Financial Statements and Supplemental Schedules

Town of Branford

Year Ended June 30, 2006 With Independent Auditors' Report

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JUNE 30, 2006

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Scully & Wolf, LLP / Certified Public Accountants / Glastonbury, Connecticut 06033

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Finance Town of Branford Branford, Connecticut

Dear Members of the Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Branford, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Branford, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2006 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 10 and 43 through 48 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Scully * Wolf LLP

October 27, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

This discussion and analysis of the Town of Branford, Connecticut's ("Town") financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX. All amounts in this MD&A are expressed in thousands unless otherwise noted.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net assets of our governmental activities increased by \$7,379, or 11.2 percent.
- During the year, the Town had expenses that were \$7,379 less than the \$90,246 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs.
- Total cost of all of the Town's programs was \$82,867 with no new programs added this year.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$15,064.
- The resources available for appropriation were \$2,502 more than budgeted for the General Fund. Expenditures were kept within spending limits.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibit III to IX. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the Town as a whole begins on Exhibit I and II. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net assets and changes in them. The Town's net asset, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the Town reports its activities:

• *Governmental activities* – The Town's basic services are reported here, including education, public safety, public works and highway, parks, recreation and libraries, health and human services, pension and insurance, and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the Town establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (like the Sewer Assessment Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants, and other money (like grants received from the State of Connecticut). The Town's funds are divided into three categories; governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

- Governmental funds (Exhibit III and IV) Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.
- *Proprietary funds (Exhibit V, VI, and VII)* When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. Internal service funds (a component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the Town's other programs and activities such as the Town's Workers' Compensation Fund, Heart and Hypertension Fund, and Medical Fund.
- *Fiduciary funds (Exhibit VIII and IX)* The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plan. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets. These activities are excluded from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Town's combined net assets increased from a year ago increasing from \$65,949 to \$73,328. The analysis below focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and changes in net assets (Table 2) of the Town's governmental activities.

Table 1 Net Assets			
	Governmental <u>Activities</u> <u>2006 2005</u>		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 42,645 <u>100,960</u>	\$ 37,333 <u>96,147</u>	
Total assets	143,605	133,480	
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities	58,647 <u>11,630</u>	59,467 <u>8,064</u>	
Total liabilities	70,277	67,531	
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	44,011	40,402	
Restricted	239	230	
Unrestricted	29,078	25,317	
Total net assets	<u>\$ 73,328</u>	<u>\$ 65,949</u>	

Branford experienced an increase in net assets of its governmental activities of 11.2 percent as compared to the prior year. Unrestricted net assets – the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – changed from \$25,317 at June 30, 2005 to \$29,078 at the end of this year.

This change in unrestricted governmental net assets was primarily due to increases in the Town's cash position generated by positive results of operations and investments in capital assets. The net assets invested in capital assets, net of debt increased from \$40,402 to \$44,011. This was the result of significant capital asset acquisition during the year. Examples include acquisitions of an ambulance, fire boat, and DPW rolling stock. Additionally there were roof replacements at Indian Neck and Pine Orchard schools and construction in progress payments related to sewer collection and improvements to Cedar Street, Maple Street, Pages Cove and Damascus Road pump stations. In FY 2006 \$25.4 million was transferred from construction in progress to buildings and equipment as upgrades to the Waste Water Treatment Plant and Central, Route 139, and Sybil Creek pump stations were completed.

Table 2 Changes In Net Assets		
	Governr <u>Activ</u> 2006	
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 7,327	\$ 6,995
Operating grants and contributions	8,343	7,286
Capital grants and contributions	2,787	673
General revenues:		
Property taxes	68,744	65,170
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific purposes	1,371	1,518
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,606	694
Other general revenues	68	159
Total revenues	90,246	82,495
Program expenses:		
General government	4,772	4,599
Public safety	8,763	8,352
Public works and highway	8,559	7,912
Parks, recreation and libraries	2,320	2,224
Health and human services	1,902	1,759
Education	48,329	46,506
Pension and insurance	6,061	5,719
Interest and debt service	2,161	2,158
Total program expenses	82,867	79,229
Increase in net assets	<u>\$ 7,379</u>	<u>\$ 3,266</u>

The Town's total revenues were \$90,246. The total cost of all programs and services was \$82,867. Our analysis which follows considers the operations of governmental activities.

Governmental Activities

The General Fund contributed significantly to the Town's overall increase in net assets. Total revenues were \$2,502 higher than budgeted. Of this amount, \$1,447 resulted from strong property tax collections that include prior year levies, interest and penalties. Taxes on the current levy exceeded the budget by \$1,143 as the Town experienced its highest collection rate in 17 years. Charges for services produced revenues that exceeded the budget by \$760. The Town Clerk's Office continued to experience heavy activity in the number of deeds recorded. In addition, the Town conservatively anticipated Town Clerk conveyance fees resulting in an increase of \$510 over budget. Increased activity related to the disposal of septage, North Branford sewer fees, building permit activity and added investment income due to higher short term rates also positively influenced this category and offset shortfalls from declines in solid waste and police extra duty activity.

Expenditures were \$1,506 less than anticipated. The primary factors contributing to the expenditure balance relate to a decline in solid waste and police extra duty activity coupled with positive developments relating to insurance renewals which are generally determined after the budget is adopted. In addition Board of Education expenditures were \$228 less than budgeted. Finally, vacancies in various departments produced savings in direct wages and pension costs.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Town's five largest programs – police, fire, public works, education, and parks and recreation – as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Go	Table 3 overnmental A	ctivities		
	Total Cost	of Services	Net Cost of	f Services
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
General government	\$4,772	\$4,599	\$2,864	\$2,738
ublic safety	\$8,763	\$8,352	\$6,640	\$6,639
ublic works and highway	\$8,559	\$7,912	\$5,705	\$5,964
ducation	\$48,329	\$46,506	\$39,753	\$39,585
ension and insurance	\$6,061	\$5,719	\$5,732	\$5,510

TOWN FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental Funds

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet – Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$18,772, which is an increase from last year's total of \$16,137. Included in this year's total change in fund balance, is an increase of \$993 in the Town's General Fund. The primary reasons for the General Fund's increase are reflected in the governmental activities analysis highlighted above.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Town's general fund budget remained essentially unchanged. Actual final expenditures plus encumbrances totaled \$78,690. Unexpended appropriations in public safety, public works, education and pension and insurance coupled with smaller unexpended balances from other areas produced a favorable variance of \$1,506. During the year, the Town was able to appropriate an additional \$819 to fund various pay as you go capital projects and to eliminate a pension liability from the Connecticut Municipal Employees Retirement Fund. Revenues totaled \$79,734 and as stated earlier this amount reflects strong tax collections and charges for services.

The Town's General Fund balance of \$15,065 reported on Exhibit III differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$14,786. This is principally because budgetary fund balance does not include \$279 of prepaid items and outstanding encumbrances at year end which are reported as expenditures for budgetary purposes.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2006, the Town had 100,960 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, vehicles and equipment – Table 4. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$4,813 or 5.0 percent, over last year.

Table 4 Capital Assets at Year-end (Net of Depreciation)						
Cupital Assets al Tear-ena (Nel 6) Deprecial	<i>ion)</i>					
		nmental				
	2006 <u>Act</u>	<u>ivities</u> 2005				
	2000	2000				
Land	\$ 8,961	\$ 8,752				
Land improvements	441	464				
Buildings	76,442	52,166				
Machinery and equipment	8,841	8,964				
Construction in progress	6,115	25,697				
Infrastructure	160	104				
Totals	\$100,960	\$96,147				

The Town has not implemented the provisions of the GASB Statement #34 which require the reporting of infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2002. Infrastructure reporting will begin by the transitional due date.

The Town's fiscal-year 2006-07 budget as adopted does not contemplate any major additions to capital assets. However, the town anticipates authorizing bonds during the 2006-07 fiscal year for various sanitary and pump station improvements as well as open space and school roofs. In addition, expenditures for improvements to the wastewater collection system will move from the construction in progress category to the building category. More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in Note 1 and Note 6 to the financial statements.

Long-term debt

At June 30, 2006 the Town had \$50,804 in bonds and notes outstanding versus \$51,262 last year – an increase of \$458 or 1 percent. The Town issued \$4.1 million in bonds this year of which \$3.5 million was for open space projects with the balance to fund roofs and sewer improvements.

The Town's general obligation bond rating from Moody's Investor Services a national rating agency increased from Aa3 to Aa2, and represents the second rating increase from Moody's since 2001. In addition the Town's rating from Standard & Poor's remained AA+ after an increase in FY 2005. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that cities can issue based on formula determined under State Statutes based on type of debt and tax base. The Town's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below this state-imposed limit of \$488 million.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when adopting the fiscal-year 2006-2007 budget and corresponding tax rates. The Branford economy compared favorably to the State and the region as measured by a current unemployment rate of 3.4 percent. This compares favorably to a State rate of 4.5 percent and a national rate of 4.4 percent. Town officials confronted a number of unique and vexing challenges while formulating the budget including, but not limited to, the uncertainty with regard to State assistance and a continued shift in the tax burden to residential property owners exacerbated by the recent revaluation; increasing energy costs and tax appeals. Faced with these challenges, Town officials felt compelled to constrain the increase in the Town's tax requirements. In developing the budget the Town established the following budget guidelines that provided the rational underpinnings for many of the budgetary decisions: maintain the current level of existing services while refraining from adding new programs; fund current and future liabilities; preserve the undesignated fund balance; continue to invest in new vehicles and equipment to ensure continued service delivery; preserve the Town's investment in its properties and buildings; and to continue to fund many capital items on a pay-as-you-go basis so as to limit the amount of outstanding debt.

