TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2011

JUNE 30, 2011

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Finance Town of Branford, Connecticut

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Branford, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Town of Branford, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Branford, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2011 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2011 on our consideration of the Town of Branford, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 10 and the budgetary comparison information on pages 49 through 54 are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Branford, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

December 27, 2011

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

This discussion and analysis of the Town of Branford, Connecticut's (the Town) financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX. All amounts in this MD&A are expressed in thousands unless otherwise noted.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net assets of our governmental activities decreased by \$3,356.
- During the year, the Town had expenses that were \$3,356 more than the \$103,479 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs.
- Total cost of all of the Town's programs was \$106,835 with no new programs added this year.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$18,247.
- The resources available for appropriation were \$2,091 more than budgeted for the General Fund. Expenditures were \$1,147 less than budgeted.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits III to IX. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the Town as a whole begins on Exhibits I and II. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net assets and changes in them. The Town's net assets, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the Town's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the Town reports its activities:

• Governmental activities - The Town's basic services are reported here, including education, public safety, public works and highway, parks, recreation and libraries, health and human services, pension and insurance, and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the Town establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (like the Sewer Assessment Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (like grants received from the State of Connecticut). The Town's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

- Governmental funds (Exhibits III and IV) Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds (Exhibits V, VI and VII) When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. Internal service funds (a component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the Town's other programs and activities such as the Town's Workers' Compensation Fund, Heart and Hypertension Fund and Medical Fund.
- Fiduciary funds (Exhibits VIII and IX) The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plan. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets. These activities are excluded from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Town's combined net assets increased from a year ago, decreasing from \$116,279 to \$112,923. The analysis below focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and changes in net assets (Table 2) of the Town's governmental activities.

TABLE 1 NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities						
		2011	_	2010			
Current assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets	\$ 	51,313 127,284 178,597	\$ 	48,905 129,272 178,177			
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	_	57,459 8,215 65,674	· -	48,603 13,295 61,898			
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of debt Restricted Unrestricted	_	82,744 248 29,931	. <u>-</u>	82,530 236 33,513			
Total Net Assets	\$	112,923	\$	116,279			

The Town experienced a decrease in net assets of its governmental activities of 2.9% as compared to the prior year. Unrestricted net assets - the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - changed from \$33,513 at June 30, 2010 to \$29,931 at the end of this year.

The change in unrestricted governmental net assets primarily reflects the increase in long-term debt outstanding.

TABLE 2 CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

		Governmental Activities			
		2011		2010	
Revenues:	•				
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	9,125	\$	9,059	
Operating grants and contributions		11,215		12,909	
Capital grants and contributions		37		330	
General revenues:					
Property taxes		81,298		79,091	
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		1,186		1,301	
Unrestricted investment earnings		285		514	
Other general revenues		333		325	
Total revenues		103,479	_	103,529	
Program expenses:					
General government		9,246		10,205	
Public safety		16,831		16,711	
Public works and highway		13,445		12,528	
Parks, recreation and libraries		3,288		3,049	
Health and human services		3,241		1,517	
Education		59,475		56,705	
Interest debt service		1,309		1,264	
Total program expenses		106,835	_	101,979	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$	(3,356)	\$	1,550	

The Town's total revenues were \$103,479. The total cost of all programs and services was \$106,835. Our analysis which follows considers the operations of governmental activities.

Governmental Activities

The largest single component of governmental activity is the General Fund. Total revenues were \$2,091 higher than budgeted. Of this amount, \$1,226 resulted from strong property tax collections that include prior year levies, interest and penalties. Taxes on the current levy exceeded the budget by \$582. Intergovernmental revenue exceeded budget due to conservative estimates of state assistance and an expectation that principal and interest subsidies from the State's school construction program would be reduced pursuant to audits. Intergovernmental revenues and licenses, permits and fee revenue exceeded the budget by \$569, primarily due to police special detail, and transfer station escrow fees, which exceeded their budgets by \$198, and \$70, respectively. Interest and other income exceeded the budget by \$248 primarily due to favorable results from the sale of recyclable materials and to a lesser degree premiums received from the winning underwriter during a bond sale.

Expenditures were \$1,147 less than anticipated. The primary factors contributing to the expenditure balance relate to lower than anticipated costs for debts service, tax appeals, solid waste fees combined with vacancies, which resulted in savings across various functional areas while reducing pension and Social Security requirements.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Town's five largest programs - police, fire, public works, education, and parks and recreation - as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

TABLE 3
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

		Total Cost of Services				Net Cost	of S	ervices
		2011	_	2010	_	2011		2010
General government	\$	9,246	\$	10,205	\$	8,104	\$	8,979
Public safety		16,831		16,711		14,248		14,137
Public works and highway		13,445		12,528		9,587		7,934
Parks, recreation and libraries		3,288		3,049		2,892		2,468
Health and human services		3,241		1,517		1,746		231
Education		59,475		56,705		48,696		44,705
Interest and debt service	_	1,309	_	1,264	_	1,184	_	1,228
Total	\$	106,835	\$	101,979	\$	86,457	\$	79,682

TOWN FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Governmental Funds

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet - Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$26,620, which is an increase from last year's total of \$19,399. The primary reason for the increase is the change in the capital fund balance pursuant to the issuance of \$12,770 in bonds to finance capital projects. The Town also issued bonds and notes in August 2011. Please refer to Note 16, Subsequent Events.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Town's general fund expenditures plus encumbrances totaled \$91,200. Unexpended appropriations in general government, public safety, public works, education and pension and insurance coupled with smaller unexpended balances from other areas produced a favorable variance of \$1,147. Revenues were \$2,091 higher, which reflects strong tax collections, favorable nontax revenue experience and conservative estimates.

The Town's General Fund balance of \$18,247 reported on Exhibit IV is comprised of four categories: Nonspendable, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned. Please refer to Exhibit A-1 for the complete breakdown.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2011, the Town had \$127,284 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, vehicles and equipment - Table 4. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$1,988 or (1.5 %), less than last year.

TABLE 4
CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities					
	_	2011		2010			
Land	\$	13,058	\$	12,888			
Intangible assets		597					
Land improvements		816		861			
Buildings		73,040		73,826			
Machinery and equipment		9,104		9,750			
Construction in progress		2,325		2,214			
Infrastructure		28,344	_	29,733			
Total	\$	127,284	\$	129,272			

The Town has implemented the provisions of the GASB Statement No. 34, which require the reporting of infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2002.

The Town's fiscal-year 2011-12 budget anticipates a major addition to capital assets with the completion of the new fire headquarters. Additionally, the Town is leasing space for the public works operation and expects to receive a recommendation for a location on which to build a permanent site in the near future. More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in Note 1 and Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2011, the Town had \$47,339 in bonds and notes outstanding versus \$39,240 last year - an increase of \$8,099 or approximately 20%. The Town anticipated this increase and has issued additional debt in fiscal year 2012.

The Town's general obligation bond rating from Moody's Investor Services, a national rating agency, remains at Aa2, and represents the second rating increase from Moody's since 2001. The Town's rating from Standard & Poor's remains at AAA. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that cities can issue based on a formula determined under State Statutes based on type of debt and tax base. The Town's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below this state-imposed limit of \$577 million.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when adopting the fiscal-year 2011-2012 budget and corresponding tax rates. Town officials confronted a number of challenges while formulating the budget, including, but not limited to, the uncertainty with regard to State assistance and higher pension costs associated with years of sub-par investment returns and increased debt service costs. Falling interest rates and an overall decline in real estate sales and building permit activity were also incorporated into the budget plan. In developing the budget, Town officials acknowledged that property owners were faced with their own economic constraints and job insecurities associated with the recession. Faced with these challenges, officials sought to minimize the increase the Town's tax requirements while acknowledging that the demand for many municipal services would increase. In developing the budget, the Town established the following budget guidelines that provided the rationale for many of the budgetary decisions: maintain the current level of existing services while refraining from adding new programs; fund current and future liabilities; preserve the undesignated fund balance; continue to invest in new vehicles and equipment to ensure continued service delivery; preserve the Town's investment in its properties and buildings; and to continue to fund many capital items on a pay-as-you-go basis so as to limit the amount of outstanding debt.

As a result of these efforts and adherence to the above guidelines, the Town adopted a General Fund budget of \$93,658 for 2011-2012, which represents an increase of \$2,640 thousand or 2.9% as compared to the 2010-2011 budget as amended. Increased property taxes of approximately \$2,710 thousand combined with a \$2.8 million appropriation from fund balance will offset nontax revenue reductions.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, Town of Branford, P.O. Box 150, and 1019 Main Street, Branford, Connecticut 06405 or visit the Branford's website at www.Branford-ct.gov.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2011

	-	Governmental Activities
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	35,980,509
Investments		4,815,416
Receivables, net		9,035,179
Inventory		21,387
Prepaid items		127,579
Net pension asset		361,464
Net OPEB asset		971,900
Capital assets not being depreciated		15,980,125
Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation		111,303,961
Total assets	-	178,597,520
Liabilities:		
Accounts and other payables		3,249,653
Unearned revenue		4,740,466
Other		225,107
Noncurrent liabilities:		·
Due within one year		7,120,665
Due in more than one year		50,338,417
Total liabilities	-	65,674,308
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		82,744,007
Restricted for Trusts:		02,7 : 1,007
Expendable		148,125
Nonexpendable		100,420
Unrestricted	-	29,930,660
Total Net Assets	\$	112,923,212

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		_		Pr	ogram Revenue Operating	es	Capital	-	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	-		Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	_	Services	. –	Contributions		Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works and highway Parks, recreation and libraries Health and human services Education Interest expense	\$ 9,246,499 16,830,619 13,445,076 3,287,817 3,240,868 59,474,909 1,309,272	\$	1,098,125 2,342,641 3,318,069 325,677 424,634 1,616,063	\$	44,828 239,564 501,890 70,146 1,070,431 9,163,248 125,076	\$	37,357	\$	(8,103,546) (14,248,414) (9,587,760) (2,891,994) (1,745,803) (48,695,598) (1,184,196)
Total	\$ 106,835,060	\$_	9,125,209	\$_	11,215,183	\$_	37,357	-	(86,457,311)
General revenues: Property taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous Total general revenues Change in net assets Net Assets at Beginning of Year									81,297,982 1,186,052 285,402 332,365 83,101,801 (3,355,510) 116,278,722
	Net Assets at							\$	112,923,212

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

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BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2011

