss)		1,892,394		1,680,174		329,177		3,901,745
Nonoperating Income - Interest Income	_	13,590		1,361		313	_	15,264
Change in Net Position		1,905,984		1,681,535		329,490		3,917,009
Net Position at Beginning of Year	_	10,993,718		487,854		(250,792)	. <u>-</u>	11,230,780
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	12,899,702	\$	2,169,389	\$	78,698	\$_	15,147,789

## TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Medical Fund	<u>-</u>	Workers' Compensation Fund	,	Heart and Hypertension Fund	_	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	•						•	
Cash received for benefits	\$	13,303,862	\$	2,913,352	\$	380,000	\$	16,597,214
Cash paid for benefits and administration	_	(11,189,085)	_	(1,457,280)		(182,638)	_	(12,829,003)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		2,114,777		1,456,072		197,362		3,768,211
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:								
Interest income	_	13,590	_	1,361	,	313	-	15,264
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,128,367		1,457,433		197,675		3,783,475
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		11,515,804		1,976,570		1,053,887		14,546,261
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	13,644,171	\$_	3,434,003	\$	1,251,562	\$_	18,329,736
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	1,892,394	\$	1,680,174	\$	329,177	\$	3,901,745
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Changes in balance sheet accounts:								
(Increase) decrease in receivables		111,847						111,847
Increase (decrease) in payables	_	110,536	_	(224,102)		(131,815)	_	(245,381)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$_	2,114,777	\$_	1,456,072	\$	197,362	\$_	3,768,211

### TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

		Pension Trust Funds		Retiree Benefits Trust Fund		Total
Assets:	_				-	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	554,280	\$	483,861	\$	1,038,141
Investments - mutual funds		9,951,468		8,003,830		17,955,298
Investments - bonds		11,622,192		3,453,232		15,075,424
Accounts receivable		77,853			_	77,853
Total assets	_	22,205,793		11,940,923	<del>-</del>	34,146,716
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	_		i	6,763	-	6,763
Net Position: Held in Trust for Pension or Retiree Benefits	\$	22,205,793	\$	11,934,160	\$	34,139,953

### TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Pension Trust Funds	Retiree Benefits Trust Fund	_	Total
Additions: Contributions:					
Employer Plan members	\$	1,258,500	\$ , ,	\$	2,818,682
Total contributions	-	280,850 1,539,350	568,988 2,129,170	-	849,838 3,668,520
Net investment income (loss)	_	152,554	62,472	_	215,026
Total additions	_	1,691,904	2,191,642	_	3,883,546
Deductions: Benefits Administration	_	1,607,436	947,270 29,684	_	2,554,706 29,684
Total deductions	_	1,607,436	976,954	_	2,584,390
Change in Net Position		84,468	1,214,688		1,299,156
Net Position at the Beginning of Year	-	22,121,325	10,719,472	_	32,840,797
Net Position at the End of Year	\$_	22,205,793	\$ 11,934,160	\$_	34,139,953

### TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	<u>J</u>	Balance uly 1, 2015	_	Additions	-	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2016
Branford Conservation Commission							
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	1,599	\$ <u>_</u>	2	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 1,601
Liabilities:  Due to students, employees and other groups	\$ <u></u>	1,599	\$ <sub>=</sub>	2	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 1,601
Shellfish Commission							
Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents	\$	229,002	\$ <sub>_</sub>	16,761	\$	12,052	\$ 233,711
Liabilities:  Due to students, employees and other groups	\$ <u></u>	229,002	\$ <u>_</u>	16,761	\$	12,052	\$ 233,711
Academy-On-The-Green							
Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u></u>	20,326	\$ <u>_</u>	29	\$	368	\$ 19,987
Liabilities:  Due to students, employees and other groups	\$ <u></u>	20,326	\$ <u>_</u>	29	\$	368	\$ 19,987
Branford Medical Transit							
Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u></u>	52,505	\$_	8,360	\$	2,057	\$ 58,808
Liabilities: Due to students, employees and other groups	\$ <u></u>	52,505	\$ <u>_</u>	8,360	\$	2,057	\$ 58,808

## TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2016
Commission on Services For the Elderly				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>139,985</u> \$	<u>81,867</u> \$	68,089	\$153,763_
Liabilities:  Due to students, employees and other groups	\$ <u>139,985</u> \$	<u>81,867</u> \$	68,089	\$153,763_
Student Activity Funds				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$660,353\$_	1,118,304 \$	1,155,371\$	623,286
Liabilities:  Due to students, employees and other groups	\$ 660,353 \$	1,118,304 \$	1,155,371 \$	623,286
<b>Developer Bond Funds</b>				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>415,043</u> \$	<u>88,160</u> \$	51,467	\$\$
Liabilities:  Due to students, employees and other groups	\$ <u>415,043</u> \$	<u>88,160</u> \$	51,467	\$\$
Total All Funds				
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>1,518,813</u> \$	1,313,483_ \$	1,289,404	\$1,542,892_
Total Assets	\$ 1,518,813 \$	1,313,483 \$	1,289,404	\$1,542,892
Liabilities:  Due to students, employees and other groups	\$ <u>1,518,813</u> \$	1,313,483_ \$	1,289,404	\$1,542,892_
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,518,813 \$	1,313,483 \$	1,289,404	\$ 1,542,892

287,758

### TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF DEBT LIMITATION JUNE 30, 2016

In Thousands

Total tax collections (including Treasurer for the year end Total tax collections (including (estimated))  Reimbursement for revenue Elderly tax relief	ed Ju	une 30, 201 erest and li	6	,		cipa	alities	\$	94,744 1,169 6
Base								\$_	95,919
		General Purpose		Schools	Sewers		Urban Renewal		Pension Deficit
Debt limitation: 2-1/4 times base 4-1/2 times base	\$	215,819	\$	431,638	\$	\$		\$	

Total debt limitation	215,819	431,638	359,698	311,738	287,758
Indebtedness:					
Bonds payable	925	2,598	33,479		
Bonds authorized and					
unissued	10,821	89,191	1,000		
School building					
grants receivables		(61)			

91,728

11,746

Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding and Authorized Debt

Total indebtedness

3-3/4 times base

3-1/4 times base

3 times base

<u>204,073</u> \$ <u>339,910</u> \$ <u>325,219</u> \$ <u>311,738</u> \$ <u>287,758</u>

34,479

359,698

311,738

Note 1: In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation: \$671,436.