As a result of these efforts and adherence to the above guidelines, Branford adopted a General Fund budget of \$83,215 for 2006-2007 which represents an increase of \$3,019 or 3.8 percent as compared to the 2005-2006 amended budget. Increased property taxes (benefiting from the 2005 rate increases and increases in assessed valuations) of \$3,427 will offset a portion of this amount coupled with an appropriated fund balance of \$2,150.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, Town of Branford, PO Box 150, 1019 Main Street, Branford, Connecticut 06405 or visit the Branford's web site at www.Branford-ct.gov

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29,493,975
Investments	210,872
Receivables, net	12,879,477
Due from Fiduciary Funds - Agency Fund	5,571
Inventory	9,335
Prepaid items	46,022
Capital assets, not being depreciated	15,077,053
Capital assets being depreciated - net of accumulated depreciation	85,882,631
Total assets	143,604,936
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts and other payables	3,344,051
Unearned revenue	3,009,624
Due to Fiduciary Funds - Pension Fund	417
Clean Water notes	4,866,877
Other	408,667
Due within one year	6,216,791
Due in more than one year	52,430,288
Total liabilities	70,276,715
NET ASSETS:	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	44,010,868
Expendable	143,827
Nonexpendable	95,420
Unrestricted	29,078,106
Total net assets	\$ 73,328,221

	STA	TEMEN	T OF A	ACTIVI	TIES	
FOR	THE	YEAR	ENDED	JUNE	30,	2006

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	PROGRAM REVENUES. OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
Governmental activities:					
General government Public safety Public works and highway Parks, recreation and libraries Health and human services Education	\$ 4,772,091 8,763,436 8,559,091 2,320,000 1,901,641 48,329,011	\$1,882,411 1,550,191 1,182,214 357,223 475,280 1,550,705	\$ 25,276 573,465 324,860 2,684 506,889 6,685,006	\$1,347,238 1,100,000 340,079	\$ (2,864,404) (6,639,780) (5,704,779) (860,093) (919,472) (39,753,221)
Pension and insurance Interest and debt service	6,061,056 2,161,027	328,959	224,436	540,075	(5,732,097) (1,936,591)
Total governmental activities	\$82,867,353	\$7,326,983	\$8,342,616	\$2,787,317	(64,410,437)
د د	Grants and Unrestricte	contributions not read investment earning	stricted to specific p	programs	68,744,130 1,370,927 1,606,082 68,045
	Total ge	neral revenues			71,789,184
	Change	e in net assets			7,378,747
	Net assets, Ju	aly 1, 2005			65,949,474
	Net assets, Ju	nne 30, 2006			\$ 73,328,221

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GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2006

	GENERAL	CAPITAL PROJECTS	SEWER ASSESSMENT	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTA FUNDS
<u>A S S E T S</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (Net)	\$20,964,288 10,131,335	\$ 1,991,960 450,000	\$1,123,022 1,332,603	\$4,006,930 210,872 965,539	\$28,086,20 210,87 12,879,47
Due from other funds Inventories Prepaid items	322,863	1,956,951		281,422 9,335	2,561,23 9,33 24,48
TOTAL	\$31,442,971	\$4,398,911	\$2,455,625	\$5,474,098	\$43,771,60
LIABILITIES AND <u>FUND BALANCES</u>					
Liabilities: Accounts and other payables	\$ 1,966,695	\$ 823,608	\$ 1,723	\$ 242,690	\$ 3,034,71
Due to other funds	2,383,161 11,619,805	262,171	1,332,603	161,805 929,621	2,807,13 13,882,02
Clean water notesOther	408,667	4,866,877			4,866,87 408,66
Total liabilities	16,378,328	5,952,656	1,334,326	1,334,116	24,999,42
Fund balances (deficit): Reserved	278,198	1,144,416		104,755	1,527,36
Unreserved, reported in:	,	1,144,410		104,735	
General Fund Special Revenue Funds Capital Project Fund	14,786,445	(2,698,161)	1,121,299	3,891,400	14,786,44 5,012,69 (2,698,161
Permanent Funds		(2,000,101)		143,827	143,82
Total fund balances (deficit)	15,064,643	(1,553,745)	1,121,299	4,139,982	18,772,17
TOTAL	\$31,442,971	\$ 4,398,911	\$2,455,625	\$5,474,098	

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds	10,893,942
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and	
liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets	594,833
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not	
reported in the funds	(57,892,417)
	(,,,
	â 70 000 001
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 73,328,221

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	GENERAL	CAPITAL PROJECTS	SEWER ASSESSMENT	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$68,805,528				\$68,805,528
Assessments and interest			\$ 530,217	\$ 52,523	582,740
Intergovernmental	6,642,750	\$ 452,500		3,483,557	10,578,807
Charges for services	4,692,503			1,938,976	6,631,479
Income on investments	1,381,136	9,989	27,306	120,079	1,538,510
Contributions		1,132,761			1,132,761
Miscellaneous	842,546			141,771	984,317
Total revenues	82,364,463	1,595,250	557,523	5,736,906	90,254,142
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	4,414,332			34,443	4,448,775
Public safety	8,093,664			299,854	8,393,518
Public works and highway	6,471,572		11,155	685,787	7,168,514
Parks, recreation and libraries	1,889,897			338,581	2,228,478
Health and human services	1,420,611			476,716	1,897,327
Education	42,911,741			3,841,851	46,753,592
Pension and insurance	6,649,586				6,649,586
Capital outlay	54,029	7,491,502			7,545,531
Debt service	6,315,520		259,569	58,476	6,633,565
Total expenditures	78,220,952	7,491,502	270,724	5,735,708	91,718,886
xcess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	4,143,511	(5,896,252)	286,799	1,198	(1,464,744)
ther financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	150,500	2,505,400		795,317	3,451,217
Transfers out	(3,300,717)	(500)	(150,000)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(3,451,217
Proceeds from bonds	(3) 3000 / 11/ /	4,100,000	(100,000)		4,100,000
		1/200/000			1,200,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,150,217)	6,604,900	(150,000)	795,317	4,100,000
et change in fund balances	993,294	708,648	136,799	796,515	2,635,256
und balance (deficit), July 1, 2005	14,071,349	(2,262,393)	984,500	3,343,467	2,000,200
			·		
und balance (deficit), June 30, 2006	\$15,064,643	\$(1,553,745)	\$1,121,299	\$4,139,982	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in th allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. T in the current period	he statement of ac his is the amount	tivities, the co by which capita	ost of those asset L outlays exceede	d depreciation	3,641,142

in the current period In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold. This is the amount of loss on disposals...... Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds...... Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(30,714)

(34, 764)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$1,407,775
Total assets	1,787,146
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts and other payables	20,364
Risk management claims	1,043,633
Due to other funds	128,316
Total liabilities	1,192,313
NET ASSETS:	
Unrestricted	\$ 594,833

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
	Operating revenues:	
	Contributions for benefits Other	\$1,470,181 88,579
	Total operating revenues	1,558,760
	Operating expenses: Benefit claims Claims administration	771,296
S	Total operating expenses	882,199
	Operating income	676,561
	Nonoperating revenue: Income on investments	67,572
	Change in net assets	744,133
	Total net assets, July 1, 2005	(149,300)
	Total net assets, June 30, 2006	\$ 594,833

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
Cash flows from (to) operating activities:	
Cash received from operating funds Cash payments to providers of benefits and administration Cash received for other	\$ 1,122,303 (1,009,479)
Net cash provided by operating activities	201,403
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Income on investments	67,572
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2005	268,975 1,138,800
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2006	\$ 1,407,775
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 676,561
Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(64,294) (410,864)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 201,403

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

	PENSION TRUST FUND	AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$12,108,674 3,592 <u>417</u>	\$ 787,796 326,929
Total assets	12,112,683	\$1,114,725
LIABILITIES: Due to students and others Due to other funds		\$1,109,154 5,571
Total liabilities		\$1,114,725
NET ASSETS: Held in trust for pension benefits	\$12,112,683	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS PENSION TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Additions: Contributions: Employer Plan members Other	\$ 675,000 192,549 417
Total contributions	867 , 966
Investment income: Net depreciation in fair value of investments. \$(157,089) Interest and dividends	
Net investment income	314,199
Total additions	1,182,165
Deductions: Benefits	
Total deductions	671 , 459
Net increase	510,706
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits, July 1, 2005	11,601,979
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits, June 30, 2006	\$12,112,683

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2006

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Branford (the "Town") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town is incorporated under the provisions of the Statutes of the State of Connecticut. The Town operates under a Representative Town Meeting/Board of Selectmen form of Government and provides the following services as authorized by its Charter: Administrative, Public Safety, Public Works, Health and Welfare, Recreation, Libraries, Education and Public Improvements.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The various funds included in the financial statements are described below:

Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed.

General Fund - the primary operating fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, state and federal grants, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income.

Special Revenue Funds - account for revenue derived from specific sources (other than major capital projects) that are restricted by legal and regulatory provisions to finance specific activities.

Capital Project Funds - account for all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities not being financed by proprietary funds.

Permanent Funds - used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the Town's programs.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. These funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resoures measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. The following are the Town's proprietary funds:

Internal Service Funds - account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or agencies of the Town on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Workers' Compensation Fund, the Heart and Hypertension Fund, and the Medical Fund are the Town's internal service funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements. The fiduciary funds are as follows:

Pension Trust Fund - accounts for the Branford Retirement System.

Agency Funds - are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the financial resources for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

The Sewer Assessment Fund is used to account for the financial resources related to the sewer assessment projects.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for the self insured activities of the Town.

The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the Branford Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified Town employees.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Town has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between certain Town's functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's internal service funds are charges to customers for benefits. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and certain other investments as described in Note 4.

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Allowances for uncollectibles are computed based on historical data.

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1 and billed the following July. Property taxes are payable in two installments on July 1 and January 1. Automobile levies and amounts under \$100 are due in one installment. Motor vehicle supplemental bills are payable on January 1. Payments not received within one month after the due date become delinquent, with interest charged at the rate of 1-1/2% per month. Assessments for real and personal property, excluding motor vehicles, are computed at seventy percent of the market value. Unpaid balances at June 30 are liened. An amount of \$638,529 has been established as an allowance for uncollectible taxes. At June 30, 2006 this represents 24.7% of all property taxes receivable.