	_	General	Capital Projects	 Sewer Assessment		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,805,384 \$		\$ 2,208,220	\$	5,655,875	\$	28,669,479
Investments		4,577,106				238,310		4,815,416
Receivables, net		6,652,987	17,910	898,681		1,375,770		8,945,348
Due from other funds		1,800,006	2,986,384			80,000		4,866,390
Inventories						21,387		21,387
Other assets	_	29,144					_	29,144
Total Assets	\$ =	33,864,627 \$	3,004,294	\$ 3,106,901	\$_	7,371,342	\$_	47,347,164
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts and other payables	\$	1,649,622 \$	732,482	\$ 331	\$	534,663	\$	2,917,098
Due to other funds		3,656,009	1,880,006			60,000		5,596,015
Deferred revenue		10,087,310		898,681		1,002,566		11,988,557
Other		225,107						225,107
Total liabilities	_	15,618,048	2,612,488	 899,012	_	1,597,229	_	20,726,777
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		29,144				121,807		150,951
Restricted			391,806	2,207,889		1,279,483		3,879,178
Committed		61,088				4,391,217		4,452,305
Assigned		3,236,840						3,236,840
Unassigned	_	14,919,507		 	_	(18,394)	_	14,901,113
Total fund balances	_	18,246,579	391,806	 2,207,889		5,774,113	_	26,620,387
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	33,864,627 \$	3,004,294	\$ 3,106,901	\$_	7,371,342	\$_	47,347,164

\$ 112,923,212

TOWN OF BRANFORD, CONNECTICUT

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2011

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets:

Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

different because of the following.			
Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	26,620,387
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	\$ 229,435,771 (102,151,685)		127,284,086
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:			
Net OPEB asset Net pension asset Property tax receivables greater than 60 days Interest receivable on property taxes Assessments receivable Housing loans receivable Receivable from the state for school construction projects Bond issuance costs Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of			971,900 361,464 2,120,069 978,049 1,075,482 591,755 2,482,736 98,435
the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net assets.			5,252,347
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Bonds and notes payable Interest payable on bonds and notes Compensated absences Capital lease Bond premium Deferred charges on refunding Landfill		_	(47,339,179) (206,428) (4,715,338) (969,557) (351,698) 188,702 (1,520,000)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		General	Capital Projects	_	Sewer Assessment	 Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	81,300,414 \$		\$		\$	\$	81,300,414
Assessments and interest					229,507	2,501,399		2,730,906
Intergovernmental		8,014,335	37,357			4,455,965		12,507,657
Charges for services		3,859,733				2,164,266		6,023,999
Income on investments		225,328	1,901		2,310	49,584		279,123
Miscellaneous		1,018,116	3,710	_		 286,495		1,308,321
Total revenues	_	94,417,926	42,968	_	231,817	 9,457,709	-	104,150,420
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		4,127,934	211,923			42,894		4,382,751
Public safety		10,400,708				366,803		10,767,511
Public works and highway		4,966,107			7,068	2,942,264		7,915,439
Parks, recreation and libraries		2,192,333	60,460			442,360		2,695,153
Health and human services		1,683,859				913,946		2,597,805
Education		52,066,037				5,138,311		57,204,348
Pension and insurance		9,364,613						9,364,613
Capital outlay			8,838,347					8,838,347
Debt service		5,995,578		_		 39,813		6,035,391
Total expenditures		90,797,169	9,110,730	_	7,068	 9,886,391	-	109,801,358
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		3,620,757	(9,067,762)	_	224,749	 (428,682)	-	(5,650,938)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		395,000	3,393,409			826,482		4,614,891
Transfers out		(3,708,323)				(906,568)		(4,614,891)
Proceeds from bond issuance			12,770,000					12,770,000
Premium on refunding bond issuance		364,724						364,724
Proceeds from refunding bond issuance		6,155,000						6,155,000
Payments to escrow agents		(6,417,643)						(6,417,643)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,211,242)	16,163,409	_	-	(80,086)	-	12,872,081
Net Change in Fund Balances		409,515	7,095,647		224,749	(508,768)		7,221,143
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as Restated	_	17,837,064	(6,703,841)	_	1,983,140	 6,282,881	-	19,399,244
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	18,246,579 \$	391,806	\$_	2,207,889	\$ 5,774,113	\$	26,620,387

(Continued on next page)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)

7.221.143

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Capital outlay	3,149,001
Depreciation expense	(4,927,614)

The statement of activities reports losses arising from the trade-in of existing capital assets to acquire new capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a trade-in of capital assets.

(209,168)

1,501,589

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:

School building grant receipts	(651,307)
Property tax receivable - accrual basis change	41,865
Property tax interest and lien revenue - accrual basis change	(44,297)
Sewer assessment receivable - accrual basis change	(1,275)
Net OPEB asset	(499,500)
Housing loans receivable	(22,135)
Net pension asset	(133,279)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Bonds issued	(12,770,000)
Bond and note principal payments	4,506,201
Capital lease payments	184,056
Bond issuance costs	102,081
Refunding bonds issued	(6,155,000)
Payments to bond refunding agent	6,417,643
Premium on refunding	(364,724)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Compensated absences	(457,565)
Accrued interest	(60,300)
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(15,305)
Amortization of issuance costs	(3,646)
Amortization of bond premiums	13,026
Landfill post closure care	(177,000)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II) \$ (3,355,510)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2011

	vernmental activities nternal Service Funds
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,311,030
Accounts receivable	89,831
Due from other funds	 729,625
Total assets	 8,130,486
Liabilities:	
Accounts and other payables	126,127
Risk management claims	 2,752,012
Total liabilities	 2,878,139
Net Assets:	
Unrestricted	\$ 5,252,347

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:	
Contributions for benefits	\$ 11,340,190
Other	292,014
Total contributions	11,632,204
Operating Expenses:	
Benefit claims	8,925,420
Claims administration	1,211,480
Total operating expenses	10,136,900
Operating Income	1,495,304
Nonoperating Revenue:	
Income on investments	6,285
Change in Net Assets	1,501,589
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	3,750,758
Net Assets at End of Year	\$5,252,347

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash received from operating funds \$	11,009,115
Cash payments to providers of benefits and administration	(9,981,201)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,027,914
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Income on investments	6,285
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,034,199
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	6,276,831
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year \$	7,311,030
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by	
Operating Activities:	
Operating income \$	1,495,304
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Decrease in receivables	(623,089)
Increase in accounts payable	155,699
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities \$	1,027,914

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2011

		Pension Trust Fund	_	Retiree Benefits Trust Fund	_	Agency Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	650,122	\$	813,282	\$	1,523,323
Investments - mutual funds		9,634,430		4,030,671		350,550
Investments - bonds		7,550,457				139,057
Accounts receivable		5,326	_		_	
Total assets	_	17,840,335	=	4,843,953	\$_	2,012,930
Liabilities:						
Due to students and others	_		-		\$_	2,012,930
Total liabilities	_	-	=	-	\$_	2,012,930
Net Assets: Held in Trust for Pension, or Retiree Benefits	\$_	17,840,335	\$	4,843,953		

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	_	Pension Trust Fund	-	Retiree Benefits Trust Fund
Additions:				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$	887,078	\$	1,503,300
Plan members	_	245,192	_	645,946
Total contributions	_	1,132,270		2,149,246
Investment income:				
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		2,121,837		30,671
Interest and dividends	_	578,740		4,272
Net investment income	_	2,700,577		34,943
Total additions	_	3,832,847		2,184,189
Deductions:				
Benefits		863,409		1,474,246
Administration	_	81,697		
Total deductions	_	945,106		1,474,246
Net Increase in Net Assets		2,887,741		709,943
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits, Beginning of Year	-	14,952,594		4,134,010
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits, End of Year	\$	17,840,335	\$	4,843,953

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Branford (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town is incorporated under the provisions of the Statutes of the State of Connecticut. The Town operates under a Representative Town Meeting/Board of Selectmen form of Government and provides the following services as authorized by its Charter: Administrative, Public Safety, Public Works, Health and Welfare, Recreation, Libraries, Education and Public Improvements.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the financial resources for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The major sources of revenue for this fund are capital grants and the issuance of general obligation bonds.

The Sewer Assessment Fund is used to account for the financial resources related to the sewer assessment projects. The major source of revenue for this fund is sewer assessment charges.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for the self-insured activities of the Town.

The Pension Trust Funds account for the activities of the Branford Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified Town employees.

The Retiree Benefits Trust Fund accounts for the retiree health benefits provided by the Town, which accumulates resources for retiree health insurance payments to qualified retirees.

The Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989 generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Town has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain Town's functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's internal service funds are charges to customers for benefits. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

D. Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Allowances for uncollectibles are computed based on historical data.

Property taxes are assessed as of October 1 and billed the following July. Property taxes are payable in two installments on July 1 and January 1. Automobile levies and amounts under \$100 are due in one installment. Motor vehicle supplemental bills are payable on January 1. Payments not received within one month after the due date become delinquent, with interest charged at the rate of 1-1/2% per month. Assessments for real and personal property, excluding motor vehicles, are computed at 70% of the market value. Unpaid balances at June 30 are liened.

F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	45
Land improvements	20
Infrastructure	20-60
Vehicles	6-12
Office equipment	7-10
Computer equipment	5-7

H. Compensated Absences

Unused sick leave may be accumulated for certain employees up to a limit ranging from 50 to 225 days, depending upon the contracts in force, for each department in the Town until termination, retirement or death, at which time payments will be made. The liability is reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. Payments at termination are charged to the General Fund.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Significant bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. Fund Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net assets" and is classified in the following categories:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - This component of net assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Assets - Net assets are restricted because they are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Assets - This component consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance - This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance - This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Finance).

Assigned Fund Balance - For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, this represents any remaining positive amounts not classified as restricted or committed. For the General Fund, this includes amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the First Selectman.

Unassigned Fund Balance - This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

A budget for the General Fund and certain Special Revenue Funds are authorized annually by the Town. The Board of Finance recommends and the Representative Town Meeting (RTM) approves the budget.

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reported in the financial statements for the General Fund and specific Special Revenue Funds (Sewer Assessment, Water Assessment, Open Space Fund, Board of Education Program Fund and Day Care). As required by Town Charter, the Board of Finance holds a public hearing to review and discuss the proposed annual Town budget no later than two weeks before the Annual Budget Meeting of the RTM. The Board of Finance then recommends and submits a formal annual appropriations budget to the RTM. The RTM must take action on the adoption of the appropriations recommended by the Board of Finance at the Annual Budget Meeting, which must be held no later than the Friday following the second Tuesday of May. Thereafter, but no later than June 1, the Board of Finance shall determine the rate of taxation for the ensuing fiscal year.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the line item level for all budgeted funds. The Board of Finance, upon the request of individual departments, offices or agencies, may approve and must recommend all transfers to the RTM. No recommended transfer by the Board of Finance shall be effective unless approved by the RTM. There were supplemental appropriations from revised revenue estimates of \$183,360 for police special duty.

All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end except for those in the Capital Projects Fund. Appropriations for these funds are continued until completion of the applicable projects, which often last more than one fiscal year.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

B. Deficit Fund Balance

The Building Usage Fund, a nonmajor special revenue fund, had a deficit fund balance of \$25. The Heart and Hypertension Fund, an internal service fund, had a deficit of \$963,338. These deficits will be funded by future transfers, grants, charges for services or permanent financing.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit in an "out of state bank," as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds does not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$22,700,279 of the Town's bank balance of \$29,477,992 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 11,715,062
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's	
trust department, not in the Town's name, and	
amounts held by third party banks in the Town's name	10,985,217
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 22,700,279

Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2011, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$11,695,224. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

	Standard & Poor's
State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund*	
State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF)	AAAm
Cutwater - Cooperative Liquid Assets	
Securities System (CLASS)	AAAm

^{*}Not rated

Investments

As of June 30, 2011, the Town had the following investments:

					Inves	tme	ent Maturitie	es (Y	(ears)
Investment Type	Credit Rating		Fair Value		Less Than 1	_	1 - 10		More Than 10
Interest-bearing investments:									
U.S. Treasury bonds	N/A	\$	1,487,568	\$		\$	1,034,318	\$	453,250
Other debt securities	AAA		6,544,667		583,985		3,862,640		2,098,042
Corporate bonds	A-AAA		4,001,842				3,605,280		396,562
Corporate bonds	B-BBB-	-	215,681			_	215,681		
Total			12,249,758	\$	583,985	\$_	8,717,919	\$	2,947,854
Other investments:									
Common stock			17,992						
Police Pension Fund and Volunteer Firemen Pension: Open ended mutual finds									
and exchange traded funds		-	14,252,831	-					
Total Investments		\$_	26,520,581	=					

^{*}Subject to coverage by Federal Depository Insurance and collateralization.

N/A Not applicable

Interest Rate Risk - The Town does not have a formal investment policy over pension investments that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Town's policy over nonpension investments limits the dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity to one year, and it limits individual maturities to five years.

Credit Risk - Investments - As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Town has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Town's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one private corporation debt issuer that is in excess of 5% of the Town's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2011, the Town had no uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that were not in the Town's name.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the Town's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	Capital Projects	Sewer Assessments	Nonmajor and Other Funds	Total
Receivables:					
Interest	\$ 978,049 \$		\$	\$	\$ 978,049
Taxes	2,992,587				2,992,587
Accounts		17,910		102,169	120,079
Special assessments	520,515		898,681	176,801	1,595,997
Intergovernmental	2,675,453			600,202	3,275,655
Loans				591,755	591,755
Gross receivables	7,166,604	17,910	898,681	1,470,927	9,554,122
Less allowance for uncollectibles	(513,617)				(513,617)
Net Total Receivables	\$ 6,652,987 \$	17,910	\$ 898,681	\$ 1,470,927	\$ 9,040,505

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	_	Unavailable	_	Unearned
Delinquent property taxes receivable	\$	2,120,069	\$	
Accrued interest		978,049		
Special assessments not yet due		1,075,482		
Grant drawdowns and unearned fees				731,289
School building grants		2,482,736		
Housing loans		591,755		
Advance tax collections and over collections			_	4,009,177
			_	_
Total Deferred/Unearned Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$_	7,248,091	\$	4,740,466

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Increases	Transfers	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 12,887,869	\$ 170,000	\$	\$	\$ 13,057,869
Intangible assets		596,800			596,800
Construction in progress	2,213,536	1,497,424	(1,385,504)		2,325,456
Total capital assets not being depreciated	15,101,405	2,264,224	(1,385,504)	-	15,980,125
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	102,490,413	220,332	1,385,504	(433,715)	103,662,534
Improvements other than buildings	1,527,153	18,905			1,546,058
Machinery and equipment	23,256,533	534,514		(113,866)	23,677,181
Infrastructure	84,458,847	111,026			84,569,873
Total capital assets being depreciated	211,732,946	884,777	1,385,504	(547,581)	213,455,646
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	28,664,545	2,194,767		(236,606)	30,622,706
Improvements other than buildings	666,414	63,984			730,398
Machinery and equipment	13,506,099	1,168,815		(101,807)	14,573,107
Infrastructure	54,725,426	1,500,048			56,225,474
Total accumulated depreciation	97,562,484	4,927,614	-	(338,413)	102,151,685
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	114,170,462	(4,042,837)	1,385,504	(209,168)	111,303,961
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 129,271,867	\$ (1,778,613)	\$	\$ (209,168)	\$ 127,284,086

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 139,223
Public safety	466,715
Public works	2,761,058
Parks, recreation and libraries	62,842
Health and welfare	33,559
Education	1,464,217
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 4,927,614

Active Capital Projects

The Town has active projects as of June 30, 2011. The projects include the following:

Project	Appropriation	Cumulative Expenditures	Encumbrances	Available Balance
BOE TriGeneration Project	\$ 1,021,600	\$ 1,021,600	\$ \$	
Branford HS Track	400,000	369,199		30,801
High School Renovations	26,577,000	26,568,026		8,974
WIS Roof & Window Replacement	2,100,000	1,616,303	294,800	188,897
Capital Projects Fund	20,510,601	14,653,715	218,398	5,638,488
Blackstone Library Renovations	1,165,000	1,063,785	6,994	94,221
Queach Property Acq.	3,795,000	3,795,000		
Tabor Drive Acquisition	13,875,000	13,487,512	41,015	346,473
Town Hall Renovation	3,615,000	3,613,024		1,976
Fire Apparatus Fund	2,832,498	2,549,920		282,578
Trolley Trail	51,329	49,402		1,927
DPW Apparatus	769,727	542,953		226,774
Ambulance Fund	884,551	798,808		85,743
Elderly Commission Vehicle Replacement	80,000	38,082		41,918
Municipal Facilities Fund	13,675,515	2,189,139	9,975,728	1,510,648
Board of Education Facilities Fund	265,350	229,511		35,839
Land Acquisition Fund	780,000	766,800		13,200
Infrastructure Enhancement Fund	2,250,000	6,500		2,243,500

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2011 are as follows:

Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable	Amount		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Capital Project Fund	\$	80,000	
General Fund	Capital Project Fund		1,800,006	
Capital Project Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		60,000	
Capital Project Fund	General Fund		2,926,384	
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	_	729,625	
Total		\$	5,596,015	

All interfund receivables and payables are the result of regularly recurring transactions and represent temporary balances.

Interfund transfers:

	_	Transfers In					_	
		General Fund		Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental		Total Transfers Out
Transfers out: General Fund Nonmajor Governmental	\$	395,000	\$	2,881,841 511,568	\$	826,482	\$	3,708,323 906,568
Total Transfers In	\$_	395,000	\$_	3,393,409	\$_	826,482	\$_	4,614,891

All transfers represent routine transactions that occur annually to move resources from one fund to another.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2011, was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance	Additions	-	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable:							
General obligation bonds	\$	18,435,000 \$	18,925,000	\$	9,445,000	+,,	\$ 4,045,000
Clean water notes		20,805,380			1,381,201	19,424,179	1,409,081
Less deferred amounts:							
On refunding		(106,364)	(97,643)		(15,305)	(188,702)	
For issuance premiums	_		364,724	_	13,026	351,698	
Total bonds and notes payable		39,134,016	19,192,081		10,823,922	47,502,175	5,454,081
Landfill closure		1,343,000	177,000			1,520,000	146,667
Compensated absences		4,257,773	499,064		41,499	4,715,338	151,350
Risk management claims		2,715,176	36,836			2,752,012	1,176,798
Capital leases	_	1,153,613			184,056	969,557	191,769
Total Governmental Activities	•			Φ.		.	.
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	48,603,578 \$	19,904,981	\$	11,049,477	\$ 57,459,082	\$ 7,120,665

A schedule of bonds and notes outstanding at June 30, 2011 is presented below:

	Balance June 30, 2010	Issued	Retired	Refunding Retirements	Balance June 30, 2011
General Obligation:					
School, 0.85-4.0%, mature in 2015	\$ 4,720,000 \$		\$ 1,195,000	\$ \$	3,525,000
School, 2.0-4.0%, mature on 2015		2,443,000			2,443,000
School, 0.85-4.0%, mature in 2018	972,000		13,000		959,000
School, 4.0-5.0%, mature in 2019	3,198,000		706,000	2,492,000	-
School, 4.0-5.0%, mature in 2025		2,000,000			2,000,000
Public improvement sewer, 0.85-					
4.0%, mature in 2018	1,947,000		28,000		1,919,000
Public improvement, 2.0-4.0%,					
mature in 2018		3,592,000			3,592,000
Public improvement, 4.0-5.0%,					
mature in 2019	1,512,000		534,000	978,000	-
Public improvement, 3.375-5.0%,					
mature in 2022	2,975,000		250,000	2,725,000	-
Public improvement, 3.375-5.0%,					
mature in 2025		10,770,000			10,770,000
Special Assessment:					
Sewer, 3.4-5.0%, mature in 2016	150,000		25,000	125,000	-
Sewer, 2.0-4.0%, mature in 2016		120,000			120,000
Sewer, 0.85-4.0%, mature in 2018	2,591,000		39,000		2,552,000
Sewer, 4.0-5.0%, mature in 2019	300,000		300,000		-
Water, 6.8-7.5%, mature in 2012	70,000		35,000	<u> </u>	35,000
Total Bonds	18,435,000	18,925,000	3,125,000	6,320,000	27,915,000
State of Connecticut, CWF, 2%,					
mature in 2013	45,017		15,570		29,447
State of Connecticut, CWF, 2%,	43,017		13,370		27,447
mature in 2019	611,067		68,816		542,251
State of Connecticut, CWF, 2%,	011,007		00,010		5 12,251
mature in 2022	12,630,737		919,181		11,711,556
State of Connecticut, CWF, 2%	12,030,737		<i>)</i> 1 <i>)</i> ,101		11,711,000
mature in 2027	5,299,249		270,635		5,028,614
State of Connecticut, CWF, 2%	5,277,217		2.0,000		2,020,011
mature in 2028	2,219,310		106,999		2,112,311
	, ,				, ,
Total Bonds and Notes	\$ 39,240,380 \$	18,925,000	\$ 4,506,201	\$ 6,320,000 \$	47,339,179

The following is a summary of debt maturities for repayment of bonds and notes:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal Interest		Total
2012	\$ 5,454,082	\$ 1,124,057	\$ 6,578,139
2013	5,149,799	1,009,450	6,159,249
2014	5,315,004	855,886	6,170,890
2015	4,329,272	714,895	5,044,167
2016	3,804,130	589,637	4,393,767
2017-2021	14,332,926	1,757,591	16,090,517
2022-2026	8,484,316	499,498	8,983,814
2027-2028	469,650	5,393	475,043
Total	\$ 47,339,179	\$ 6,556,407	\$ 53,895,586

Clean Water Fund Notes

The Town is currently participating in a Capital Project (Wastewater Design Project) under the State of Connecticut Clean Water Fund established in accordance with Section 22a-477 of the General Statutes of Connecticut. The Clean Water Fund is administered by the State Department of Environmental Protection and provides grant and loan funds to municipalities for "eligible water quality project costs." The notes carry an interest rate of 2%.