F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	45
Land improvements	20
Infrastructure	20-60
Vehicles	6-12
Office equipment	7-10
Computer equipment	5-7

H. Compensated Absences

Unused sick leave may be accumulated for certain employees up to a limit ranging from 50 to 225 days, depending upon the contracts in force, for each department in the Town until termination, retirement or death at which time payments will be made. The liability is reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. Payments at termination are charged to the General Fund.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Significant bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net assets governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds". The details of this \$57,892,417 difference are as follows:

Bonds payable	\$32,775,000
Unamortized deferred charges	(481,699)
Clean Water Fund notes	18,510,242
Accrued interest payable - bonds	258,829
Landfill closure	1,203,000
Compensated absences	3,994,619
Termination benefits	805,587
Capital leases payable	796,697
Accrued interest payable - leases	30,142
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net	

assets - governmental activities	417
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Another element of that reconciliation states that "certain long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore, are deferred in the funds". The details of this \$10,893,942 difference are as follows:

Property taxes	\$ 1,750,632
Accrued interest on property taxes	860,814
Housing loans	645,375
School building grants	6,181,726
Assessments	1,433,858
Net pension asset	21,537
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net	
assets - governmental activities	\$10,893,942

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense". The details of this \$3,641,142 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 6,350,086
Depreciation expense	(2,708,944)
Not adjustment to increase not changes in fund belances total governmental	

Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental	
funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 3,641,142

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities". The details of this \$942,711 difference are as follows:

Principal repayments:	
Lease payments	\$ 81,131
General obligation debt	3,665,000
Clean Water notes	980,492
Termination benefits	402,793
Deferred charges	(86,705)
Bonds issued	(4,100,000)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental	
funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 942,711

Another element of that reconciliation states that "some revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in governmental funds". The details of this \$(34,764) difference are as follows:

Property tax receivables	\$ (173,487)
Accrued interest receivable	112,089
Housing loans receivable	
School Building grants	(862,963)
Assessments	(311,072)
Contributions capital assets	1,201,715
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total governmental	
funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (34,764)

3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

A budget for the General Fund and certain Special Revenue Funds are authorized annually by the Town. The Board of Finance recommends and the Representative Town Meeting (RTM) approves the budget.

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reported in the financial statements for the General Fund and specific Special Revenue Funds (Sewer Assessment, Water Assessment, Open Space Fund, Board of Education Program Fund and Day Care). As required by Town Charter, the Board of Finance holds a public hearing to review and discuss the proposed annual Town budget no later than two weeks before the Annual Budget Meeting of the Representative Town Meeting (RTM). The Board of Finance then recommends and submits a formal annual appropriations budget to the RTM. The RTM must take action on the adoption of the appropriations recommended by

the Board of Finance at the Annual Budget Meeting, which must be held no later than the Friday following the second Tuesday of May. Thereafter, but no later than June 1, the Board of Finance shall determine the rate of taxation for the ensuing fiscal year.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the line item level for all budgeted funds. The Board of Finance, upon the request of individual departments, offices or agencies, may approve and must recommend all transfers to the Representative Town Meeting (RTM). No recommended transfer by the Board of Finance shall be effective unless approved by the RTM. There were supplemental appropriations of \$819,500 of this year.

All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end except for those in the Capital Projects Fund. Appropriations for these funds are continued until completion of the applicable projects, which often last more than one fiscal year.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

B. Deficit Fund Equity

Fund Balance Deficit

The Capital Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$1,553,745. The deficit will be funded by future transfers, grants or bonding.

4. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute, or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit in an "out of state bank", as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository".

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: (1) obligations of the United States and its agencies; (2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof; and (3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds does not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment

portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

A. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The following is a summary of cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2006:

Deposits:	
Demand accounts	\$ 6,893,645
Certificates of deposit	7,690,144
Money Market accounts	3,440,028
Total deposits	18,023,817
Petty cash accounts	900
Cash equivalents:	
State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF)	596,482
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	9,895,147
MBIA, Inc Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (CLASS)	1,765,425
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$30,281,771

Deposits

At June 30, 2006 the carrying amount of the Town deposits was \$18,023,817 and the bank balance was \$20,084,731.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. Of the June 30, 2006 bank balance, \$1,124,475 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with Federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk based capital ratio. A minimum of \$1,996,025, based on June 30, 2006 deposits, was collateralized (collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department is not in the Town's name). The balance of deposits of \$16,964,231 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. At June 30, 2006 the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$12,257,054. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

	Standard <u>and Poor's</u>	Moody's <u>Investor Service</u>	Fitch <u>Ratings</u>
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund*	AAAm		
MBIA, Inc. – Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (CLASS)	AA	Aaa	AAA

*Not rated

B. Investments

Investments as of June 30, 2006 in all funds are as follows:

Investment Type	Fair <u>Value</u>	Weighted Average <u>Maturity (Years)</u>
Interest Bearing Investments:		
Corporate bonds	\$ 4,018,466	4.34
U.S. government obligations		17.22
Other debt securities	2,028,153	28.47
Other Investments:		
Common stock	22,978	
Police Pension Fund and Volunteer Firemen's Pension:		
Open ended mutual funds and exchange traded funds	6,047,042	
TOTAL	\$12,646,475	
Portfolio weighted average maturity for interest bearing		
investments		12.81

Interest Rate Risk – The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – Investments - As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Town has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The following table provides a summary of the Town's investments (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

	Fair <u>Value</u>	Standard <u>and Poor's</u>
Corporate bonds	\$470,394	AAA
	\$247,363	AA
	\$514,525	AA-
	\$1,621,058	A+
	\$1,165,126	А
Other debt securities	\$2,028,153	AAA

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Town's investment policy does not allow for an *investment* in any one private corporation debt issuer that is in excess of five percent of the Town's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2006, the Town had uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent valued at \$4,571,280 that were not in the Town's name.

5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	<u>General</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	Sewer <u>Assessment</u>	Nonmajor and Other <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:					
Interest	\$ 860,814				\$ 860,814
Taxes	2,588,169				2,588,169
Accounts	543,233			\$ 31,035	574,268
Special assessments			\$1,332,603	101,255	1,433,858
Intergovernmental	6,777,648	\$450,000		187,874	7,415,522
Loans				645,375	645,375
Pension contribution.				3,592	3,592
Gross receivables	10,769,864	450,000	1,332,603	969,131	13,521,598
Less: allowance for					
uncollectibles	(638,529)				(638,529)
Net total receivables	\$10,131,335	\$450,000	\$1,332,603	\$969,131	\$12,883,069

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>	<u>Unearned</u>
Delinquent property taxes receivable	\$ 1,750,632	
Accrued interest	860,814	
Special assessments not yet due	1,433,858	
Grant drawdowns and unearned fees		\$ 516,835
School Building grants	6,181,726	
Housing loans	645,375	
Advance tax collections and over collections		2,492,789
Total deferred/unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$10,872,405	\$3,009,624

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Net <u>Transfers</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land.	\$ 8,751,969		\$ 209,700		\$ 8,961,669
Construction in progress		\$(24,770,918)	5,188,808		6,115,384
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated	34,449,463	(24,770,918)	5,398,508		15,077,053
		()	-))		-)
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	71,132,233	24,436,955	1,471,734		97,040,922
Improvements other than buildings.	882,115		9,681		891,796
Machinery and equipment	18,051,719	333,963	613,396	\$(228,283)	18,770,795
Infrastructure	105,231		58,482		163,713
Total capital assets being depreciated	90,171,298	24,770,918	2,153,293	(228,283)	116,867,226
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	18,966,171		1,632,854		20,599,025
Improvements other than buildings	418,074		32,508		450,582
Machinery and equipment.	9,087,629		1,040,129	(197,569)	9,930,189
Infrastructure	1,346		3,453	()	4,799
			-)		,
Total accumulated depreciation	28,473,220		2,708,944	(197,569)	30,984,595
Total capital assets, being	(1 (00 070	24 770 010	(555 (51)	(20.714)	05 000 (21
depreciated, net	01,098,078	24,770,918	(555,651)	(30,714)	85,882,631
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	\$96 147 541	\$ - 0 -	\$4 842 857	\$ (30 714)	\$100,959,684
ussets, net	Ψ70,1 1 7,5 1 1	ψ -0-	ψτ,υτ2,037	$\psi(50,714)$	ψ100, <i>757</i> ,004

The Town has not implemented the provisions of GASB Statement 34 which require reporting of infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2002.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 110,810
Public safety	
Public works	773,002
Parks, recreation and libraries	53,897
Health and welfare	34,146
Education	1,322,103
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$2,708,944

Construction Commitments

The Town has active construction projects as of June 30, 2006. The projects include:

<u>Project</u>	<u>Appropriation</u>	Cumulative <u>Expenditures</u>	Encumbrances	Available <u>Balance</u>
Palmerwood Pump Station	\$2,115,000	\$239,710		\$1,875,290
Stony Creek Pier	\$400,000	\$400,100		\$(100)
Clean Water/WWTP		\$32,426,279		\$393,173
Elementary School Renovation	\$12,819,000	\$12,819,000		
High School Renovations	\$26,577,000	\$26,554,022		\$22,978
1996/1997 Capital Projects	\$474,761	\$467,661		\$7,100
Police Station	\$3,970,000	\$3,970,000		
Trolley Trail	\$51,235	\$49,002		\$2,233
Sidewalks and Curbs	\$777,600	\$755,841		\$21,759
Ambulance Fund	\$534,520	\$501,391		\$33,129
Fire Apparatus Fund	\$1,811,702	\$1,576,358	\$85,550	\$149,794
Technology Upgrade (High School)	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000		
Structural Remediation	\$150,000	\$148,009		\$1,991
Town Hall Renovation	\$3,615,000	\$3,566,192	\$5,819	\$42,989
Willoughby Wallace	\$940,000	\$940,000		
Bender Property Acquisition	\$2,100,000	\$1,345,401		\$754,599
Tabor Drive Acquisition	\$2,500,000	\$1,763,845	\$6,178	\$729,977
EPA Consent Decree	\$9,520,000	\$3,688,524	\$827,381	\$5,004,095
School Roofs	\$500,000	\$466,928	\$13,915	\$19,157
Branford High School Track	\$400,000	\$32,226		\$367,774
Queach Property Acquisition	\$3,795,000	\$35,663		\$3,759,337
2006 Capital Projects	\$2,591,951	\$1,684,839	\$172,586	\$734,526
DPW Apparatus	\$218,100	\$158,123		\$59,977

7. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2006, are as follows:

Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable	<u>Amount</u>
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	\$ 46,422
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	167,376
General Fund	Internal Service Fund	128,316
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Capital Project Fund	235,000
Capital Project Fund	General Fund	1,956,951
General Fund	Capital Project Fund	27,171
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	379,371
Pension Fund	General Fund	417
		¢2.041.024
IUIAL		\$2,941,024

All interfund receivables and payables are the result of regularly recurring transactions and represent temporary balances.