General Obligation Bonds and Notes

All bonds and notes are classified as general obligations of the Town.

Refundings

On March 14, 2011, the Town issued \$6,155,000 in general obligation bonds, with an average interest rate of 3.57% to refund outstanding bonds with an average rate of 4.29%. The bonds refunded were as follows: \$3,720,000 of outstanding 2001 general obligation bonds, and \$2,600,000 of outstanding 2006 general obligation bonds. The net proceeds of \$6,417,643 (after payment of \$108,021) were deposited with an escrow agent in an irrevocable trust fund. The proceeds were used to buy a portfolio of direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America, to provide all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. The refunded bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds have been removed from the statement of net assets. The transaction generated a cash flow savings of \$401,729 and a present value savings of \$359,638.

In prior years, and the current year, the Town defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the Town's financial statements. At June 30, 2011, \$-0- of the defeased debt is outstanding.

Bonds Authorized Unissued

The Town had bonds authorized unissued for various projects as follows:

Project	 Authorization	 Bonds Previously Issued and Paydowns	 Bonds Authorized Unissued
Tabor Drive WIS Roof and Windows School Ground and Road Bridge	\$ 13,875,000 2,100,000 2,250,000	\$ 10,900,000 1,714,897 333,875	\$ 2,975,000 385,103 1,916,125

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

	 (In Thousands)							
Category	 Debt Limit	<u>I</u>	[ndebtedness	* 	Balance			
General purpose	\$ 185,435	\$	19,256	\$	166,179			
Schools	370,870		8,745**		362,125			
Sewers	309,058		22,096		286,962			
Urban renewal	267,851				267,851			
Pension deficit	247,247				247,247			

The total overall statutory debt limit for the Town is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation, or \$576,909.

Capital Leases

The Town has entered into multi-year capital leases for the purchase of equipment. Principal payments for 2011 were \$184,056. The following is a summary of capital lease commitments as of June 30, 2011.

Future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2011 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Governmental Activities
2012	\$ 228,988
2013	228,987
2014	228,988
2015	108,003
2016	108,003
2017-2018	180,005
Total minimum lease payments	1,082,974
Less amount representing interest	(113,417)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 969,557

^{*} Includes bonds authorized unissued (\$5,276) and excludes water bonds outstanding of \$35.

^{**} Total school indebtedness has been reduced by State of Connecticut Building Grants commitments of \$2,483.

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related including torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks, but, as of July 1, 2000, has chosen to retain the risks for workers' compensation claims. The Town's claims for risks covered by insurance have not exceeded covered losses during the past three years.

The Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund is utilized to report the self-insurance activity. Workers Compensated Trust Services administers the plan, for which the Town pays a fee. The Town's general government and the Board of Education, contribute based on estimates using historical data. The Town covers all claims up to \$500,000 per employee per year with a stop-loss policy covering amounts exceeding the limit.

The claims liability of \$944,321 reported in the Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2011 is based on the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. Changes in the claims liability were as follows for the last two years:

	_	Liability July 1,	 Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	 Claim Payments	 Liability June 30,
2010-11 2009-10	\$	950,959 639,726	\$ 717,330 968,030	\$ 723,968 656,797	\$ 944,321 950,959

The Heart and Hypertension Fund was established to account for the self-insured activities of the Town related to heart and hypertension claims. The claims liability of \$1,302,550 at June 30, 2011 is based on the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. Changes in the claims liability are as follows:

	Liability July 1,	 Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	 Claim Payments	 Liability June 30,	
2010-11 2009-10	\$ 1,180,597 959,517	\$ 365,304 555,831	\$ 243,351 334,751	\$ 1,302,550 1,180,597	

The Town created the Medical Self-Insurance Fund at the end of 2006. The fund will be used to pay claims for prescription drug costs and dental benefits. The claims liability of \$505,141 at June 30, 2011 is based on the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported be recorded. Changes in the claims liability are as follows:

	 Liability July 1,	 Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	 Claim Payments	 Liability June 30,
2010-11	\$ 583,620	\$ 10,585,959	\$ 10,664,438	\$ 505,141
2009-10	167,586	7,380,143	6,964,109	583,620

9. BULKY WASTE LANDFILL

The Town Landfill at the intersection of Tabor Drive and Marshall Road no longer accepts municipal solid waste, yet continues to accept bulky waste from the town transfer station, and serves as a Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) approved site for placement of soils with certain contaminants.

State and Federal laws and regulations require the Town of Branford to place final cover on the landfill, and each year the Town appropriates funds for the placement of final cover on completed sections. In the 2009/2010 fiscal year approximately one additional acre was capped. The total area of the landfill for which final cover has been applied is estimated at 95%.

It is anticipated that the placement of bulky waste will continue at the front of the landfill until the summer of 2013, with closure costs incurred into fiscal 12/13. Annual appropriations will continue to be placed in a special revenue fund for the final cover for this front section when it no longer receives waste. The balance of this account is currently \$165,172 including encumbrances.

Based upon Town estimates, it is anticipated that future closure costs, including building demolition and grading at the toe-of slope will be approximately \$230,000. Associated engineering costs including but not limited to the landfill gas investigation, closure plan, post closure land use planning, survey, design, bid assistance, construction administration, and closure certification report is approximately \$90,000. These estimates do not include post-closure costs. Improvements to stormwater quality, landfill gas mitigation, and any additional closure requirements to comply with DEP regulations might be required as part of closure activities, and is not included in the above estimate. The Town is required to monitor and maintain the landfill for thirty years after closure. The estimated annual cost for this postclosure activity is \$40,000. These costs will be funded through the General Fund on an annual basis. Regulatory changes or acceleration of the schedule for closure of the landfill may require additional appropriations for the accelerated completion of the installation of final cover.

A 77 acre parcel located north of the active landfill was purchased by the Town through eminent domain in 2004. It overlays a portion of, and may be impacted by, the leachate plume originating from the landfill. Since houses had been proposed by a developer on this site, the Town took the proactive stance of purchasing the property to preclude incompatible development, since control of the plume and of any off-site gas migration is required. Environmental investigations and mitigation have begun on this property, with funds for the project on this adjoining acreage provided by bond

proceeds which are separately addressed, but not totaled in past or future closure costs below. Environmental investigations on this large parcel are not confined to the area presumed to be impacted by the landfill, so only costs directly attributable to mitigation of landfill impacts have been mentioned in past notes. No money was spent in fiscal 10/11 on this sort of environmental mitigation. Site investigations for a possible public works complex on this parcel are not addressed in this note. Legal challenges are pending. Routine quarterly testing of wells on this parcel are now included in operating costs and in future monitoring costs.

Summary of Estimated Total Cost of Remaining Closure and Postclosure Care

Final Cover Cost and Grading Cost	\$	230,000
Engineering Costs		90,000
Postclosure Care Costs (30 years):		
Inspection and Maintenance of Final Cover (\$16,500 annually)		495,000
Monitoring Program, Groundwater, Methane & Stormwater		
(\$23,500 annually)	_	705,000
	_	_
Total	\$	1,520,000

10. JOINT VENTURES

Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee

The Town is a participant with 13 other cities and towns in a joint venture, the Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee (BRRFOC). BRRFOC was created pursuant to an Inter-Community Agreement to exercise certain rights on behalf of contracting municipalities in dealing with the waste-to-energy plant built by Ogden Martin Systems of Bristol, Inc. (now Covanta Bristol, Inc.). The governing board consists of Town officials appointed by each of the participating municipalities, and assumes all the management decisions. The Town of Branford has an obligation to appropriate funds in amounts necessary to fulfill its obligations created pursuant to the Intercommunity Agreement dated as of August 15, 1985. These obligations deal with guarantees to meet certain tonnage requirements. The Town expenditures to BRRFOC amounted to \$834,448 this year. General Fund fund balance for fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 as reflected in BRRFOC's financial statements is \$10.8 million. A complete set of financial statements for BRRFOC can be obtained from the administrative office at 43 Enterprise Drive, Bristol, Connecticut.

Under the Service Agreement, the service fee is an obligation of the Contracting Muncipalities to which each has pledged its full faith and credit. Should any Contracting Municipality default in its obligation to pay the service fee, the other Contracting Municipalities shall have an obligation to continue to pay the aggregate service fee. If BRRFOC does not perform its obligations under the service agreement, and Ogden Corporation (now Covanta Bristol, Inc.) fails to perform such obligations pursuant to its guarantee, the Contracting Municipalities have certain rights to terminate the service agreement and, upon termination, would no longer be obligated to pay the service fee.

By special legislation enacted in 2001, Special Act No. 01-10, An Act to Permit the Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee to Finance Projects and Refund Previously Issued Bonds, BRRFOC is permitted to finance projects including additions, renovations or improvements to the Facility, recycling facility and similar activities required to provide solid waste and recycling services to the Contracting Municipalities. The total amount of bonds issued by BRRFOC and outstanding at any time cannot exceed \$100,000,000.

11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

Police Employees Retirement Plan

A. Plan Description

The Town is the administrator of a single-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) established and administered by the Town to provide pension benefits for its police officers. The PERS is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial reports as a Pension Trust Fund.

The Town provides police retirement benefits through a single employer, contributory, defined benefit plan. Under the plan, all regular members of the Police Department are eligible. Participants are 100% vested after five years of service. The retirement benefit is calculated at 2% of the highest annual salary out of the last three years immediately prior to retirement multiplied by up to 33-1/3 years of service. Police officers are required to contribute 6% of their base salaries to the PERS. The Plan provides for automatic post-retirement increases on retiree pensions up to a maximum of 66-2/3% of pay. If an employee leaves covered employment before five years of service, accumulated employee contributions and related investment earnings are refunded. Benefits and contributions are established by the Town and may be amended only by the Representative Town Meeting.

At July 1, 2009 (date of latest valuation), PERS membership consisted of:

Retirees, disabled and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	33
Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	4
Active plan members	51
Total	88

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting: PERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed.

Method Used to Value Investments: Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchange of investments are recognized on the transaction date. There are no investments in any organization that represent 5% or more of net assets available for benefits.

C. Funding Status and Progress

Police officers are required to contribute 6% of base pay to the PERS. The Town is required to contribute the amounts necessary to finance the coverage for its employees as determined by its actuaries; the contribution rate for the current year was 12.9% of covered payroll.

D. Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligations

The Town's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the Town's Retirement System for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$	1,014,103
Interest on net pension obligation		(37,106)
Adjustment to annual required contribution		43,360
	-	
Annual pension cost		1,020,357
Contributions made		887,078
	-	
Increase in net pension obligation		133,279
Net pension asset at beginning of year		(494,743)
	-	
Net Pension Asset at End of Year	\$	(361,464)
	-	

The following is a summary of certain significant actuarial assumptions and other PERS information:

Actuarial valuation date	July 1, 2009
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method	Level dollar
Remaining amortization period	22 years closed
Asset valuation method	5 years smoothed asset value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.5%
Projected salary increases	5.0%
Assumed inflation rate	4.0%

E. Trend Information

	Annual		Net		
 Fiscal Year	 Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	 Pension Obligation (Asset)	. <u>-</u>	Actual Contribution
6/30/09 6/30/10	\$ 774,619 795,829	104.2% 138.5	\$ (188,706) (494,743)	\$	806,769 1,101,866
6/30/11	1,020,357	86.9	(361,464)		887,078

Pension Plan Required Supplementary Information

Schedule	of Funding	Progress
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Actuarial Valuation Date		Actuarial Value of Assets (a)		Actuarial Accrued Liability(AAL) -Entry Age (b)		(Unfunded) AAL (UAAL) (a-b)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Ratio		UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((a-b)/c)	
7/01/05	\$	11,206,696	\$	15,525,603	\$	(4,318,907)	72.2%	\$	3,353,416	128.8%	
7/01/07		14,044,381		18,061,498		(4,017,117)	77.8		3,506,416	114.6	
7/01/09		15,681,847		20,691,823		(5,009,976)	75.8		3,993,027	125.5	

Schedule	of Employer	Contributions
ochedule	or rumpioser	Comminuments

Schedule of Employer Contributions									
		Annual							
Year		Required	Percentage						
Ended		Contribution	Contributed						
6/30/06	\$	707,592	95%						
6/30/07		724,950	108						
6/30/08		781,134	103						
6/30/09		773,105	104						
6/30/10		793,742	139						
6/30/11		1,014,103	87						

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is presented in Section D above.

Municipal Employees' Retirement System

All Town of Branford full-time employees, except the Police Department employees, elected officials and certified teachers and administrators, participate in the Connecticut Municipal Employee's Retirement Fund B (MERF), a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to the employees and beneficiaries of participating municipalities. Chapter 113 Part II of the General Statutes of Connecticut, which can be amended by legislative action, establishes PERS benefits, member contribution rates, and other plan provisions. MERF is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106 or by calling 860-702-3480.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required by State Statute to contribute 2-1/4% of earnings upon which Social Security tax is paid plus 5% of earnings on which no Social Security tax is paid. Each participating municipality is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 10.58% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the Town are established and may be amended by the State Retirement Commission. The Town's contributions to MERF for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$1,683,907, \$1,303,939 and \$1,153,600, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Teacher Retirement

All Town teachers participate in the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System under Section 10.183 of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut which has a multiple employer PERS.

A teacher is eligible to receive a normal retirement benefit if he or she has:

- Attained age 60 and has accumulated 20 years of credited service in the public schools of Connecticut, or;
- Attained any age and has accumulated 35 years of credited service, at least 25 years of which are service in the public schools of Connecticut.

The Board of Education withholds 7.25% of all teachers' annual salaries and transmits the funds to the State Teachers' Retirement Board. Teacher payroll subject to retirement amounted to \$32,487,529.

The retirement system for teachers is funded by the State of Connecticut based upon the recommendation of the Teachers' Retirement Board. Such contribution includes amortization of actuarially computed unfunded liability. The Town does not have any liability for teacher pensions. For the year ended June 30, 2011, the Town has recorded in the General Fund intergovernmental revenue and education expenditures in the amount of \$3,772,460 as payments made by the State of Connecticut on behalf of the Town.

The State of Connecticut Teacher Retirement System is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, Connecticut 06106.

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting - The financial statements of the Retire Health Plan (RHP) are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the Town.

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

A. Plan Description

The Town, in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, is committed to providing health and other benefits to certain eligible retirees and their spouses under a single employer plan. The Retirement Benefit Program covers Town, Board of Education, Police and Fire employees. Retired program members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified percentages towards the cost of receiving those benefits under the Town's self-insured medical benefits program. The percentage contribution of the employees and retirees for these benefits vary and are detailed within the Town's various bargaining agreements. The Town does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement for this program.

At July 1, 2010, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Post-Retirement Medical Program
Retired members and spouses Active plan members	136 564
Total Participants	700

B. Funding Policy

The Town of Branford's funding and payment of postemployment benefits are accounted for in both the General Fund and in an Internal Service Fund on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Town has established a trust effective July 2009 to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with postemployment benefits in accordance with GASB guidelines. The Town has transferred the assets accumulated in a special revenue fund to the trust fund and will gradually increase future contributions to provide for normal cost and the amortization of the accrued liability while maintaining a negative net OPEB obligation (asset).

The Town's funding strategy for postemployment obligations are based upon characteristics of benefits for the following groups of employees: Police, Fire, Other Municipal Employees, Board of Education certified and Board of Education noncertified. A summary of the plan provisions is as follows:

- Eligibility for benefits for Police and Fire range from 10 to 25 years of service at time of retirement determined by union contract and date of hire.
- Medical benefits for Police and Fire range from 100% cost of coverage for the retiree and 50% coverage for their spouse until the employee's death, 100% coverage for retiree only depending on date of hire and union contract.
- The remaining employee groups are eligible pursuant to their bargaining unit and date of hire to purchase coverage for 100% of the cost set forth for active members within their bargaining unit.
- Life insurance benefits are not offered.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The Town of Branford's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OPEB obligation:

		Retiree Benefit Program
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation	\$	1,997,300 (110,400)
Adjustment to annual required contribution		115,900
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	_	2,002,800 1,503,300
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB asset at beginning of year		499,500 (1,471,400)
Net OPEB Asset at End of Year	\$	(971,900)

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009, are presented below.

Fiscal Year Ending	ar OPEB		Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	Net OPEB Asset		
6/30/11 6/30/10 6/30/09	\$	2,002,800 1,963,400 1,818,900	\$ 1,503,300 1,285,645 3,968,100	75.06% 65.48% 218.16%	\$ 971,900 1,471,400 2,149,200		

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	_	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	 Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	 Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
7/1/08	\$	-	\$ 16,496,800	\$ (16,496,800)	0%	\$ 41,807,100	(39.46%)
7/1/10		4,134,000	17,271,300	(13,137,300)	23.94%	39,028,800	(33.66%)

Schedule of Employer Contribution

Fiscal Year		Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
6/30/11	\$	1,997,300	75.27%
6/30/10	т	1,955,400	65.48%
6/30/09		1,818,900	218.16%

In the July 1, 2010 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 7.5% investment rate of return as a trust fund is in existence, which is the rate of the expected long-term investment returns of plan assets calculated based on the funding policy of the plan at the valuation date. The annual healthcare cost trend rate varies by age and between the various groups and ranges from 0% to 4.2%. The general inflation assumption is 10% for 2010, declining 1% per year until 2015, where it is carried at 5% for 2015 and future years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected unit credit on an open basis.

13. FUND BALANCES

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2011 are as follows:

				M Special Re							
	_	General Fund		Sewer Assessments		Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total	
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable:											
Inventory	\$		\$		\$		\$	21,387	\$	21,387	
Prepaid items		29,144								29,144	
Permanent fund principal								100,420		100,420	
Restricted for:											
Capital projects				391,806		2,207,889				2,599,695	
Unspent grant balances								1,093,199		1,093,199	
Cat room expansion								38,159		38,159	
Permanent funds								148,125		148,125	
Committed to:											
General government								386,903		386,903	
Public safety								99,436		99,436	
Public works and highway								2,901,772		2,901,772	
Parks, recreation and libraries								442,511		442,511	
Health and human services								553,691		553,691	
Education		61,088						6,904		67,992	
Assigned to:											
Subsequent year budget		2,825,000								2,825,000	
General government		279,088								279,088	
Public safety		62,718								62,718	
Public works and highway		62,901								62,901	
Parks, recreation and libraries		6,935								6,935	
Health and human services		198								198	
Unassigned	_	14,919,507	-		_			(18,394)	_	14,901,113	
Total Fund Balances	\$_	18,246,579	=	391,806	_	2,207,889		5,774,113	_	26,620,387	

Significant encumbrances at June 30, 2011 are contained in the above table in the assigned category of the General Fund, and the restricted category of the Capital Projects Fund.

14. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

During the year, the Town implemented GASB Statement No. 54. This required the Town to review their special revenue funds and determine if they have a revenue source that is restricted or committed for a specific purpose. This revenue source also needs to constitute a substantial portion of the resources in the fund. As a result the board of education severance fund, a non-major special revenue fund did not meet those requirements and is now reported as part of the general fund. Additionally the revaluation and open space funds (non-major special revenue funds) did not meet these requirements and are now reported as part of the capital projects fund.

	General Fund	-	Major Fund Capital <u>Projects Fund</u>	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Balance June 30, 2010	\$ 17,776,116	\$	(7,642,795) \$	7,282,783
Reclassification to General Fund	60,948			(60,948)
Reclassification to Capital Projects Fund		_	938,954	(938,954)
Restated Fund Balance, June 30, 2010	\$ 17,837,064	\$	(6,703,841) \$	6,282,881

15. LITIGATION

The Town of Branford, its officers, employees, boards and commissions are defendants in various lawsuits. Following consultation with the Town Attorney and other attorneys advising the Town, Town officials are of the opinion that all pending litigation will not be finally determined so as to result individually or in the aggregate in a final judgment against the Town that would materially adversely affect its financial position.

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Town issued \$13,080,000 of general obligation bonds dated August 18, 2011 for various projects. The bonds will mature serially from 2012-2026 and bear interest at rates ranging from 2% to 4%. The Town also issued \$2,975,000 of general obligation bond anticipation notes dated August 18, 2011. The notes will mature on August 16, 2012 and bear interest at a rate of 1.5%.