Interfund transfers:

	Transfer In				
	General <u>Fund</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	Nonmajor <u>Governmental</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Transfer out: General Fund Capital Projects Sewer Assessment	\$ 500 _150,000	\$2,505,400	\$795,317	\$3,300,717 500 150,000	
Total transfers out	\$150,500	\$2,505,400	\$795,317	\$3,451,217	

All transfers represent routine transactions that occur annually to move resources from one fund to another.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds.	\$32,340,000	\$4,100,000	\$3,665,000	\$32,775,000	\$3,915,000
Clean water notes	19,490,734		980,492	18,510,242	1,000,327
Less deferred amounts:					
Refunding bonds	(568,404)		(86,705)	(481,699)	
Total bonds and notes payable	51,262,330	4,100,000	4,558,787	50,803,543	4,915,327
Landfill closure	1,185,000	18,000		1,203,000	121,100
Compensated absences	3,667,882	326,737		3,994,619	209,209
Risk management claims	1,265,516	-	221,883	1,043,633	483,548
Capital leases	877,828		81,131	796,697	84,814
Termination benefits	1,208,380		402,793	805,587	402,793
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$59,466,936	\$4,444,737	\$5,264,594	\$58,647,079	\$6,216,791
	<i>\$27</i> ,100,750	\$1,11,757	<i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>	\$20,017,079	<i>\$</i> 0, 2 10,771
A schedule of bonds and notes outstanding at June 30, 2006 is presented below:

	Balance July 1, 2005	Issued	<u>Retired</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2006</u>
General Obligation:				
School, 4.0-5.0%, mature in 2008	\$ 1,316,500		\$ 484,500	\$ 832,000
School, 5.9-7.9%, mature in 2009	819,000		205,000	614,000
School, 4.5-6.25%, mature in 2017	2,400,000		800,000	1,600,000
School, 4.0-5.0%, mature in 2019	7,792,000		756,000	7,036,000
School, 2.0-4.1%, mature in 2015	7,620,000		105,000	7,515,000
Public improvement, 4.0-5.0%, mature in			-	
2008	291,000		107,500	183,500
Public improvement, 5.9-7.9%, mature in				
2009	475,000		120,000	355,000
Public improvement, 4.0-5.0%, mature in				
2019	6,333,000		549,000	5,784,000
Public improvement, 3.375-5.0%, mature				
2019		\$3,800,000		3,800,000
Public improvement sewer, 3.375-5.0%				
mature in 2016		300,000		300,000
Public improvement sewer, 4.0-5.0%,				
mature in 2019	4,235,000		290,000	3,945,000
Special Assessment:				
Sewer, 4.0-5.0%, mature in 2008	86,500		32,000	54,500
Sewer, 5.9-7.9%, mature in 2009	706,000		175,000	531,000
Water, 4.0-5.0%, mature in 2008	31,000		11,000	20,000
Water, 6.8-7.5%, mature in 2012	235,000		30,000	205,000
Total bonds	32,340,000	4,100,000	3,665,000	32,775,000
State of Connecticut, Water, 2%, mature in				
2013	118,250		14,091	104,159
State of Connecticut, Water, 2%, mature in	110,200		1,091	101,109
2019	935,257		62,273	872,984
State of Connecticut, Water, 2%, mature in	, ,		,-,-,-	··-,· · ·
2022	18,437,227		904,128	17,533,099
			, -	· · · ·
Total bonds and notes	\$51,830,734	\$4,100,000	\$4,645,492	\$51,285,242

In prior years, the Town has defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provided for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the Town's financial statements. At June 30, 2006, \$7,200,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2007	\$ 4,915,327	\$ 2,172,158	\$ 7,087,485
2008	5,085,519	1,971,969	7,057,488
2009	4,516,117	1,587,090	6,103,207
2010	4,037,131	1,230,028	5,267,159
2011	4,108,570	1,085,516	5,194,086
2012-2016	18,541,549	3,126,588	21,668,137
2017-2021	8,521,085	677,909	9,198,994
2022-2025	1,559,944	20,881	1,580,825
TOTAL	\$51,285,242	\$11,872,139	\$63,157,381

The following is a summary of debt maturities for repayment of bonds and notes.

Clean Water Fund Notes

The Town is currently participating in a Capital Project (Wastewater Design Project) under the State of Connecticut Clean Water Fund established in accordance with Section 22a-477 of the General Statutes of Connecticut. The Clean Water Fund is administered by the State Department of Environmental Protection and provides grant and loan funds to municipalities for "eligible water quality project costs". The balance of temporary notes outstanding is \$4,866,877. The notes will be converted to permanent financing in the future. The notes carry an interest rate of 2%.

General Obligation Bonds and Notes

All bonds and notes are classified as general obligations of the Town.

Bonds Authorized Unissued

The Town had bonds authorized unissued for various projects as follows:

<u>Project</u>	<u>Authorization</u>	Bonds Previously Issued and <u>Paydowns</u>	Bonds Authorized <u>Unissued</u>
Bender Property	\$2,100,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,100,000
EPA Consent Fund	\$9,520,000	\$660,000	\$8,860,000
School Roof	\$500,000	\$300,000	\$200,000
Queach Property	\$3,795,000		\$3,795,000

Bond Anticipation Notes

On February 7, 2006, the Town retired \$3,605,000 of bond anticipation notes which were originally issued on June 15, 2005.

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	<u>Debt Limit</u>	(thousands) Indebtedness*	Balance
General purpose	\$156,976	\$11,222	\$145,754
Schools	\$313,952	\$11,615**	\$302,337
Sewers	\$261,626	\$32,201	\$229,425
Urban renewal	\$226,743		\$226,743
Pension deficit	\$209,301		\$209,301

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation \$488,369.

- * Includes bonds authorized unissued (\$10,160) and excludes water bonds of \$225.
- ** Total school indebtedness has been reduced by State of Connecticut Building Grants commitments of \$6,182.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related including torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks, but, as of July 1, 2000, has chosen to retain the risks for workers' compensation claims. The Town's claims for risks covered by insurance have not exceeded covered losses during the past three years.

The Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund is utilized to report the self-insurance activity. Webster Insurance administers the plan, for which the Town pays a fee. The Town's general government and the Board of Education, contribute based on estimates using historical data. The Town covers all claims up to \$250,000 per employee per year with a stop-loss policy covering amounts exceeding the limit.

The claims liability of \$776,989 reported in the Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2006 is based on the *Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10*, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. Changes in the claims liability were as follows for the last two years:

	Liability July 1,	Current Year Claims And Changes <u>In Estimates</u>	Claim <u>Payments</u>	Liability June 30,
2005-06	\$961,506	\$694,004	\$878,521	\$776,989
2004-05	\$810,411	\$866,146	\$715,051	\$961,506

The Heart and Hypertension Fund was established to account for the self insured activities of the Town related to heart and hypertension claims. The claims liability of \$266,644 at June 30, 2006 is based on the *Government Accounting Standards Board Statement #10*, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. Changes in the claims liability are as follows:

	Current Year Claims			
	Liability July 1,	And Changes <u>In Estimates</u>	Claim <u>Payments</u>	Liability June 30,
2005-06	\$304,010	\$77,292	\$114,658	\$266,644
2004-05	\$354,363	\$46,980	\$97,333	\$304,010

The Town created the Medical Self-Insurance Fund at the end of the year. No expenses were incurred in fiscal year 2006. The fund will be used to pay claims for prescription drug costs and dental benefits.

10. BULKY WASTE LANDFILL

The Town Landfill at the intersection of Tabor Drive and Marshall Road no longer accepts municipal solid waste, yet continues to accept bulky waste from the Town transfer station, and serves as a Department of Environmental Protection (DEP)-approved site for placement of soils with certain contaminants.

State and Federal laws and regulations require the Town of Branford to place final cover on the landfill, and each year the Town appropriates funds for the placement of final cover on completed sections. In the 2006 fiscal year a major closure project was concluded with the entire top, considered the "Inactive Portion" of the landfill, reaching Substantial Completion by July 15, 2005. To date, \$966,500 has been appropriated and approximately \$1,202,000 was expended. Approximately 90% of the total area of the landform has had final cover applied.

The Town received a \$400,000 grant from the DEP to cap the top of the landfill, with all money now received, including the final \$145,500 in fiscal 2006. It is anticipated that the placement of bulky waste will continue at the front of the landfill until calendar 2008, with closure costs incurred primarily in fiscal 2009. Annual appropriations will continue to be placed in a special revenue fund for the final cover for this front section when it no longer receives waste. The balance of this account is currently \$193,000. Based upon engineer's estimates, with a 25% escalator for recent fuel increases, it is anticipated that future closure costs will be \$270,000 for total final cover costs of \$1,472,000, including funds already spent, but not including post-closure costs. The Town is required to monitor and maintain the landfill for thirty years after closure. The estimated annual cost for this postclosure activity is \$31,100. These costs will be funded through the General Fund on an annual basis. Regulatory changes or acceleration of the schedule for closure of the landfill may require additional appropriations for the accelerated completion of the installation of final cover.

A 77 acre parcel located north of the active landfill was acquired by the Town through eminent domain in 2004. It overlays a portion of, and may be impacted by, the leachate plume originating from the landfill. Since houses had been proposed by a developer on this site, the Town took the proactive stance of purchasing the property to preclude incompatible development, since control of the plume and of any off-site gas migration is required. Environmental investigations and mitigation have begun on this property, with funds for the project on this adjoining acreage provided by bond proceeds which are separately addressed here, but not totaled in past or future closure costs below. Environmental investigations on this large parcel are not confined to the area presumed to be impacted by the landfill, so only costs directly attributable to mitigation of landfill impacts are mentioned in this note. No money was spent in the current fiscal year on environmental mitigation. Routine quarterly testing of wells on this parcel are now included in operating costs and in future monitoring costs.

Summary of Estimated Total Cost of Remaining Closure and Postclosure Care

Final Cover Cost (\$90,000 x 3 fiscal years)	\$	270,000
Postclosure Care Costs (30 years):		
Inspection and Maintenance of Final Cover (\$15,400 annually)		462,000
Monitoring Program, Groundwater and Methane (\$15,700 annually)		471,000
TOTAL	\$1	,203,000

11. JOINT VENTURES

Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee

The Town is a participant with thirteen (13) other cities and towns in a joint venture, the Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee (BRRFOC). The BRRFOC was created pursuant to an Inter-Community Agreement to exercise certain rights on behalf of contracting municipalities in dealing with the waste to energy plant built by Ogden Martin Systems of Bristol, Inc. (now Covanta Bristol, Inc.) The governing board consists of Town officials appointed by each of the participating municipalities, and assumes all the management decisions. The Town of Branford has an obligation to appropriate funds in amounts necessary to fulfill its obligations created pursuant to the Intercommunity Agreement dated as of August 15, 1985. These obligations deal with guarantees to meet certain tonnage requirements. The Town expenditures to the BRRFOC amounted to \$873,461 this year. General Fund unreserved, undesignated fund balance for fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 as reflected in the BRRFOC's financial statements is \$10.3 million. A complete set of financial statements for BRRFOC can be obtained from the administrative office at 43 Enterprise Drive, Bristol, Connecticut.

Under the Service Agreement, the service fee is an obligation of the Contracting Muncipalities to which each has pledged its full faity and credit. Should any Contracting Municipality default in its obligation to pay the service fee, the other Contracting Municipalities shall have an obligation to continue to pay the aggregate service fee. If the Company does not perform its obligations under the service agreement, and Ogden Corporation (now Covanta Bristol, Inc.) fails to perform such obligations pursuant to its guarantee, the Contracting Municipalities have certain rights to terminate the service agreement and, upon termination, would no longer be obligated to pay the service fee.

By special legislation enacted in 2001, Special Act No. 01-10 "An Act to Permit the Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee to Finance Projects and Refund Previously Issued Bonds", the Committee is permitted to finance projects including additions, renovations or improvements to the Facility, recycling facility and similar activities reqired to provide solid waste and recycling services to the Contracting Communities. The total amount of bonds issued by the Committee and outstanding at any time cannot exceed \$100,000,000.

12. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

Police Employees Retirement Plan

A. Plan Description

The Town of Branford is the administrator of a single-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) established and administered by the Town to provide pension benefits for its police officers. The PERS is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial reports as a Pension Trust Fund.

The Town provides police retirement benefits through a single employer, contributory, defined benefit plan. Under the plan, all regular members of the Police Department are eligible. Participants are 100% vested after five (5) years of service. The retirement benefit is calculated at 2% of the highest annual salary out of the last three (3) years immediately prior to retirement multiplied by up to 33 1/3 years of service. Police officers are required to contribute 6% of their base salaries to the PERS. The Plan provides for automatic post-retirement increases on Retiree Pensions up to a maximum of 66 2/3% of pay. If an employee leaves covered employment before five (5) years of service, accumulated employee contributions and related investment earnings are refunded. Benefits and contributions are established by the Town and may be amended only by the Representative Town Meeting.

At July 1, 2005, PERS membership consisted of:

Retirees, disabled and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	31
Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	3
Active Plan Members	49
TOTAL	83

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting: PERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed.

Method Used to Value Investments: Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchange of investments are recognized on the transaction date. There are no investments in any organization that represent 5% or more of net assets available for benefits.

C. Funding Status and Progress

Police officers are required to contribute 6.0% of base pay to the PERS. The Town is required to contribute the amounts necessary to finance the coverage for its employees as determined by its actuaries; the contribution rate for the current year was 21.1% of covered payroll.

A change was made in he most recent valuation to reduce the investment rate of return assumption from 8% to 7.75%. The effect of this change was to increase the current annual cost by approximately \$58,000 and to increase the unfunded accrued liability by \$465,000.

D. Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligations

The Town's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Town's Retirement System for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution Interest on net pension obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	(8,492)
Annual pension cost Contributions made	
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation Net pension obligation beginning of year	
Net pension obligation (asset) end of year	<u>\$ (21,537)</u>
The following is a summary of certain significant actuarial assumptions and other PERS	information:
Actuarial valuation date	July 1, 2005
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method	Level dollar
Remaining amortization period	27 years closed
Asset valuation method	4 years smoothed asset value
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return Projected salary increases Assumed inflation rate	5.0%

E. Trend Information

Fiscal Year <u>Ended</u>	Annual Pension <u>Cost (APC)</u>	Percentage of APC <u>Contributed</u>	Net Pension Obligation <u>(Asset)</u>	Actual <u>Contribution</u>
6/30/04	\$486,576	362.0%	\$62,767	\$1,765,000
6/30/05	\$502,665	134.3%	\$(109,568)	\$675,000
6/30/06	\$762,430	88.5%	\$(21,537)	\$675,000

F. Pension Plan Required Supplementary Information

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets <u>(a)</u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability(AAL) Entry Age <u>(b)</u>	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) <u>(a-b)</u>	Funded Ratio <u>(a/b)</u>	Covered Payroll <u>(c)</u>	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll <u>((a-b)/c)</u>
7/01/01	\$9,550,035	\$13,326,943	\$(3,776,908)	71.7%	\$2,601,817	145.2%
7/01/03	\$9,593,076	\$12,551,982	\$(2,958,906)	76.4%	\$2,827,161	104.7%
7/01/05	\$11,206,696	\$15,525,603	\$(4,318,907)	72.2%	\$3,353,416	128.8%

Schedule of Funding Progress

Schedule of Employer Contributions

	Annual	
Year	Required	Percentage
Ended	Contribution	Contributed
6/30/00	\$670,195	107.3%
6/30/01	\$642,000	102.8%
6/30/02	\$665,040	104.5%
6/30/03	\$751,507	100.0%
6/30/04	\$490,583	359.7%
6/30/05	\$502,901	134.2%
	,	

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is presented in Section D above.

Municipal Employees' Retirement System

All Town of Branford full-time employees, except the Police Department employees, elected officials and certified teachers and administrators, participate in the Connecticut Municipal Employee's Retirement Fund B (MERF), a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to the employees and beneficiaries of participating municipalities. Chapter 113 Part II of the General Statutes of Connecticut, which can be amended by legislative action, establishes PERS benefits, member contribution rates, and other plan provisions. MERF is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106 or by calling 860-702-3480.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required by State Statute to contribute 2-1/4% of earnings upon which Social Security tax is paid plus 5% of earnings on which no Social Security tax is paid. Each participating municipality is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 6.85% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the Town are established and may be amended by the State Retirement Commission. The Town's contributions to MERF for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$535,636, \$681,892, and \$504,235, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Teacher Retirement

All Town of Branford teachers participate in the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System under Section 10.183 of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut which has a multiple employer PERS. A teacher is eligible to receive a normal retirement benefit if he or she has:

- . Attained age sixty and has accumulated twenty years of credited service in the public schools of Connecticut, or;
- . attained any age and has accumulated thirty-five years of credited service, at least twenty-five years of which are service in the public schools of Connecticut.

The Board of Education withholds 7.25% of all teachers' annual salaries and transmits the funds to the State Teachers' Retirement Board. Teacher payroll subject to retirement amounted to \$17,658,050 or 44.6% of the total Town payroll of \$39,579,599.

The retirement system for teachers is funded by the State based upon the recommendation of the Teachers' Retirement Board. Such contribution includes amortization of actuarially computed unfunded liability. The Town does not have any liability for teacher pensions. For the year ended June 30, 2006 the Town has recorded in the General Fund, intergovernmental revenue and education expenditures in the amount of \$2,477,607 as payments made by the State of Connecticut on-behalf of the Town.

The State of Connecticut Teacher Retirement System is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106.

13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Town of Branford is currently a defendant in a number of lawsuits. It is the opinion of Town officials and legal counsel that such pending litigation will not be finally determined so as to result individually or in the aggregate in a final judgement against the Town which would materially adversely affect its financial position.

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE FAVORABLE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE	
Taxes:					
Current Taxes	\$66,143,488	\$66,143,488	\$67,286,696	\$1,143,208	
Interest Income	550,000	550,000	535,669	(14,331	
Lien Fees	8,000	8,000	18,929	10,929	
Suspense Collections	9,000	9,000	17,517	8,51	
Delinquent Taxes	648,000	648,000	930,513	282,513	
Attorney Fees			4,120	4,120	
Foreclosure Fees			12,084	12,084	
Total	67,358,488	67,358,488	68,805,528	1,447,040	
Intergovernmental Revenues:					
Education Cost Sharing	1,346,994	1,346,994	1,295,968	(51,02	
School Transportation	210,083	210,083	209,468	(61	
Health and Welfare	-	·	31,173	31,17	
Principal Subsidy	719,751	719,751	953,042	233,29	
Interest Subsidy	224,432	224,432	224,436		
Adult Education	20,868	20,868	,	(20,86	
Circuit Breaker Elderly	200,000	200,000	219,229	19,22	
Elderly Tax Relief - Freeze	20,000	20,000	16,804	(3,19	
Boat Exemption	98,245	98,245	98,245		
Disability Exemption	3,000	3,000	2,544	(45	
Veterans' Reimbursement - State	25,000	25,000	20,247	(4,75	
Manufacturing PILOT Grant	390,000	390,000	354,382	(35,61	
Pequot Grant	107,088	107,088	108,109	1,02	
Private Property Exemption	120,597	120,597	121,539	94	
State Property Exemption	44,979	44,979	51,521	6,54	
State Counseling Grants	130,000	130,000	117,072	(12,92	
Miscellaneous State Grants	,	,	1,296	1,29	
COPS Fast	30,000	30,000	_, 0	(30,00	
FEMA Grants	,	,0	26,928	26,92	
Wild Life Refuge			10,077	10,07	
Total	3,691,037	3,691,037	3,862,080	171,04	

	BUDGET	ED AMOUNTS		VARIANCE FAVORABLE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE	
Licenses, Permits and Fees:					
Oil Burner Permits	\$ 100	\$ 100		\$ (100	
Building Permits	325,000	325,000	\$ 611,840	286,840	
Excavation Permits	6,000	6,000	6,210	210	
Electrical Permits	23,000	23,000	48,768	25,768	
Plumbing Permits	17,000	17,000	35,628	18,628	
Heating, Air Conditioning and Ventilation Permits	21,000	21,000	39,189	18,189	
Sewer Connection Permits	150	150	208	58	
Other Licenses and Permits	700	700	375	(325	
Zoning Board of Appeals	7,500	7,500	13,499	5,999	
Planning and Zoning	15,000	15,000	21,074	6,074	
Map Copies - Building and Engineering	2,000	2,000	1,228	(772	
Inland Wetlands Applications	35,000	35,000	9,719	(25,281	
Inland Wetlands Citations	33,000	00,000	2,000	2,000	
Transfer Station Escrow	322,000	322,000	106,691	(215,309	
Trip Passes	2,800	2,800	2,013	(787	
Permits and Tags - Police	13,390	13,390	9,545	(3,845	
Special Wages - Police	450,000	450,000	375,701	(74,299	
False Alarm Fees	20,300	20,300	14,150	(6,150	
Waste Treatment Fees	210,000	210,000	376,462	166,462	
North Branford Sewer Fees	310,000	310,000	422,020	112,020	
	2,500	2,500	422,020	735	
Pump Out Services					
Town Clerk Other Monies	260,000	260,000	366,899	106,899	
Conveyance Taxes	180,000	180,000	583,354	403,354	
DEP Licenses - Town Portion	600	600	857	257	
Marriage Licenses - Town Portion	2,200	2,200	2,454	254	
Dog Licenses	6,000	6,000	6,876	876	
Ambulance Service Fees	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,114,062	(85 , 938	
Miscellaneous Permits and Fees - Fire Services			1,170	1,170	
Counseling Fees and Services	400,000	400,000	407,175	7,175	
Counseling - United Way Contribution	20,000	20,000	171	(19,829	
Energy Efficient Program Revenue			35,181	35,181	
DEP Nutrient Credit	80,000	80,000	74,749	(5,251	
Total	3,932,240	3,932,240	4,692,503	760,263	
Interest Income	1,252,836	1,252,836	1,381,136	128,300	