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		Budgeted Amounts					Variance
	Oı	iginal	_	Final	_	Actual	 Positive (Negative)
Taxes:							
Current Taxes	\$ 78,9	921,150	\$	78,921,150	\$	79,502,818	\$ 581,668
Interest Income	<u> </u>	500,000		500,000		579,205	79,205
Lien Fees		8,000		8,000		6,093	(1,907)
Suspense Collections		20,000		20,000		7,734	(12,266)
Delinquent Taxes	(525,000		625,000		1,199,655	574,655
Warrant Fees			_		_	4,909	 4,909
Total taxes	80,0	074,150		80,074,150	_	81,300,414	 1,226,264
Intergovernmental Revenues:							
Education Cost Sharing	1,3	583,186		1,583,186		1,500,376	(82,810)
School Transportation		175,000		175,000		88,953	(86,047)
Health and Welfare		28,236		28,236		11,172	(17,064)
Principal Subsidy	3	352,458		352,458		651,307	298,849
Interest Subsidy		77,215		77,215		125,076	47,861
Circuit Breaker Elderly	2	215,000		215,000		210,447	(4,553)
Elderly Tax Relief - Freeze		11,000		11,000		11,500	500
Boat Exemption						79,509	79,509
Disability Exemption		2,400		2,400		2,805	405
Veterans' Reimbursement		26,000		26,000		26,457	457
Manufacturing PILOT Grant		368,429		368,429		304,496	(63,933)
Pequot Grant		80,465		80,465		57,808	(22,657)
Private Property Exemption		110,073		110,073		116,750	6,677
State Property Exemption		50,723		50,723		57,228	6,505
State Counseling Grants		120,000		120,000		114,270	(5,730)
Miscellaneous State Grants						34,944	34,944
Municipal Video Competition Grant						11,843	11,843
Wildlife Refuge		2,000		2,000		1,605	(395)
North Branford Sewer Fees		150,000		150,000		185,643	 35,643
Total intergovernmental revenues	3,3	352,185		3,352,185		3,592,189	240,004

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance	
	_	Original	Fina	<u>l</u>	Actual	 Positive (Negative)
Licenses, Permits and Fees:						
Building Permits	\$	435,000	\$ 435,0	000 \$	428,539	\$ (6,461)
Excavation Permits					6,300	6,300
Sewer Connection Permits		150		150	92	(58)
Other Licenses and Permits		100		100		(100)
Zoning Board of Appeals		5,000	5,0	000	4,000	(1,000)
Planning and Zoning		15,000	15,0	000	19,653	4,653
Map Copies - Building and Engineering		658		558	1,141	483
Inland Wetlands Applications		8,000	8,0	000	5,735	(2,265)
Inland Wetlands Citations		1,500	1,:	500		(1,500)
DEP Application Costs					328	328
Education Fee					339	339
Transfer Station Escrow		46,000	46,	000	116,393	70,393
Trip Passes		2,600	2,	500	2,533	(67)
Sticker Revenue					10,900	10,900
Permits and Tags - Police		12,000	12,	000	17,625	5,625
Special Wages - Police		350,000	533,	360	730,967	197,607
False Alarm Fees		6,850	6,	850	7,000	150
Pump Out Services		7,000	7,0	000	5,400	(1,600)
Town Clerk Other Monies		260,000	260,0	000	325,447	65,447
Conveyance Taxes		350,000	350,0	000	281,856	(68,144)
DEP Licenses - Town Portion		690		590	972	282
Marriage Licenses - Town Portion		2,000	2,	000	2,884	884
Dog Licenses		5,000	5,0	000	11,868	6,868
Ambulance Service Fees		1,425,000	1,425,0	000	1,477,156	52,156
Miscellaneous Permits and Fees - Fire Services					2,045	2,045
Counseling Fees and Services		415,000	415,0	000	398,353	(16,647)
Counseling - United Way Contribution					42	42
Conservation Commission					85	85
E-Commerce Revenue Share					2,080	 2,080
Total licenses, permits and fees	_	3,347,548	3,530,	908	3,859,733	 328,825

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budgete	ed A	mounts				Variance
	Original	. <u>-</u>	Final	_	Actual	_	Positive (Negative)
Interest Income	\$177,000	\$_	177,000	\$_	225,188	\$_	48,188
Other:							
Willoughby - Wallace Library Fees	4,000		4,000		4,647		647
Willoughby - Passport Fees	2,000		2,000		1,455		(545)
Notary Fees					30		30
Employee Health Insurance Co-pay	345,000		345,000		349,086		4,086
In Lieu of Taxes - Telephone Access	148,000		148,000		98,685		(49,315)
In Lieu of Taxes - SCRW	190,000		190,000		220,367		30,367
Leases	3,000		3,000		4,003		1,003
Building Usage					2,250		2,250
NGO Revenue					369		369
Insurance Claims and Refunds	10,000		10,000		50,679		40,679
Miscellaneous Income	10,000		10,000		94,621		84,621
Sale of Town Property	60,000		60,000		165,677		105,677
Reimbursement Town Services					3,109		3,109
Board of Education - Tuition Reimbursement					23,013		23,013
Returned Check Fees					125		125
Under Liquidated Encumbrances					1,580		1,580
Total other	772,000	_	772,000	_	1,019,696		247,696
Total revenues	87,722,883		87,906,243		89,997,220		2,090,977
Other Financing Sources:							
Transfers in	394,750		394,750	_	395,000		250
Total Revenue and Other Financing Sources	\$ 88,117,633	\$_	88,300,993	į.	90,392,220	\$_	2,091,227
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues because: State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the Connecticut Retirement System for Town teachers are not budgeted.					3,772,460		
Under liquidation of prior year encumbrances is recorded as mi revenue for budgetary reporting. This amount is excluded for reporting purposes.					(1,580)		
reporting purposes.					(1,500)		
The Town does not budget for Board of Education severance fu	and revenues.				140		
The Town does not budget for proceeds from the issuance of re	funding bonds.				6,155,000		
The Town does not budget for premiums on refunding bond is	suance.				364,724		
The Board of Education does not budget for certain intergovers which are credited against education expenditures for budgeta. These amounts are recorded as revenues and expenditures for reporting purposes.	ry reporting.				649,686		
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Reported on the Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Gove				-		•	
Exhibit IV				\$_	101,332,650	:	

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	_	Budgete	d A	mounts	-			Variance
	_	Original		Final		Actual	-	Positive (Negative)
General Government:								
Legislative	\$	16,900	\$	16,900	\$	16,116	\$	784
Executive		335,186		335,186		324,021		11,165
Finance		74,006		74,006		61,569		12,437
Treasurer		373,008		378,299		374,501		3,798
Assessor		378,939		373,648		344,169		29,479
Review of Assessment		19,154		19,154		15,130		4,024
Tax Collector		292,270		292,270		235,287		56,983
Town Clerk		219,229		219,229		217,639		1,590
Law		447,400		447,400		415,053		32,347
Labor Relations Negotiations		70,000		70,000		50,563		19,437
Probate Court		12,000		12,000		10,873		1,127
Elections		103,933		132,933		131,414		1,519
Planning and Zoning		269,990		269,990		259,368		10,622
Zoning Board of Appeals		8,478		8,478		6,561		1,917
Development Commission		11,150		11,150		11,038		112
Inland Wetlands Commission		99,437		99,437		83,004		16,433
General Government Buildings		769,427		794,877		747,346		47,531
Cable Television		4,700		4,700		3,235		1,465
Electronic Data Processing		610,166		610,816		609,890		926
Human Resources		229,924	_	232,224		222,225	_	9,999
Total	_	4,345,297		4,402,697	-	4,139,002	-	263,695
Public Safety:								
Police Service		5,271,548		5,366,619		5,364,394		2,225
Police Service - Special Detail		350,000		533,360		533,359		1
Fire Protection		4,473,824		4,473,824		4,409,376		64,448
Building Department		151,884		151,884		148,941		2,943
Total	-	10,247,256		10,525,687	_	10,456,070	-	69,617
Public Works and Highways:								
Public Works		2,112,623		2,112,623		2,027,444		85,179
Sanitation and Waste		2,964,860		2,819,860		2,725,209		94,651
General Engineering		249,501		249,501		238,970		10,531
Total	_	5,326,984		5,181,984	_	4,991,623	-	190,361

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual							Variance
	_	Original		Final		Actual	_	Positive (Negative)
Recreation:								
Branford Recreation Department	\$	803,779	\$	803,779	\$	791,443	\$	12,336
Parker Park		66,369		66,369		58,720		7,649
Young's Park Commission		8,273		8,273		8,273		-
Docks and Recreational Facilities		10,821		10,821		8,405		2,416
Public Celebration		29,386		29,386		25,991		3,395
Conservation Commission		6,157		6,157	_	5,138	_	1,019
Total	-	924,785		924,785	-	897,970	_	26,815
Libraries:								
James Blackstone Memorial Library		1,074,100		1,109,373		1,109,373		-
Willoughby-Wallace Library	_	194,817		194,817	_	190,268	_	4,549
Total	<u>-</u>	1,268,917		1,304,190	_	1,299,641	_	4,549
Health and Welfare:								
Human Services		1,183,606		1,183,606		1,167,754		15,852
Commission for the Elderly		355,753		355,753		320,926		34,827
East Shore District Health		195,377		195,377		195,377		-
Total	<u>-</u>	1,734,736		1,734,736	_	1,684,057	_	50,679
Board of Education	-	47,738,219	. <u>-</u>	47,738,219		47,643,891	_	94,328
Pension and Insurance:								
Pension and Contributions		3,263,726		3,298,976		3,184,768		114,208
Employee Group Insurance		4,578,227		4,578,227		4,573,227		5,000
Municipal Insurance		1,584,713		1,608,113		1,606,617		1,496
Contingency		522,070		79,295	_	-		79,295
Total	_	9,948,736		9,564,611	-	9,364,612	_	199,999
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		5,222,000		4,622,000		4,471,202		150,798
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,518,761	_	1,518,761	_	1,422,295		96,466
Total	_	6,740,761		6,140,761		5,893,497	_	247,264
Total expenditures	_	88,275,691		87,517,670		86,370,363	_	1,147,307

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	_	Budgete	d A	mounts	_			Variance
	_	Original		Final		Actual	_	Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Uses:								
Transfers to Other Funds:								
Special Revenue Fund:								
Animal Control Fund	\$	129,482	\$	129,482	\$	129,482	\$	-
Special Programs Fund		17,000		97,000		97,000		-
Sewer Utility Fund		600,000		600,000		600,000		-
Capital Projects Fund:								
Open Space Fund		30,300		30,300		30,300		-
Revaluation Fund		99,500		99,500		99,500		-
Ambulance		85,000		85,000		85,000		-
Fire Apparatus		100,000		100,000		100,000		-
Municipal Facilities Fund		_		635,000		660,000		-
Elderly Vehicles		40,000		40,000		40,000		-
DPW Apparatus		115,000		115,000		115,000		-
Capital Procurement Fund		1,525,660		1,752,041		1,752,041		-
Total other financing uses	-	2,741,942		3,683,323		3,708,323	-	
Total Budgeted Operations	\$_	91,017,633	\$	91,200,993	=	90,078,686	\$_	1,147,307
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expending State of Connecticut on-behalf payments to the Connect Retirement System for Town teachers are not budgeted. The Board of Education does not budget for certain into which are credited against education expenditures for	eticut S ed. ergove	State Teachers'	ts			3,772,460		
These amounts are recorded as revenues and expenditu	_							
reporting purposes.						649,686		
The Town does not budget for refunding bond paymen	ts to e	scrow agent.				6,417,643		
The Town does not budget for bond issuance costs on i	efund	ing.				102,081		
Encumbrances for purchases and commitments ordered in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes, financial reporting purposes.					_	(97,421)		
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Reporte Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Exhibit IV				-	\$_	100,923,135		

GENERAL FUND

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

	_	2011	_	2010
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,805,384	\$	16,747,350
Investments		4,577,106		4,496,866
Receivables:				
Taxes, net of allowance of \$513,617 for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010		2,478,970		2,465,771
Interest		978,049		1,022,346
Intergovernmental		2,675,453		3,324,788
Other		520,515		530,158
Due from other funds		1,800,006		2,738,544
Prepaid items	_	29,144	_	42,364
Total Assets	\$_	33,864,627	\$_	31,368,187
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	1,649,622	\$	1,762,970
Due to other funds		3,656,009		1,450,000
Deferred revenues		10,087,310		10,136,634
Other		225,107		181,519
Total liabilities	-	15,618,048	_	13,531,123
Fund balance:				
Nonspendable		29,144		42,364
Committed		61,088		60,948
Assigned		3,236,840		3,220,288
Unassigned		14,919,507		14,513,464
Total fund balance	-	18,246,579	_	17,837,064
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	33,864,627	\$_	31,368,187

GENERAL FUND

REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Cwand	Uncollected	Lorren	Foreclosures	Transfers	Adjusted		Call	ections			Uncollected
Grand List	Taxes July 1, 2010	Lawful Corrections	and Adjustments	to Suspense	Taxes Collectible	Taxes	Interest	Liens	Total	-	Taxes June 30, 2011
							_	-			
1995	\$ 10,202	\$	\$	\$	\$ 10,202	\$	\$	\$	\$ -	\$	10,202
1996	12,986				12,986	54			54		12,932
1997	15,378				15,378				-		15,378
1998	27,838				27,838	3,484	6,900	48	10,432		24,354
1999	19,495				19,495	3,667	6,600	53	10,320		15,828
2000	25,867				25,867	3,908	6,332	48	10,288		21,959
2001	28,918				28,918	4,445	7,721	48	12,214		24,473
2002	72,836				72,836	3,333	5,862	48	9,243		69,503
2003	90,112	(3,831)			86,281	9,353	8,854	139	18,346		76,928
2004	227,234	(791)		(133,500)	92,943	12,415	10,315	144	22,874		80,528
2005	227,766	(1,171)			226,595	22,692	12,256	144	35,092		203,903
2006	328,136	15,492			343,628	114,468	32,600	459	147,527		229,160
2007	519,103	36,919			556,022	280,399	65,554	1,071	347,024		275,623
2008	1,363,883	40,900			1,404,783	770,104	139,001	3,097	912,202		634,679
2009	81,107,265	(257,302)	(50,008)		80,799,955	79,502,818	263,838	5,702	79,772,358		1,297,137
	\$ 84,077,019	\$ (169,784)	\$ (50,008)	\$ (133,500)	\$ 83,723,727	80,731,140	565,833	11,001	81,307,974	\$_	2,992,587
			Suspense Collec	etions		7,734	13,372	_	21,106	_	
			Total			\$ 80,738,874	\$ 579,205	\$ 11,001	\$ 81,329,080	=	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2011

	_									Specia	l Rev	venue								
								Board o	f E	ducation										
	-	Water Assessment		Program	_	Day Care	. <u>-</u>	Educational Grants	. <u>-</u>	Cafeteria		Energy Efficiency	_	Building Usage		Small Cities Fund	_	Town Aid Road	_	Pass Through Grants
ASSETS																				
Cash and cash equivalents Investment	\$	45,014	\$	18,202	\$	374,314	\$	245,146	\$	131,140	\$	115	\$		\$	66,517	\$	338,935	\$	
Accounts receivable Intergovernmental		22,477						84,905		58,999						591,755				
Due from other funds Inventory								01,703		21,387		25								
·	-	67.401	• ·	19 202	-	274 214	.	220.051	ф.	•		140	•			659 272	•	228 025	-	
Total Assets	»=	67,491	\$	18,202	\$_	374,314	Þ	330,051	\$	211,526	•	140	\$	-	\$	658,272	\$_	338,935	\$ =	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE																				
Liabilities:																				
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$		\$		\$	5,891	\$	93,919	\$	208,508	\$		\$	25	\$	1,462	\$	10,605 60,000	\$	
Deferred revenue	_	23,076					_	55,651	_		_		_			591,755	_		_	
Total liabilities	-	23,076			_	5,891	-	149,570	-	208,508	-		-	25		593,217	_	70,605	_	-
Fund Balance: Nonspendable										21,387										
Restricted								180,481		21,367						65,055		268,330		
Committed		44,415		18,202		368,423		100,101				140				05,055		200,550		
Unassigned		,		,		*				(18,369)				(25))					
Total fund balance	-	44,415		18,202		368,423	-	180,481	-	3,018	-	140	-	(25))	65,055	_	268,330	_	-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	67,491	\$	18,202	\$	374,314	\$	330,051	\$	211,526	\$	140	\$	-	\$	658,272	\$	338,935	\$	-

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2011

	_									Special I	Reve	nue								
	<u>.</u>	Park and Recreation		Special Programs	_	Counseling Center	=	Willoughby Wallace Library	_	Elderly Commission	-	Animal Control	_	Foote	-	Summer Studies	_	Sewer Utility Fund	_	Total
ASSETS																				
Cash and cash equivalents Investment Accounts receivable Intergovernmental Due from other funds Inventory	\$	525,941	\$	7,012 22,268 80,000	\$	115,124	\$	1,468 100,538	\$	439,515	\$	124,266 26,084	\$	6,904	\$	9,495	\$	2,596,933 154,324 407,946	\$	5,543,602 100,538 775,568 600,202 80,025 21,387
Total Assets	\$_	525,941	\$	613,853	\$_	115,124	\$_	102,006	\$_	439,515	\$_	150,350	\$_	6,904	\$_	9,495	\$_	3,159,203	\$_	7,121,322
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE																				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Total liabilities	\$	18,451 166,185 184,636	\$	34,520	\$	948	\$	800 0 800	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	12,755	\$		\$	9,357 9,357	\$	145,304 156,542 301,846	\$	533,163 60,025 1,002,566 1,595,754
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balance	_	341,305		579,333	_	114,176	_	101,206	_	439,515	_	38,159 99,436 137,595	_	6,904	_	138	-	2,857,357 2,857,357	_	21,387 1,131,358 4,391,217 (18,394) 5,525,568
	_	*	-		_		-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	-		_		-		-		-	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	525,941	\$	613,853	\$_	115,124	\$	102,006	\$_	439,515	\$_	150,350	\$	6,904	\$_	9,495	\$	3,159,203	\$	7,121,322

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2011

						Permanen	ıt Fı	und							
	_	Damascus Cemetery	_	Leshine Scholarship	_	Caspar Block Scholarship	_	Gustaf Nelson Memorial	_	Caspar Block Special Recreation Grant		Total	· 	Transfers/ Interfunds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS															
Cash and cash equivalents Investment Accounts receivable Intergovernmental Due from other funds Inventory	\$	931 137,772	\$	5,046	\$	5,151	\$	38,069	\$	63,076	\$	112,273 137,772 - - - -	\$	(25)	5,655,875 238,310 775,568 600,202 80,000 21,387
Total Assets	\$_	138,703	\$_	5,046	\$_	5,151	\$_	38,069	\$_	63,076	\$_	250,045	\$	(25)	7,371,342
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE															
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Total liabilities	\$	1,500 1,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,500 - - 1,500	\$	(25)	534,663 60,000 1,002,566 1,597,229
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balance	<u>-</u>	1,500 135,703		4,000 1,046 5,046		5,000 151 5,151	. <u>-</u>	30,000 8,069 38,069	_	59,920 3,156 63,076	_	100,420 148,125 - 248,545		<u>-</u>	121,807 1,279,483 4,391,217 (18,394) 5,774,113
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	138,703	\$_	5,046	\$_	5,151	\$_	38,069	\$_	63,076	\$	250,045	\$	(25)	7,371,342

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

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					Board of F	Education					
	_	Water Assessment	Program	Day Care	Educational Grants	Cafeteria	Energy Efficiency	Building Usage	Small Cities	Town Aid Road	Pass Through Grants
Revenues: Assessment income Intergovernmental revenues Sales and services Investment income Other	\$	1,146 \$ 5 641	50,161	467,459 134	\$ 2,742,874	397,727 7,104	\$ \$	16,188	\$ 306,581 29,766 144	\$206,679 815	378,606
Sale of food Total revenues	-	1,792	50,161	467,593	2,742,874	796,291 1,201,122	53	16,188	336,491	207,494	378,606
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works and highway Parks, recreation and libraries Health and human services Education Debt service Total expenditures	-	39,813 39,813	46,175	463,563 463,563	3,294,436	1,254,262	23,250	10,944	307,981	255,830	378,606
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(38,021)	3,986	4,030	(551,562)	(53,140)	(23,197)	5,244	28,510	(48,336)	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	_									(60,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(38,021)	3,986	4,030	(551,562)	(53,140)	(23,197)	5,244	28,510	(108,336)	-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as Restated	_	82,436	14,216	364,393	732,043	56,158	23,337	(5,269)	36,545	376,666	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	44,415 \$	18,202 \$	368,423	\$ 180,481	3,018	\$ 140 \$	(25)	65,055 \$	268,330 \$	_

(Continued on next page)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Special Revenue