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Other:				
Willoughby - Wallace Library Fees	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 4,405	\$ 1,405
Employee Health Insurance Co-pay	278,038	278,038	264,905	(13,133)
In Lieu of Taxes - Telephone Access	290,000	290,000	203,203	(86,797)
In Lieu of Taxes - SCRW	195,000	195,000	173,808	(21,192)
Leases	5,600	5,600	5,601	1
Telephone Booths	410	410	223	(187)
Insurance Claims and Refunds	10,000	10,000	62,879	52,879
Miscellaneous Refunds	20,000	10,000	532	532
Miscellaneous Income	10,000	10,000	26,736	16,736
Sale of Town Property	55,600	55,600	88,179	32,579
Reimbursement Town Services	55,000	55,000	2,892	2,892
Board of Education - Tuition Reimbursement			8,008	8,008
COBRA/Dental Reimbursement			1,175	1,175
COBRA/Dental Reimbulsement			1,1/5	1,1/3
Total	847,648	847,648	842,546	(5,102)
Total revenues	77,082,249	77,082,249	79,583,793	2,501,544
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	150,000	150,000	150,500	500
Total revenue and other financing sources	<u>\$77,232,249</u>	\$77,232,249	79,734,293	\$2,502,044
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues because: State of Connecticut "on-behalf" contributions to the Connecticut St for Town teachers are not budgeted The Board of Education does not budget for certain intergovernmental against education expenditures for budgetary reporting. These amo and expenditures for financial reporting purposes	grants which are punts are recorded	credited as revenues	2,477,607 <u>303,063</u>	
Total revenues and other financing sources as reported on the statement changes in fund balances - governmental funds - Exhibit IV			<u>\$82,514,963</u>	

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	BUDGETE	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABL
General Government:				
Legislative	\$ 14,370	\$ 15,967	\$ 13,304	\$ 2,663
Executive	324,128	349,128	345,985	3,143
Finance	56,641	61,966	58,966	3,000
Treasurer	326,125	333,210	322,796	10,414
Assessor	382,905	377,580	355,969	21,611
Review of Assessments	16,195	16,195	11,849	4,346
Tax Collector	261,233	626,233	544,729	81,504
Town Clerk	181,602	190,153	186,398	3,755
Taw	505,000	649,420	645,841	3,579
Labor Relations Negotiations	50,000	62,600	59,254	3,34
			•	- / -
Probate Court	9,200	9,200	4,534	4,660
Elections	70,705	80,006	78,582	1,42
Planning and Zoning	226,716	226,716	223,521	3,19
Zoning Board of Appeals	8,126	8,126	7,219	90
Development Commission	6,365	6,365	4,663	1,70
Inland Wetlands Commission	57,375	57 , 375	55 , 365	2,01
General Government Buildings	652,633	729,499	680,512	48,98
Cable Television	2,540	2,540	1,556	984
Electronic Data Processing	562 , 975	574,750	573 , 256	1,49
Human Resources	253,990	253,990	238,126	15,86
Total	3,968,824	4,631,019	4,412,425	218,594
Public Safety:				
Police Service	4,366,433	4,349,046	4,319,593	29,453
Police Service - Special Detail	450,000	450,000	324,224	125,77
Fire Protection	3,341,138	3,341,138	3,341,101	. 3'
Building Department	123,824	126,439	126,336	103
Total	8,281,395	8,266,623	8,111,254	155,369
Public Works and Highways:				
Public Works	1,750,207	1,770,766	1,709,435	61,333
Water Pollution Control	2,043,973	2,091,034	1,969,961	121,073
Sanitation and Waste	3,000,412	2,982,912	2,622,474	360,438
General Engineering	175,217	175,217	173,473	1,744
Total	6,969,809	7,019,929	6,475,343	544,58

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS), ETC.

	BUDGETEI	BUDGETED AMOUNTS				
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	FAVORABLI (UNFAVORABI		
Recreation:						
Branford Recreation Department	\$ 730,325	\$ 732,825	\$ 727,200	\$ 5,62		
Parker Park	61,116	61,116	51,616	9,50		
Young's Park Commission	7,670	7,670	7,666	-,		
Docks and Recreational Facilities	32,525	32,525	32,106	41		
Public Celebration	25,494	25,494	24,077	1,41		
Conservation Commission	6,313	6,313	3,228	3,08		
Total	863,443	865,943	845,893	20,05		
Libraries:						
James Blackstone Memorial Library	853,779	853,779	853,779			
Willoughby-Wallace Library	176,639	176,639	176,356	28		
Total	1,030,418	1,030,418	1,030,135	28		
Health and Welfare:						
Human Services	989,216	979,436	956,422	23,03		
Commission for the Elderly	301,821	304,321	300,619	3,70		
East Shore District Health	165,181	165,181	163,680	1,5		
Total	1,456,218	1,448,938	1,420,721	28,22		
Board of Education	40,359,953	40,359,953	40,131,071	228,8		
Pension and Insurance:						
Pension and Contributions	2,315,275	2,529,275	2,335,719	193,5		
Employee Group Insurance	3,160,126	3,003,106	2,952,190	50,93		
Municipal Insurance	1,377,810	1,402,810	1,359,940	42,8		
Contingency	610,910	7,667		7,6		
Total	7,464,121	6,942,858	6,647,849	295,00		
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	4,462,537	4,401,537	4,397,536	4,00		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,867,814	1,928,814	1,917,984	10,83		
Total	6,330,351	6,330,351	6,315,520	14,83		
Total Expenditures	76,724,532	76,896,032	75,390,211	1,505,8		

ther Financing Uses: Transfers to Other Funds: Special Revenue Fund: Animal Control Fund Retiree Benefit Fund	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE
Transfers to Other Funds: Special Revenue Fund: Animal Control Fund				
Transfers to Other Funds: Special Revenue Fund: Animal Control Fund				
Animal Control Fund				
Retiree Benefit Fund	\$ 80,017	\$ 80,017	\$ 80,017	
	400,000	400,000	400,000	
Open Space Fund	30,300	30,300	30,300	
Special Programs	50,000	50,000	50,000	
Revaluation Fund	235,000	235,000	235,000	
Capital Projects Fund:	·			
Ambulance	100,000	100,000	100,000	
Fire Apparatus	100,000	100,000	100,000	
Sewer Reserve	200,000	200,000	200,000	
EPA Consent Decree	85,000	85,000	85,000	
DPW Apparatus	125,000	125,000	125,000	
Capital Procurement	1,247,400	1,895,400	1,895,400	
Total Other Financing Uses	2,652,717	3,300,717	3,300,717	
TOTAL	<u>\$79,377,249</u>	\$80,196,749	78,690,928	<u>\$1,505,821</u>
adgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expenditures because: State of Connecticut "on-behalf" contributions to the Connecticut Stat for Town teachers are not budgeted		•••••	2,477,607	
order is placed for budgetary purposes, but in the year received for The Board of Education does not budget for certain intergovernmental g against education expenditures for budgetary reporting. These amoun and expenditures for financial reporting purposes	rants which are ts are recorded	credited as revenues	50,071 303,063	

GENERAL FUND

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

	2006	2005
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$20,964,288	\$17,753,158
Receivables: Taxes (net) Intergovernmental Other Due from other funds Prepaid items	1,949,640 6,777,648 1,404,047 322,863 24,485	2,092,749 7,515,468 1,044,526 509,589 74,196
TOTAL	<u>\$31,442,971</u>	<u>\$28,989,686</u>
LIABILITIES AND <u>FUND BALANCE</u>		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to other funds	\$ 1,966,695	\$ 1,644,204
Due to other lunds Deferred revenues	2,383,161 11,619,805	1,548,256 11,365,649
Other	408,667	360,228
Total liabilities	16,378,328	14,918,337
Fund balance:		
Reserved for encumbrances	253,713	303,784
Reserved for prepaid items	24,485	74,196
Designated for subsequent year budget Undesignated - available for appropriation	2,150,000 12,636,445	2,145,000 11,548,369
Total fund balance	15,064,643	14,071,349
TOTAL	<u>\$31,442,971</u>	<u>\$28,989,686</u>

				FOR THE YEAR	ENDED JUNE 30,	2006				
	UNCOLLECTED TAXES	LAWFUL	FORECLOSURES AND	TRANSFERS TO	ADJUSTED TAXES		COLLEC	FIONS		UNCOLLECTED TAXES
GRAND LIST	JULY 1, 2005	CORRECTIONS	ADJUSTMENTS	SUSPENSE	COLLECTIBLE	TAXES	INTEREST	LIENS	TOTAL	JUNE 30, 2006
1989	\$ 274		\$(274)							
1990	693		4 (2,1)		\$ 693					\$ 693
1991					12,014					12,014
1992					14,899					14,899
1993					19,985	\$ 1,369	\$ 5,761		\$ 7,130	
1994					25,773	249	176		425	25,524
1995	27,012	\$ 841			27,853					27,853
1996	32,834				32,834	2,040	1,280	\$ 24	3,344	30,794
1997	39,607				39,607	3,020	5,878	72	8,970	36,587
1998	73,787				73,787	12,015	14,416	74	26,505	61,772
1999	266,926	(135)		\$(187,534)	79 , 257	15,289	11,130	240	26,659	63,968
2000	344,232	(226)			344,006	51,225	43,263	552	95,040	292,781
2001	401,695	17,934			419,629	81,373	54 , 787	744	136,904	338,256
2002	578 , 328	1,850	(253)		579 , 925	187,243	65 , 636	1,220	254,099	392,682
2003	1,005,376	59 , 152			1,064,528	546,314	108,566	2,880	657 , 760	518,214
2004	68,239,508	(199 , 295)			68,040,213	67,286,696	196,869	1,687	67,485,252	753,517
TOTAL	<u>\$71,082,943</u>	\$(119,879)	\$(527)	\$(187,534)	\$70,775,003	68,186,833	507,762	7,493	68,702,088	<u>\$2,588,170</u>
			-	ollections tive Fees		17,517	25,385	11,434	42,902 11,434	
				TOTAL		<u>\$68,204,350</u>	\$533 , 147	\$18,927	\$68,756,424	

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2006

						BOARD OF EDUCA		
	REVALUATION	OPEN SPACE	WATER ASSESSMENT	PROGRAM	DAY CARE	EDUCATIONAL GRANTS	CAFETERIA	ENERGY EFFICIENCY
<u>assets</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$269,119	\$211,220	\$ 51,811	\$59 , 867	\$222,517	\$283,859	\$ 82,361	\$23 , 339
Investments Accounts receivable			101,255					
Intergovernmental	0.05 0.00		101,200			4,146	47,220	
Due from other funds	235,000						9,335	
TOTAL	\$504,119	\$211,220	\$153,066	\$59,867	\$222,517	\$288,005	\$138,916	\$23,339
	<u></u>				· · · ·	I I I I I	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
LIABILITIES AND <u>FUND BALANCE</u>								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable Due to other funds				\$ 6,264	\$ 2,205	\$136,321	\$ 87,041	
Deferred revenue			\$101 , 255	13,039				
Total liabilities			101,255	19,303	2,205	136,321	87,041	
Fund balance: Reserved:								
Inventory Permanent account Unreserved:							9,335	
Unreserved: Undesignated	\$504,119	\$211 , 220	51,811	40,564	220,312	151,684	42,540	\$23 , 339
Total fund balance	504,119	211,220	51,811	40,564	220,312	151,684	51,875	23,339
TOTAL	\$504,119	\$211,220	\$153 , 066	\$59 , 867	\$222,517	\$288,005	\$138,916	\$23,339

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2006

				SPECIAL REVENUE.			
	SMALL CITIES	TOWN AID ROAD	PASS THROUGH GRANTS	PARK AND RECREATION	SPECIAL PROGRAMS	RETIREE BENEFIT	COUNSELING CENTER
<u>assets</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,784	\$137,620		\$457,661	\$134,994	\$1,464,054	\$117,121
Accounts receivable Intergovernmental Due from other funds Inventory	645 , 375	6,147			19,421 136,508 22,966		
TOTAL	<u>\$676,159</u>	\$143,767	\$ -0-	\$457,661	\$313,889	\$1,464,054	\$117 , 121
LIABILITIES AND <u>FUND BALANCE</u>							
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue	\$ 260 645,375	\$ 29,747 440		\$ 5,944 7,047 169,952	\$ 95,383 16,398		\$ 4,292
Total liabilities	645,635	30,187		182,943	111,781		4,292
Fund balance: Reserved: Inventory Permanent account Unreserved:							
Undesignated	30,524	113,580		274,718	202,108	\$1,464,054	112,829
Total fund balance	30,524	113,580		274,718	202,108	1,464,054	112,829
TOTAL	<u>\$676,159</u>	\$143,767	\$ -0-	\$457,661	\$313,889	\$1,464,054	\$117,123

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2006

				SPECIAL REVENUE				
	WILLOUGHBY WALLACE LIBRARY	TOURISM	EXIT 53 IMPROVEMENT	ELDERLY COMMISSION	BOARD OF EDUCATION SEVERANCE	DOG	FOOTE	TOTAL
<u>assets</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,035 92,424	\$2		\$250,565	\$45,480	\$26 , 550	\$2 , 172	\$3,884,131 92,424
Accounts receivable Intergovernmental	52,121		\$364			11,250		777,665
Due from other funds Inventory						17,309		281,422 9,335
TOTAL	\$105,459	\$2	\$364	\$250,565	\$45,480	\$55,109	\$2,172	\$5,232,851
LIABILITIES AND <u>FUND BALANCE</u>								
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue	\$ 468	\$2	\$364	\$ 3,161		\$ 5,041 1,597	\$ 520	\$ 240,690 161,805 929,621
Total liabilities	468	2	364	3,161		6,638	520	1,332,116
Fund balance: Reserved: Inventory Permanent account								9,335
Unreserved: Undesignated	104,991			247,404	\$45,480	48,471	1,652	3,891,400
Total fund balance	104,991			247,404	45,480	48,471	1,652	3,900,735
TOTAL	<u>\$105,459</u>	\$2	\$364	\$250,565	\$45,480	\$55,109	\$2 , 172	\$5,232,851

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2006

			PE	RMANENT FUND		CASPAR BLOCK		TOTAL
	DAMASCUS CEMETERY	LESHINE SCHOLARSHIP	CASPAR BLOCK SCHOLARSHIP	GUSTAF NELSON MEMORIAL	JOHN B. HART	SPECIAL RECREATION GRANT	TOTAL	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
<u>assets</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable Intergovernmental Due from other funds Inventory	\$ 9,753 118,448	\$5 , 356	\$5,701	\$35,954	\$1,307	\$64,728	\$122,799 118,448	\$4,006,930 210,872 777,665 187,874 281,422 9,335
TOTAL	<u>\$128,201</u>	\$5 , 356	\$5,701	\$35,954	\$1,307	\$64,728	\$241,247	\$5,474,098
LIABILITIES AND <u>FUND BALANCE</u>								
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue	\$ 2,000						\$ 2,000	\$ 242,690 161,805 929,621
Total liabilities	2,000						2,000	1,334,116
Fund balance: Reserved:								
Inventory Permanent account Unreserved:	1,500	\$4,000		\$30,000		\$59 , 920	95,420	9,335 95,420
Undesignated	124,701	1,356	\$5 , 701	5,954	\$1,307	4,808	143,827	4,035,227
Total fund balance	126,201	5,356	5,701	35,954	1,307	64,728	239,247	4,139,982
TOTAL	<u>\$128,201</u>	\$5 , 356	\$5,701	\$35,954	\$1,307	\$64,728	\$241,247	\$5,474,098

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

						BOARD OF EDUCA		
	REVALUATION	OPEN SPACE	WATER ASSESSMENT	PROGRAM	DAY CARE	EDUCATIONAL GRANTS	CAFETERIA	ENERGY EFFICIENC
Revenues: Assessment income Interest on assessments Intergovernmental revenues Investment income Sale of food Sales and services	\$ 911	\$ 6,405	\$42,013 10,510 4,439	\$ 3,157	\$ 346	\$2,127,671	\$ 222,048 277 845,246 26,198	\$ 830
Program income Other		24,499	1,030	84,458	594,803		20/190	
Total revenues	911	30,904	57,992	87,615	595,149	2,127,671	1,093,769	830
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works and highway Parks, recreation and libraries Health and human services Education Debt service.		39,801	58,476	81,650	585 , 612	2,095,128	1,078,461	
Total expenditures		39,801	58,476	81,650	585,612	2,095,128	1,078,461	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	911	(8,897)	(484)	5,965	9 , 537	32,543	15,308	830
Other financing sources: Transfers in	235,000	30,300						
Net change in fund balances	235,911	21,403	(484)	5,965	9,537	32,543	15,308	830
Fund balance, July 1, 2005	268,208	189,817	52 , 295	34,599	210,775	119,141	36,567	22,509
Fund balance, June 30, 2006	<u>\$504,119</u>	\$211,220	\$51,811	\$40 , 564	\$220,312	\$151,684	\$ 51,875	\$23 , 339

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	SMALL CITIES	TOWN AID ROAD	PASS THROUGH GRANTS	PARK AND RECREATION	SPECIAL PROGRAMS	RETIREE BENEFIT	COUNSELING CENTER
Revenues:							
Assessment income Interest on assessments							
Intergovernmental revenues	\$48,044	\$205,183	\$254,099		\$ 551,074		
Investment income	648	3,859	+201/000	\$ 8,377	10,313	\$ 57,767	\$ 1,608
Sale of food							
Sales and services Program income	41,896			277,279	41,309		
Other	41,090	900		5,596	978		67,028
				•			
Total revenues	90,588	209,942	254,099	291,252	603,674	57,767	68,636
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government					34,441		
Public safety		198,217			177,767		
Public works and highway Parks, recreation and libraries		190,217		229,882	487,570 33,778		
Health and human services	94,554		254,099	220,002	79,502		38,079
Education							
Debt service	. <u></u>						
Total expenditures	94,554	198,217	254,099	229,882	813,058		38,079
-	. <u></u>		· · ·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(3,966)	11,725		61,370	(209,384)	57,767	30,557
over expenditures	(3,900)	11,725		01,570	(209, 304)	57,707	50,557
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in					50,000	400,000	
Net change in fund balances	(3,966)	11,725		61,370	(159,384)	457,767	30 , 557
					0.64 4.00		00 070
Fund balance, July 1, 2005	34,490	101,855	- 0 -	213,348	361,492	1,006,287	82,272

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

			s	PECIAL REVENUE			•••••	
	WILLOUGHBY WALLACE LIBRARY	TOURISM	EXIT 53 IMPROVEMENT	ELDERLY COMMISSION	BOARD OF EDUCATION SEVERANCE	DOG	FOOTE	TOTAL
Revenues: Assessment income Interest on assessments Intergovernmental revenues Investment income Sale of food Sales and services Program income Other	\$ 2,684 763 30,663	\$2		\$ 5,363	\$10,000 944	\$ 62,754 27,787	\$10,000	\$ 42,013 10,510 3,483,557 106,009 845,246 95,294 998,436 141,771
Total revenues	34,110	2		6,440	10,944	90,541	10,000	5,722,836
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works and highway Parks, recreation and libraries Health and human services Education Debt service.	26,772	2		6,357		122,087	8,348	34,443 299,854 685,787 338,581 472,591 3,840,851 58,476
Total expenditures	26,772	2		6,357		122,087	8,348	5,730,583
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	7,338			83	10,944	(31,546)	1,652	(7,747)
Other financing sources: Transfers in						80,017		795,317
Net change in fund balances	7,338			83	10,944	48,471	1,652	787,570
Fund balance, July 1, 2005	97,653	-0-	\$-0-	247,321	34,536	- 0 -	- 0 -	3,113,165
Fund balance, June 30, 2006	<u>\$104,991</u>	\$-0-	\$-0-	\$247,404	\$45,480	\$48,471	\$1,652	\$3,900,735