	Park and Recreation	Special Programs	Counseling Center	Willoughby Wallace Library	Elderly Commission	Animal Control	Foote	Summer Studies	Sewer Utility Fund	Total
Revenues: Assessment income Intergovernmental revenues Sales and services Investment income Other Sale of food Total revenues	\$ 311,423 932 35,685 348,040	260,272 3,180 349 136,984	\$ 225 37,493 37,718	\$ 1,491 4,865 32,970 39,326	\$ 572 17,918 18,490	\$ 52,167 23,585 149 9,564 85,465	15,000	\$ 28,137 	3,055,542	2,501,399 4,455,965 1,367,975 22,752 286,495 796,291 9,430,877
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works and highway Parks, recreation and libraries Health and human services Education Debt service Total expenditures	389,135	42,894 161,534 282,848 6,703 180,291	39,914	36,751 36,751	3,504	205,269	10,566	34,240	2,403,586	42,894 366,803 2,942,264 432,589 910,296 5,137,436 39,813 9,872,095
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(41,095)	(273,485)	(2,196)	2,575	14,986	(119,804)	4,434	(6,103)	651,956	(441,218)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	(15,000)	97,000 (27,568)				129,482			600,000 (804,000)	826,482 (906,568)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(56,095)	(204,053)	(2,196)	2,575	14,986	9,678	4,434	(6,103)	447,956	(521,304)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as Restated	397,400	783,386	116,372	98,631	424,529	127,917	2,470	6,241	2,409,401	6,046,872
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 341,305	579,333	\$ 114,176	\$ 101,206	\$ 439,515	\$ 137,595	6,904	\$ 138	2,857,357	5,525,568

(Continued on next page)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Permanent Fund

						1 et mane	ուբս	IIu					
	_	Damascus Cemetery	_	Leshine Scholarship		Caspar Block Scholarship		Gustaf Nelson Memorial	Caspar Block Special Recreation Grant	_	Total		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:													
Assessment income	\$		\$		\$		\$	\$		\$	-	\$	2,501,399
Intergovernmental revenues											-		4,455,965
Sales and services		26.554		10		10		00	1.00		-		1,367,975
Investment income Other		26,554		12		12		88	166		26,832		49,584 286,495
Sale of food											-		796,291
Total revenues	_	26,554	_	12	_	12	_	88	166	_	26,832	_	9,457,709
Expenditures:		,	_							_	,	_	, ,
Current: General government													42,894
Public safety											-		366,803
Public works and highway											_		2,942,264
Parks, recreation and libraries									9,771		9,771		442,360
Health and human services		3,650									3,650		913,946
Education				250		125		500			875		5,138,311
Debt service	_						_			_		_	39,813
Total expenditures	_	3,650		250		125	_	500	9,771	_	14,296	_	9,886,391
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues													
over Expenditures		22,904		(238)		(113)		(412)	(9,605)		12,536		(428,682)
over Expenditures		22,704		(230)		(113)		(412)	(2,003)		12,550		(420,002)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):													
Transfers in													826,482
Transfers out	_		_				_			_		_	(906,568)
Net Change in Fund Balances		22,904		(238)		(113)		(412)	(9,605)		12,536		(508,768)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as Restated	_	114,299	_	5,284		5,264	_	38,481	72,681		236,009	_	6,282,881
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	137,203	\$	5,046	\$	5,151	\$	38,069 \$	63,076	\$	248,545	\$	5,774,113
												_	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2011

	_	Medical Fund	- •	Workers' Compensation Revenues		Heart and Hypertension Fund	Total	
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,568,052	\$	2,403,766	\$	339,212	\$	7,311,030
Accounts receivable		89,831						89,831
Due from other funds	_	729,625					_	729,625
Total assets	_	5,387,508		2,403,766		339,212	_	8,130,486
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		125,428		699				126,127
Claims incurred not reported	_	505,141		944,321		1,302,550	_	2,752,012
Total liabilities	_	630,569		945,020		1,302,550	_	2,878,139
Net Assets:								
Unrestricted	\$_	4,756,939	\$	1,458,746	\$	(963,338)	\$	5,252,347

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	_	Medical Fund	Workers' Compensation Revenues		Heart and Hypertension Fund	_	Total
Operating Revenues:							
Contributions for benefits	\$	10,128,378	\$ 1,001,812	\$	210,000	\$	11,340,190
Others		278,980	13,034			_	292,014
Total operating revenues		10,407,358	1,014,846		210,000		11,632,204
Operating Expenses:		7.050.101	722.060		242.251		0.025.420
Benefit claims		7,958,101	723,968		243,351		8,925,420
Claims administration	_	1,153,613	57,867			_	1,211,480
Total operating expenses	_	9,111,714	781,835	į	243,351	_	10,136,900
Operating Income (Loss)		1,295,644	233,011		(33,351)		1,495,304
Nonoperating Income - Interest Income		3,100	2,682		503		6,285
	_	-,	,	•		-	-,
Change in Net Assets		1,298,744	235,693		(32,848)		1,501,589
-							
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		3,458,195	1,223,053		(930,490)		3,750,758
				,		_	
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	4,756,939	\$ 1,458,746	\$	(963,338)	\$	5,252,347

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	_	Medical Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund		Heart and Hypertension Fund	_	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received for benefits Cash paid for benefits and administration Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ _	9,668,590 (9,064,765) 603,825	\$ 1,095,525 (789,359) 306,166	\$	245,000 (127,077) 117,923	\$	11,009,115 (9,981,201) 1,027,914
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest income	_	3,100	2,682		503	_	6,285
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		606,925	308,848		118,426		1,034,199
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	3,961,127	2,094,918		220,786	_	6,276,831
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	4,568,052	\$ 2,403,766	\$	339,212	\$_	7,311,030
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Changes in balance sheet accounts: Increase (decrease) in payables	\$	1,295,644	\$ 233,011 (7,524)	\$	(33,351) 116,274	\$	1,495,304 155,699
(Increase) decrease in receivables	_	(738,768)	80,679	·	35,000	_	(623,089)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$_	603,825	\$ 306,166	\$	117,923	\$_	1,027,914

AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Balance July 1, 2010		Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2011		
Branford Conservation Commission							
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,586	\$	4	\$ -	\$ 1,590		
Liabilities:							
Due to students, employees and							
other groups	\$ 1,586	\$_	4	\$ -	\$ 1,590		
Shellfish Commission							
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 102,260	\$	44,653	\$ 2,017	\$ 144,896		
Liabilities:							
Due to students, employees and							
other groups	\$ 102,260	\$	44,653	\$ 2,017	\$ 144,896		
Academy-On-The-Green							
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,167	\$	1,576	\$ 1,989	\$ 34,754		
Liabilities:							
Due to students, employees and							
other groups	\$ 35,167	\$	1,576	\$ 1,989	\$ 34,754		

AGENCY FUNDS

${\bf COMBINING\ STATEMENT\ OF\ CHANGES\ IN\ ASSETS\ AND\ LIABILITIES\ (CONTINUED) }$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Balance July 1, 2010			Additions		Deductions	-	Balance June 30, 2011
Volunteer Firemen's Pension Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,596	\$	1,095	\$		\$	11,691
Investments	_	242,645	-	106,044		32,195	-	316,494
Total Assets	\$_	253,241	\$	107,139	\$	32,195	\$	328,185
Liabilities:								
Due to students, employees and other groups	\$	253,241	\$	107,139	\$	32,195	\$	328,185
Branford Medical Transit								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	21,213	\$	15,281	\$	10,011	\$	26,483
Liabilities: Due to students, employees and								
other groups	\$	21,213	\$	15,281	\$	10,011	\$	26,483

AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Balance <u>July 1, 2010</u>		_	Additions		Deductions	-	Balance June 30, 2011
Commission on Services For the Elderly								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	59,403	\$_	105,229	\$	94,180	\$	70,452
Liabilities: Due to students, employees and								
other groups	\$	59,403	\$_	105,229	\$	94,180	\$	70,452
Student Activity Funds					•		•	
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	546,629	\$	2,354,399	\$	2,203,943	\$	697,085
Investments		119,340	_	53,773	-		-	173,113
Total Assets	\$ <u></u>	665,969	\$_	2,408,172	\$	2,203,943	\$	870,198
Liabilities:								
Due to students, employees and								
other groups	\$	665,969	\$_	2,408,172	\$	2,203,943	\$	870,198

AGENCY FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		Balance					Balance		
	-	July 1, 2010	_	Additions		Deductions	3 0	June 30, 2011	
Developer Bond Funds									
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	514,286	\$_	55,331	\$	33,245	\$	536,372	
Liabilities:									
Due to students, employees and									
other groups	\$	514,286	\$_	55,331	\$	33,245	\$	536,372	
Total All Funds									
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,291,140	\$	2,577,568	\$	2,345,385	\$	1,523,323	
Investments	=	361,985	_	159,817		32,195		489,607	
Total Assets	\$	1,653,125	\$_	2,737,385	\$	2,377,580	\$	2,012,930	
Liabilities:									
Due to students, employees and									
other groups	\$_	1,653,125	\$_	2,737,385	\$	2,377,580	\$	2,012,930	
Total Liabilities	\$	1,653,125	\$_	2,737,385	\$	2,377,580	\$	2,012,930	

STATEMENT OF DEBT LIMITATION

JUNE 30, 2011

In Thousands

Total tax collections (inclu	_			fees) receive	ed by	y				
Treasurer for the year en Total tax collections (inclu				fees) of cote	rmiı	nous municit	alit	ries	\$	81,329
(estimated)				1000) 01 0000			,			1,075
Reimbursement for revenu Elderly tax relief	e loss	s on:							_	12
Base									\$_	82,416
		General Purpose		Schools		Sewers		Urban Renewal		Pension Deficit
Debt limitation:							_			
2-1/4 times base	\$	185,435	\$	270.070	\$		\$		\$	
4-1/2 times base 3-3/4 times base				370,870		309,058				
3-1/4 times base						307,030		267,851		
3 times base								207,001		247,247
Total debt	_		_		_		_		_	
limitation	_	185,435	_	370,870	_	309,058		267,851	_	247,247
Indebtedness:										
Bonds payable		16,281		8,927		22,096				
Bonds authorized and										
unissued		2,975		2,301						
School building										
grants receivables	_		_	(2,483)						
Total indebtedness	_	19,256	-	8,745		22,096		-	_	-
Debt Limitation in										
Excess of Outstanding										

Note 1: In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation \$576,909.

Note 2: Water bonds of \$35 are excluded from the computation above.

and Authorized Debt

\$ <u>166,179</u> \$ <u>362,125</u> \$ <u>286,962</u> \$ <u>267,851</u> \$ <u>247,247</u>