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	DAMASCUS	LESHINE	CASPAR BLOCK	ANENT FUND GUSTAF NELSON	JOHN B.	CASPAR BLOCK SPECIAL RECREATION		TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL
	CEMETERY	SCHOLARSHIP	SCHOLARSHIP	MEMORIAL	HART	GRANT	TOTAL	FUNDS
Revenues: Assessment income Interest on assessments Intergovernmental revenues Investment income Sale of food Sales and services Program income. Other	\$ 9,851	\$ 208	\$ 220	\$ 1,350	\$ 47	\$ 2,394	\$ 14,070	\$ 42,013 10,510 3,483,557 120,079 845,246 95,294 998,436 141,771
Total revenues	9,851	208	220	1,350	47	2,394	14,070	5,736,906
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works and highway Parks, recreation and libraries Health and human services Education Debt service	4,125	250	250	500			4,125 1,000	34,443 299,854 685,787 338,581 476,716 3,841,851 58,476
Total expenditures	4,125	250	250	500			5,125	5,735,708
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	5,726	(42)	(30)	850	47	2,394	8,945	1,198
Other financing sources: Transfers in								795,317
Net change in fund balances	5,726	(42)	(30)	850	47	2,394	8,945	796 , 515
Fund balance, July 1, 2005	120,475	5,398	5,731	35,104	1,260	62,334	230,302	3,343,467
Fund balance, June 30, 2006	<u>\$126,201</u>	\$5 , 356	\$5,701	\$35,954	\$1,307	\$64,728	\$239 , 247	\$4,139,982

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(Concluded) - 4.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006							
	MEDICAL FUND	WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND	HEART AND HYPERTENSION FUND	INTERFUND ELIMINATIONS	TOTAL		
ASSETS:							
Cash and cash equivalents		\$1,042,121	\$365,654		\$1,407,775		
Due from other funds	\$379,371	37,088		\$(37,088)	379,371		
Total assets	379,371	1,079,209	365,654	(37,088)	1,787,146		
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable		20,364			20,364		
Claims incurred not reported		776,989	266,644		1,043,633		
Due to other funds		128,316	37,088	(37,088)	128,316		
Total liabilities		925,669	303,732	(37,088)	1,192,313		
NET ASSETS:							
Unrestricted	<u>\$379,371</u>	\$153,540	\$ 61,922	\$ - 0 -	\$ 594,833		

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	MEDICAL FUND	WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND	HEART AND HYPERTENSION FUND	INTERFUND ELIMINATIONS	TOTAL
Operating revenues: Contributions for benefits Other	\$379,371	\$ 925,810 88,579	\$165,000		\$1,470,181 88,579
Total operating revenues	379,371	1,014,389	165,000		1,558,760
Operating expenses: Benefit claims Claims administration		694,004 110,903	77,292		771,296 110,903
Total operating expenses		804,907	77,292		882,199
Operating income	379,371	209,482	87,708		676,561
Nonoperating income - interest income		54,998	12,574		67,572
Change in net assets	379,371	264,480	100,282		744,133
Net assets (deficit), July 1, 2005	- 0 -	(110,940)	(38,360)	\$ - 0 -	(149,300)
Net assets, June 30, 2006	\$379 , 371	\$ 153,540	\$ 61,922	\$ - 0 -	\$ 594,833

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		ED JUNE 30, 2006			
	MEDICAL FUND	WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND	HEART AND HYPERTENSION FUND	INTERFUND ELIMINATIONS	TOTAL
Cash flows from (to) operating activities: Cash received for benefits Cash paid for benefits and administration Cash received for other		\$ 925,810 (894,821) 88,579	\$ 196,493 (114,658)		\$ 1,122,303 (1,009,479) 88,579
Cash flows from operating activities		119,568	81,835		201,403
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income		54,998	12,574		67,572
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		174,566	94,409		268,975
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2005	<u>\$ - 0 -</u>	867,555	271,245		1,138,800
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2006	<u>\$ - 0 -</u>	\$1,042,121	\$ 365,654	\$ - 0 -	\$ 1,407,775
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating income	\$ 379 , 371	\$209,482	\$87,708		\$ 676 , 561
Changes in balance sheet accounts: Increase (decrease) in payables (Increase) decrease in receivables	(379,371)	(58,421) (31,493)	(5,873)		(64,294) (410,864)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ - 0 -</u>	\$119,568	\$81,835	\$ - 0 -	\$ 201,403

AGENCY FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	BALANCE JULY 1, 2005	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2006
BRANFORD CONSERVATION COMMISSION				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,481	\$57	\$-0-	\$1,538
LIABILITIES				
Due to students, employees and other groups	\$1,481	\$57	\$-0-	\$1,538
SHELLFISH COMMISSION				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$12,262	\$35,473	\$4,809	\$42,926
LIABILITIES				
Due to students, employees and other groups	\$12,262	\$35,473	\$4,809	\$42,926
ACADEMY-ON-THE-GREEN				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$33,916	\$2,540	\$9,854	\$26,602
LIABILITIES				
Due to students, employees and other groups	\$33,916	\$2,540	\$9,854	\$26,602

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT AGENCY FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, ETC.

	BALANCE JULY 1, 2005	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2006
VOLUNTEER FIREMENS' PENSION FUND				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 13,265 177,349	\$45,792	\$33,928	\$ 13,265 189,213
TOTAL ASSETS	\$190,614	\$45,792	\$33,928	\$202,478
LIABILITIES				
Due to students, employees and other groups	\$190,614	\$45,792	\$33,928	\$202,478
COMMISSION ON SERVICES FOR THE ELDERLY				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$26,295</u>	\$166,740	\$157,908	\$35,127
LIABILITIES				
Due to students, employees and other groups Due to other funds	\$26,295	\$161,169 5,571	\$157,908	\$29,556 5,571
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$26,295	\$166,740	\$157,908	\$35,127
STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$655,258 137,414	\$1,857,049 7,103	\$1,843,969 6,801	\$668,338 137,716
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$792,672</u>	\$1,864,152	\$1,850,770	\$806,054
LIABILITIES				
Due to students, employees and other groups	<u>\$792,672</u>	\$1,864,152	\$1,850,770	\$806,054

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT AGENCY FUND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, ETC.

	BALANCE JULY 1, 2005	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE JUNE 30, 2006
TOTAL - ALL FUNDS				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 742,477 314,763	\$2,061,859 52,895	\$2,016,540 40,729	\$ 787,796 326,929
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,057,240	\$2,114,754	\$2,057,269	\$1,114,725
LIABILITIES				
Due to students, employees and other groups Due to other funds	\$1,057,240	\$2,109,183 5,571	\$2,057,269	\$1,109,154 5,571
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$1,057,240	\$2,114,754	\$2,057,269	\$1,114,725

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE BY SOURCE JUNE 30, 2006 AND 2005

,	2006	2005
Governmental funds capital assets:		
Land	\$ 8,961,669	\$ 8,751,969
Land improvements	891,796	882,115
Buildings and improvements	97,040,922	71,132,233
Furniture and equipment	18,770,795	18,051,719
Infrastructure	163,713	105,231
Construction in progress	6,115,384	25,697,494
TOTAL	<u>\$131,944,279</u>	<u>\$124,620,761</u>
Investments in governmental funds capital assets by source:		
Assets acquired prior to July 1, 2002	\$111,863,097	\$112,046,215
General Fund revenue/bonds	17,479,549	11,436,541
Contributions/donations	1,568,265	342,661
Special Revenue Funds	1,033,368	795,344
TOTAL	<u>\$131,944,279</u>	<u>\$124,620,761</u>

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY JUNE 30, 2006								
	TOTAL	LAND	LAND IMPROVEMENTS	BUILDINGS AND IMPROVEMENTS	FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT	INFRASTRUCTURE	CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS	
General Government	\$ 7,961,804	\$3,056,936	\$ 81,516	\$ 4,528,339	\$ 295,013			
Public Safety	10,052,520	292,087	43,038	4,444,285	5,063,110		\$ 210,000	
Public Works and Highway	45,582,304	1,699,047	100,964	27,964,047	9,821,795	\$163,713	5,832,738	
Parks, Recreation and Libraries	5,824,925	3,370,917	453,278	1,818,307	182,423			
Health and Human Services	1,221,345	52,236	5,900	923,956	239,253			
Education	61,301,381	490,446	207,100	57,361,988	3,169,201		72,646	
TOTAL	\$131,944,279	\$8,961,669	\$891 , 796	\$97,040,922	\$18,770,795	\$163,713	\$6,115,384	

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS JULY 1, 2005	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006
General government	\$ 8,054,709	\$ 28,663	\$121 , 568	\$ 7,961,804
Public safety	9,647,222	450,463	45,165	10,052,520
Public works and highway	39,349,981	6,257,473	25 , 150	45,582,304
Parks, recreation and libraries	5,631,130	219,695	25,900	5,824,925
Health and human services	1,231,845		10,500	1,221,345
Education	60,705,874	595 , 507		61,301,381
TOTAL	<u>\$124,620,761</u>	\$7,551,801	\$228 , 283	\$131,944,279

	JUNE	F DEBT LIMITA	ATION			
(thousands) Total tax collections (including interest and lien fees) received by Treasurer for the year ended June 30, 2005 Total tax collections (including interest and lien fees) of coterminous Municipalities (estimated) Reimbursement for revenue loss on: Elderly tax relief						
BASE						
	General Purpose	Schools	Sewers	Urban <u>Renewal</u>	Pension Deficit	
Debt limitation: 2-1/4 times base 4-1/2 times base 3-3/4 times base 3-1/4 times base 3 times base	\$156,976	\$313,952	\$261,626	\$226,743	\$209,301	
Total	156,976	313,952	261,626	226,743	209,301	
Indebtedness: Bonds payable Bonds authorized and unissued School building grants receivables	10,122 1,100	17,597 200 (6,182)	23,341 8,860			
Total indebtedness	11,222	11,615	32,201			
Debt limitation in excess of outstanding and authorized debt	<u>\$145,754</u>	\$302,337	\$229,425	\$226 , 743	\$209,301	

NOTE 1: In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation \$488,369.

NOTE 2: Water bonds of \$225 are excluded from the computation above.